The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 6063.—VOL. XXXVIII.] WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1857. [PRICE FOURPENCE.

BIRTHS.

On the 8th instant, at Thurnby, Newtown, Mrs. David H. Campbell, of a son.

On the 10th instant, at her residence, Jenkin-street, Sydney, Mrs. James Pashley, of a daughter.

On the 10th instant, at Glenburn Cottage, North Shore, Mrs. Mountcastle, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

On the 9th instant, by special license, at St. James' Church, by the Rev. Robert Allwood, Mr. John B. Shearman, of London, to Miss Henrietta Ekins, of Camperdown.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS.—From Sydney at 9 a.m., 1.15, and 4 p.m.
From Parramatta, at 8 and 11 a.m., and 4 p.m.
From Ryde, at 7.45 a.m., returning at 6 p.m.
ON SUNDAYS.
From Sydney, at 9 a.m. | From Parramatta, at 4 p.m.
Phoenix Wharf, November 9th.

STEAM to MERIMBULA and EDEN, Twofold Bay.—The WILLIAM IV., TO-MORROW, (Thursday), at 12 o'clock, noon; returning from Merimbula on the following Tuesday.
Phoenix Wharf.

STEAM to the BROULEE DIGGINGS.—The WILLIAM IV., TO-MORROW (Thursday), at 12 o'clock noon.
Phoenix Wharf.

STEAM to BRISBANE WATER.—On MONDAY next, at 8 a.m., returning the same day. Also, the following FRIDAY.
Phoenix Wharf.

STEAM to the HUNTER.—The WILLIAMS, for MORPETH, TO-MORROW (Thursday) MORNING, at 8 o'clock.
TILMOUTH F. DYE, Manager.
H. R. N. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, foot of Market-street.

THE A. S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMERS.
COLLAROY, to the HUNTER, TO-NIGHT, WEDNESDAY, at 11.
WONGA WONGA, to MELBOURNE, THIS AFTERNOON, WEDNESDAY, at 6.
BOOMERANG, to MORETON BAY and IPSWICH, THIS EVENING, WEDNESDAY, at 9.
WARATAH, to WIDE BAY, WEDNESDAY, 18th November, at 9 p.m.
STEAMER to CLARENCE TOWN, MONDAY NIGHT, at 11.
JAMES PATERSON, Manager.

IN CONSEQUENCE of extended repairs to the R.M.S.S. EUROPEAN, the steamship CITY OF SYDNEY, R. T. MOODIE, commander, will be despatched (with her Majesty's mails) for SUEZ, calling at intermediate ports, on the 11th November, at noon precisely.
For plans of cabin, rates of passage, and freight on gold, specie, &c., and all other information apply at the Company's office, 1, Margaret-street. An experienced surgeon accompanies the ship.
HUGH LARMOUR, Manager.
E. and A.R.M. Co.'s office, October 31.

R. M. S. S. CITY OF SYDNEY.—Passengers by this vessel are hereby informed it will be necessary to pay the balance of their passage money THIS DAY, and have their luggage on board on TUESDAY, the 10th instant.
A steamer will be in attendance at the Circular Quay, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, to convey them on board.
HUGH LARMOUR, Manager.
E. and A. R. M. Company, 1, Margaret-street.

STEAM to CALCUTTA direct.—The Australian Auxiliary Steam Clipper Company's new steam-ship UNDAUNTED, A1 13 years, 2500 tons, W. HEALES FRANKLYN (late of the Royal mail steamer Sydney) commander, is under engagement with the Indian Government to leave for the above port at an early date, of which due notice will be given.
This magnificent steam frigate-built ship, having just completed her first voyage to these colonies in seventy-two days from land to land, beating some of the most celebrated of the Australian clippers, offers a most desirable opportunity for intending passengers, who will be provided with a first-rate table and with male and female attendants.
Inspection of her lofty and spacious poop, cabin saloons, bath rooms, &c., &c., is invited.
An experienced surgeon is attached to the ship.
For first-class passage only apply to KIRCHNER and CO., agents, No. 1, Wynyard-street.

FOR KEMPSEY, MACLEAY RIVER.—The Schooner STAG, to sail on the 16th November.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Victoria Wharf.

FOR the MANNING RIVER, first fair wind.—The schooner ARCHITECT, M'DERMOTT, master. Passengers are requested to leave their names by noon THIS DAY.
For freight or passage apply on board, Circular Quay.

FOR PORT CURTIS direct.—The COQUETTE is now loading, and will sail in a few days.
MOLISON and BLACK, 5, Macquarie-street.

FIRST VESSEL for MELBOURNE.—The well known Baltimore clipper schooner EMILY JANE, 146 tons, will have immediate despatch.
For freight or passage apply to J. C. and G. DIBBS, Campbell's Wharf; or to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's Chambers, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The fine brigantine MARGARET RUSSELL, MITCHELL, master, is now loading at Bott's Wharf, and having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, has only room for a few tons; for which, or passage, apply to MOLISON and BLACK, 5, Macquarie-place.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF, direct.—The clipper brig FORTUNE, J. S. WALSH, commander, having most of her cargo ready to go on board, will have quick despatch.
For freight or passage apply to E. M. SAYERS, Port Phillip Packet Office, 177, George-street.

FOR MELBOURNE WHARF.—The remarkably fast clipper and regular trader STAGHOUND, ELLIOTT, master. This vessel is now loading at Towns' Wharf, and having nearly all her cargo engaged, has only room for a limited quantity, for which, or cabin passage only, apply to W. H. ELDRED; or MOLISON and BLACK, 5, Macquarie-place.

FOR GEELONG.—To SAIL on 12th instant. The regular trader VANQUISH, SCOTT, master, is now fast filling up at Towns' Wharf, and has only room for a few tons more cargo, for which, or passage only, application is requested to MOLISON and BLACK, 5, Macquarie-place.
Shippers are requested to pass entries, and send in bills of lading, in course of To-morrow.

FOR ADELAIDE.—A regular trader.—The fine A1 clipper barque FAVOURITE, 280 tons burthen, E. BOND, master, will be ready to receive cargo on Monday, 9th instant, and, having a great portion of cargo engaged, will meet with despatch.
For freight or passage, having superior accommodations, apply to the master, on board; or to F. and G. KORFF, Church-hill.

FOR ADELAIDE.—The beautiful clipper barque DUNEDIN, H. E. WALKER, master.—Shippers are requested to complete their shipments and send in bills of lading by noon, THIS DAY.
MOLISON and BLACK, 5, Macquarie-place.
N.B.—All claims against this vessel to be rendered in duplicate in course of TO-DAY.

FOR WELLINGTON and NELSON.—A regular trader. The fine fast-sailing brigantine CHEET H, 150 tons register, D. JOYCE, commander, has room for a few tons light freight, and will sail on SATURDAY MORNING.
For freight or passage apply to Captain JOYCE, on board, at the Grafton Wharf; or to BUYERS and LEARMONTH, Charlotte-place.

ONLY VESSEL FOR AUCKLAND and OTAGO.—The fine A1 clipper brig GIL BLAS, Captain NICOL, now loading at the Commercial Wharf, is under engagement to sail within a few days. Shippers are urged to complete their arrangements, when a guarantee for date of sailing will be given.
For freight or steerage passage only, apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 213, George-street.

FOR NEW CALEDONIA and NAVIGATORS.—The fine schooner ANN JANE, FREDERICK OUTRIM, master, will sail as above on SATURDAY, the 14th instant.
For passage only, apply to R. T. FORD, Sydney Exchange.

FOR PORT DE FRANCE, NEW CALEDONIA.—The brig FANNY, 211 tons register, Captain MILES, is now loading for the above port.
For freight or passage apply to R. TOWNS and CO.

FOR COLOMBO, (Ceylon).—The A1 ship NIMROUD, 1027 tons, T. HARRISON, commander, will sail for the above port on the 15th instant; has splendid accommodations for passengers.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Lamb's Wharf; or, to MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, and CO.

FOR CALLAO.—The fast-sailing A1 ship JOHN BUNYAN, 961 tons register, JAMES GIBBS commander, will be despatched in a few days. Her accommodations are very superior, and offers a very desirable opportunity for intending passengers to California.
Apply to Captain GIBBS, on board, Campbell's Wharf; or to BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street.

SHIP ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR LONDON.—To sail on 10th December.—The well-known clipper ship LIGHT OF THE AGE, 1200 tons, S. M'BEATH, commander, will sail as above. This fine ship having splendid first and second cabin accommodation, affords an excellent opportunity for passengers, and carries an experienced surgeon.
For plans of cabins, freight, and all particulars, apply to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., 1, Margaret-street.

FOR LONDON.—To sail 9th January, 1858.—LA HOGUE, 1300 tons, JOHN WILLIAMS, commander, will sail as above.
For plans of cabins, freight, &c., apply to Captain WILLIAMS, on board, at Circular Quay; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., 1, Margaret street.

PACKET of 21st NOVEMBER.—The magnificent clipper BLACKWALL will sail from HOBSON'S BAY, on the above date, and has a few cabins disengaged for first, second, and third class passengers.
JAMES MALCOLM and CO., 152, George-street.

BLACK BALL LINE of BRITISH and AUSTRALIAN PACKETS.—From MELBOURNE, for LIVERPOOL, to sail 25th instant, the celebrated clipper ship DONALD MACKAY, 2636 tons register, J. MUNDLE, commander.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Saloon (including bedding, &c.) ...	£65
Fore saloon (ditto)	45
Second cabin	35
Intermediate	25
Steerage	20

For plan of cabins and further information apply to WILLIS, MERRY, and CO., Botts' Wharf.

STEAMER for SALE.—For SALE, by private contract, the very fast, favourite, and powerful paddle-wheel steamer PRINCE ALBERT, of 192 tons register, and 100 horse-power. This vessel has long been very well and favourably known in the Geelong trade, for which she is admirably adapted, not only on account of her speed, but also from her light draught of water.
The Prince Albert was built at Greenock in 1852, and she is most faithfully put together. Her length over-all is 140 feet; her draught of water, with all her coals and 80 tons of cargo, does not exceed six feet. She is fitted with a pair steeple engines, made by her builders the celebrated Messrs. Smith and Rogers. Her deck accommodation is very spacious, and that for passengers is not to be surpassed.
The regularity of her trips to and from Geelong is the best guarantee of the stanchness of this steamer, and her great power and light draught of water, render her perhaps one of the most suitable and safe vessels in the colonies for bar harbours subject to rollers.
The vessel is at present lying near the Falls; in a few days she will be hauled up on Mr. Chessell's slip, for a thorough over-haul both of hull, boilers, and machinery; and she can be inspected when on the slip.
Persons desirous of securing this boat may have further particulars, and every information respecting her, by applying to GEORGE WARD COLE, Melbourne; or to WILLIS, MERRY, and CO., Botts' Wharf, Sydney.

SHIP CRYSTAL PALACE.—For FREIGHT or CHARTER, the fine clipper ship CRYSTAL PALACE, 653 tons register, B. F. SIMMONS, commander. Apply to Captain SIMMONS, on board, at the Circular Quay; or to FLOWER, SALTING, and CO., agents, 39, Hunter-street.

FOR SALE, FREIGHT, or CHARTER, the first-class schooner FRANCIS. Apply to Captain BROWN, on board, at Moore's Wharf; or to JAMES MALCOLM and CO., 152, George-street.

YACHT "MISCHIEF."—FOR SALE, by Private Contract, the above favourite pleasure and racing Yacht, of about 13 tons, O.M., built in 1853, coppered and copper-fastened; ballast, a quantity of lead fitted to the timbers, and on iron keel. Her cabin accommodations are of the first class, and is fitted with every requisite for the enjoyment of yachting in its true sense. She is rigged and fitted out with all the modern improvements, including patent blocks strapped internally with galvanised iron; all her iron work is galvanised.
Further particulars, and card to view, may be obtained at the Offices of FRITH and PAYTEN, Sydney Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, the Yacht PEACE, all gear complete. Apply at Mr. RANDLE'S office, Bligh-street, Sydney. October 15.

BOAT FOR SALE, 2½ tons, good condition, sails, &c., nearly new; suitable for wood or fishing. Terms low. Apply S. BOUGH, Peacock's Point, Balmain.

SHIP NIMROUD, for COLOMBO (CEYLON).—All accounts against the above vessel must be rendered in duplicate, to the office of the undersigned, on or before WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at noon, or they will not be paid. (Signed) MONTEFIORE, GRAHAM, and CO.

COLONEL ROBBINS, in reply to numerous applications, wishes it to be clearly understood that he is not authorised to employ or appoint agents to purchase horses in this colony for the Indian Government. October 30.

CAVALRY HORSES for India.—Horses from 4 to 7 years old, suited for cavalry purposes, may be shown to Mr. BURT, (Horse Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets), every day, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m., until the 15th instant. W. H. ROBBINS, Colonel.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.
In the Goods of JOHN CHARLES HAWKES, late of the South Head, near the City of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, pilot, deceased.
NOTICE is hereby given that, after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to this Honorable Court in its Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction, that letters of administration of the goods and chattels of the abovenamed JOHN CHARLES HAWKES be granted to CATHERINE LOUISA HAWKES, of the South Head aforesaid, the widow of the said deceased. Dated at Sydney, this tenth day of November, A.D. 1857.
MILFORD and CROFT, Proctors for the said Catherine Louisa Hawkes, 19, King-street East, Sydney.

In the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Between John Schmidt, plaintiff, and John Fitch, defendant.
WHEREAS an Action has been commenced in this Court, at the suit of the above-named JOHN SCHMIDT, against the above-named JOHN FITCH, to recover the sum of Seventy-eight Pounds for work done and materials provided by the plaintiff for the defendant, at his request, and for money paid, laid out, and expended by the plaintiff for the use of the defendant, at his request, and it being alleged that the said John Fitch does not reside within this colony, or its dependencies, a Writ of Foreign Attachment has been issued, returnable on the 20th November instant, wherein the Australian Joint Stock Bank of Sydney is garnishee, notice is hereby given thereof; and if at any time before final judgment in this action the said John Fitch, or any person in his behalf, will give the security and notice, and file the appearance and plea required by the Act, intituled "An Act to Consolidate and Amend the Laws relating to Actions against Persons absent from the Colony, and against Persons sued as Joint Contractors," the attachment may be dissolved.
Dated this 5th day of November, one thousand eight hundred and fifty-seven.
FITZHARDINGE and MACKECHNIE, Plaintiff's Attorneys, 25, King-street, Sydney.

THE MONTH.—J. COX and CO., as the publishers henceforward of THE MONTH, would intimate to their friends and the public generally that they are resolved to spare neither pains nor expense in establishing a permanent magazine of POLITE LITERATURE, UNBIASSED CRITICISM, POETRY, NATURAL HISTORY, and BIOGRAPHY; in a word, THAT which, whilst it is a reflex of the Australian mind, character, and habits, may become a "HOUSEHOLD WORD" and TEXT BOOK in every home. Subscription, in town, 12s. a year; country, 14s. including postage. All communications to be addressed to J. COX and CO., booksellers and publishers, 111, George-street, Sydney.

PUBLISHED THIS DAY,—Songs without Music. By James L. Michael. Price, three shillings and sixpence. J. COX and CO., George-street, Sydney.

LETTS' DIARIES, 1858.—Just received, and on SALE by SANDS and KENNY.

MORETON BAY ALMANAC for 1858.—The commercial and trading community of Sydney have an excellent opportunity for giving publicity to their announcements in the above-named publication, which will be out early in December. The space for advertisements is limited, and none can be taken after the 7th December. Terms: One shilling for first line; Sixpence for each line additional. Guaranteed issue, 800. Will circulate all through the Northern districts. Price of the Almanac, One Shilling. Orders must be accompanied with cash. Address T. P. PUGH, printer and publisher, Brisbane, Moreton Bay.

ORGAN.—For SALE, a fine-toned finger ORGAN, with 6 stops, suitable for a small chapel. Apply to Mr. THOMSON, 268, Brickfield-hill.

TO MANAGERS and THEATRICALS, &c.—An excellent Theatrical Wardrobe, with Boots, Sandals, Tights, Swords, &c., &c., &c., FOR SALE, cheap. Apply to A. TORNING, 4, Macquarie-place, Sydney.

TO SCHOOLS, CONCERT ROOMS, &c.—FOR SALE, a Grand Square Piano, by STODART. A great bargain. Apply A. TORNING, 4, Macquarie-place.

HOMOEOPATHIC PHARMACY.—BELL and HUNTLEY have for SALE a large assortment of Medicine Cases, with appropriate guides. Prices from 15s. to 11 11s.; the medicines prepared in Sydney by B. and H. Medicine cases replenished, and single tubes supplied. George-street, opposite Bridge-street.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

EDWARD HOLT, of Liverpool, is requested to send his address to his brother WILLIAM, Sydney Post Office.

FRANK M'CULLOCK, piano tuner, from Glasgow, leave your address at the Post Office. A friend (R. B.) wishes to see you.

GEORGE LOVELL! Call at the Post Office for a letter.

GEORGE R. DIXON, late of Sursley, will hear of his brothers, JOHN and THOMAS, by writing to his SISTER at Melbourne.

GEORGE GOTTLE, SOPHIA GOTTLE, Emigrants per Daniel Ross, from Hamburg, in 1855, are requested to communicate with the undersigned, in respect to certain documents executed by them in November, 1854, at Frankfort, which documents are still in the possession of the undersigned. Sydney, November, 1857. HAEGE and PRELL.

IF THIS should meet the eye of Mr. MACKENZIE, who arrived from Shanghae about three years ago, by trade a blacksmith, he is desired to write, or any information concerning him would be thankfully received. Address JAMES LOCKHART, care of Mrs. Thomas, 31, York-street, Sydney.

IF THIS should meet the eye of DANIEL MURPHY, who left Ireland between 17 or 18 years ago, he will hear of or see his sister ELLEN, by applying to JOHN WEIGHT and CO., 202, 204, Pitt-street.

MRS. JANET SWANSTONE, Paddington, apply at the Office of LAMB, PARBURY, and CO.

SHOULD THIS meet the Eye of MATHEW ROONEY, or BRIDGET ROCHFORD, who left Dublin in May, 1854, they will hear of JAMES KELLY by writing to Bendigo Post Office, Victoria.

ROYAL VICTORIA THEATRE.—In consequence of the immense success attending the drama of LOVE and HONOUR, or SOLDIERS AT HOME and HEROES ABROAD, it will be repeated THIS EVENING, and conclude with the drama of the SECRET MISSION, or the SIGNAL RING.
Prices: Boxes, 3s.; Upper Boxes, 2s.; Pit, 1s.; Gallery, 6d. Monthly subscription tickets £1 1s., to be had at the Box Office. JAMES SIMMONDS, Lessee and Manager.

OLYMPIC CIRCUS.—OUR LYCEUM THEATRE.—Unprecedented success, Enthusiastic Applause—Crowded Houses.—The great English and American equestrian artistes, every evening. The whole troupe will appear THIS EVENING.

OLYMPIC CIRCUS.—THIS EVENING, third night of the Equestrian Troupe. The daring acts of equitation by young Penello, the elite drawing-room performance—the aerial vaulting—the extraordinary feats of the dog Joe—the sagacity of the Arabian charger—the jest, wit, bon mots, by the prince of humourists, is the theme of general admiration. N.B.—Private boxes may be secured on application to Messrs. PAISEY and FRYER, George-street.

THE SECOND GRAND ANNIVERSARY of the Pitt-street BAND OF HOPE will be held at the School of Arts, THIS EVENING. The Hon. George Allen, M.L.C., to preside. Organist, Mr. C. S. Packer; leader, Mr. Chizlett.
MUSICAL PROGRAMME.
Mendelssohn's celebrated Wedding March, organ—Mr. C. S. Packer
Glee—"Hail thou merry month of May"—Weber
Chorus—"Come let us all a maying go"—Atterbury
Song—"Oh, never fear!"
Fantasia on airs from "Norma," organ—Mr. C. S. Packer
Glee—"Awake, Æolian lyre,"—Danby
Military Fantasia, introducing La Marseillaise, organ—Mr. C. S. Packer
Chorus—"How glad with smiles"—Gluck
Fantasia on Scotch national airs, introducing imitations, organ—Mr. C. S. Packer
National song—"Rule Britannia."
Short addresses will be delivered by the Reverends J. Eggleston, J. Beazley, J. Voller, R. Mansfield, S. C. Kent, and others. Tea to be served at half-past 6. Tickets, 2s. each, to be had of Mr. Pratt, Parramatta-street; Mr. R. Mountcastle, and Mr. G. J. Crouch, George-street, and others. Admission after tea, 1s. H. B. LEE, hon. sec., 179, Pitt-street.

SYDNEY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.—Fourth Concert of the season, MONDAY, November 16th. J. DEANE Secretary.

PHILOSOPHICAL SOCIETY of NEW SOUTH WALES.—The Monthly Meeting of this Society will be held in the Hall of the Australian Library, Bent-street, on WEDNESDAY, November 11th, at 8 p.m. Dr. BERNCASTLE will read a Paper on Tobacco.

JEWISH ORPHAN SOCIETY.—Patron, His Excellency the Governor-General.
A Ball, in aid of the funds of the above Society, under the distinguished patronage of
LIEUTENANT-COLONEL STRATON, C.B.
and the Officers of H. M. 77th East Middlesex Regiment, will take place at Clark's New Assembly Rooms, Elizabeth-street North, on THURSDAY, 19th November.
The following gentlemen have consented to act as Stewards for the occasion.—

Montague Levey	Jacob Alexander
H. M. Joseph	Frederick Cohen
Louis Phillips	James Simmons
M. D. Isaacs	George Moss
Benjamin Cohen	Mark Solomon.

By the kind permission of Lieutenant-Colonel Straton the Band of H. M. 77th Regiment will perform during the evening.
Double tickets, for lady and gentleman, or two ladies .... 30s.
Single tickets, for lady or gentleman....... 21s.
As only a limited number of tickets will be issued, early application is necessary to the Stewards; or to the Honorary Secretary.
LOUIS PHILLIPS, 3, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

SYDNEY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—The Adjourned General MEETING will be held on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 3 p.m., for the further consideration of the report on Harbour, Pilot, and Light Regulations, and the discussion of other matters, of which notice was given at last meeting. ALEXANDER THOMSON, Secretary. Exchange, 10th November.

LANE COVE and NORTH SHORE.—Notice.—A Public Meeting will be held at Mr. BERNARD DALEY'S, Union Inn, at the North Shore, on MONDAY next, the 16th instant, at four o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of making an application to the Parliament now sitting for a vote of money to be applied in forming and making the roads from the two ferries to Lane Cove. All who are interested are requested to attend. November 10.

THE LATE SOUTH RIDING ELECTION.—The adjourned MEETING of Mr. Bryne's Committee will be held THIS EVENING, Wednesday, the 11th instant, at the Emu Inn, (Kelly's) George-street, at half-past 7 o'clock. Members of Committee who have received subscriptions, and others who have promised to contribute, are earnestly requested to attend, as it is desirable to close the accounts as early as possible. C. C. REID, Hon. Secretary.

SURRY HILLS DISCUSSION CLASS.—(Adjourned) Question for THIS EVENING'S discussion, Is England right in retaining her Indian possessions?

PARRAMATTA CHURCH SOCIETY.—H. J. HAWKINS, Esq., M.A., Second Master of the King's School, will read a paper on Natural Theology, in St. John's Parochial Schoolroom, on MONDAY EVENING next, at half-past seven o'clock. By order of the committee. WILLIAM WOOLLS, secretary. Parramatta, November 9th.

PARRAMATTA MECHANICS' SCHOOL OF ARTS.—A LECTURE will be delivered THIS EVENING on Costumes and Customs, by A. O. GRANT, Esq.

NEW SOUTH WALES AUXILIARY BIBLE SOCIETY.—CAUTION.—The public are cautioned against a woman who has been going about in the neighbourhoods of Redfern, Newtown, and the Glebe, &c., soliciting money under pretence of collecting donations on behalf of the above Society.
FORSTER ASHWIN, S. C. KENT, } Hon. Secretaries.

THE ELECTORS of FITZ ROY WARD are earnestly requested to attend a MEETING, to be held at the Hand of Friendship Hotel, corner of William and Dowling streets, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at half-past 7 o'clock p.m., to select a fit and proper person to represent them in the Municipal Council, at the ensuing election.

THE FRIENDS and SUPPORTERS of Mr. GOLDEN are requested to meet at Mr. PENDERGAST'S, William-street Hotel, THIS (Wednesday) EVENING, the 11th of November, at half-past seven o'clock, for the purpose of securing his re-election for Fitz Roy Ward.

THE ADDRESS to the Honorable EDWARD KNOX, Esquire, will remain at the Sydney Exchange for signature until THIS DAY, at 11 a.m., and will be presented, at half-past 11 o'clock, on board the City of Sydney, by the Committee appointed for that purpose, when the friends of Mr. Knox are invited to be present.
THOMAS C. BREILLAT, Chairman.
Sydney, 9th November.

THE BEST and cheapest Photographic Portraits are taken by Mr. BROWN, at 451, Wilshire-place George-street.

VICTORIAN SOCIETY OF FINE ARTS, MELBOURNE.—The Exhibition of this Society of Colonial Works of Art, will be held in the Exhibition Building, on the 30th November, instant, and continue open for one month.
The latest day for receiving Works of Art intended for exhibition, will be the 21st November, instant.
Exhibitors are requested to address the packages to the care of the Honorary Secretary, Victorian Society of Fine Arts, H. M. Survey Office, La Trobe-street, Melbourne.
Members (Subscription £1 1s. entitled to a free admission, and a chance in the Art Union) only can be exhibitors.
Artists and intending exhibitors are requested to communicate immediately with Mr. JOSEPH DYER, School of Arts, Sydney, Agent to the Society, or to JOHN SHILLINGLAW, Esq., Honorary Secretary, 71, Swanston-street, Melbourne.

AUSTRALIAN LIBRARY.—The Library will in future be open for the issue of books DAILY, from nine till six, except on Mondays, when it will be closed at noon. By order of the Committee, EDWIN DAINTREY, hon. sec. November 6.

THE LATE PILOT HAWKES.—The Widow of Mr. Pilot Hawkes is left with four young children entirely unprovided for. The kind and charitable contributions of the Christian public are earnestly requested for their relief. Any subscriptions left with the following gentlemen will be duly acknowledged:—
Mr. JOHN FAIRFAX, HERALD Office.
Rev. ALFRED STEPHEN.
Rev. Mr. THRELKELD, Woolloomooloo.
Captain J. B. VILES, R. T. Ford's Office, Exchange.
Captain POCKLEY, Port Office.
Captain HAYES, Hunter-street.
Captain KENDALL, Campbell's Wharf.
Messrs. MITCHELL and CO., Circular Wharf.
Messrs. YOUNGER and SON, Pitt-street.
W. G. HENFREY, Bligh-street.
R. LAMB, George-street.
JAMES PATERSON, Manager A. S. N. Company.
W. E. HILLYARD, Spanish Consulate Office.
E. O'HARA, George-street North.
JOHN WILLIAMS, New Pitt-street.
Mr. E. T. BEILBY, 213, George-street.
R. THOMSON, Mutual Provident Society.
Mr. COLES, Freemason's Hall.
Mr. THOMAS DAWSON, 146, George-street.
Mr. JOHN BARLOW, George-street, Haymarket.
Mr. W. READING, 254, George-street.
Mr. GIBSON, pilot, Watson's Bay
Mr. JENKINS, ditto, ditto
Mr. ROBSON, ditto, ditto
Captain J. B. VILES has kindly consented to act as Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

TESTIMONIAL TO CAPTAIN CREER.—The Right Worshipful the Mayor, Chairman.—Gentlemen who hold Subscription Lists for this testimonial are requested to hand the same in to the Chairman, to Mr. Cuthbert, the Treasurer, or to the Honorary Secretary, on or before TUESDAY, 17th instant, on the evening of which day all the members of the Committee will please attend, at the Committee Rooms, punctually at 8 o'clock, then to decide upon the character of the presentation to be made to Captain Creer. H. P. COLES, Hon. Sec. Freemasons' Hall Hotel, York-street, 7th November.

AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.—Conveyance of Coal from Newcastle to Sydney.—TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until TUESDAY, 1st DECEMBER next, at noon, for the conveyance from Newcastle to Sydney, of such quantities of coal as the Company may require during the year 1858, amounting to from 15,000 to 20,000 tons. Persons tendering will be required to give security for the due performance of their contract. The Company will not necessarily accept the lowest or any tender. Any information as to terms of contract &c., may be obtained at this office.
JAMES PATERSON, Manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Office, Sydney, 15th October, 1857.

FORAGE for Cavalry Horses.—Tenders are invited for the supply of the following forage required for the horses selected by Colonel Robbins, on account of the Indian Government.
20 tons bran, bags included
30 tons oaten hay, in compressed bales of usual size
20 tons Lucerne hay, in ditto ditto ditto.
To be delivered at such wharf or store in Sydney as may be required, not later than the 25th instant, and tenders to be sent to the undersigned on or before noon on SATURDAY, the 14th instant.
S. C. BURT and CO.
Horse Bazaar, 272, Pitt-street.

RANDWICK and WAVERLEY TOLL GATES.—TENDERS for leasing the toll-gates on the Randwick and Waverley Roads for the year 1858 will be received by the undersigned until the 30th instant. Persons tendering for one or both of these gates can receive information on application to the secretary, at Mr. S. HEBBLEWHITE'S, Pitt-street. By order of the Commissioners, J. HINWOOD, secretary.

TOLLS, SOUTH HEAD ROAD.—The Commissioners of the South Head Road Trust invite and will receive TENDERS up to the 12th December inclusive, for the Tollbars, Old and New South Head Roads, for the ensuing year.
The gates will be leased either separately or together; rent payable monthly, in advance. Parties tendering to give the names of two responsible persons who are willing to become their sureties that they fulfil any covenants or agreements entered into.
Tenders to be sealed, and addressed to the undersigned, but the Commissioners do not bind themselves to accept the highest or any tender.
GERARD PHILLIPS, Hon. Secretary, Waterloo Warehouse, George-street.

TO BUILDERS.—No satisfactory offer having been made for the erection of a first-class House, in Clarence-street,—TENDERS for the same will be received at the office of GOOLD and HILLING, Architects, up to WEDNESDAY, 18th instant. The Masonry will be let separately.

TO MASONS and OTHERS.—TENDERS are required by the Trustees of the Randwick School for the erection of a school or temporary church at Randwick. All information can be obtained on application to Mr. S. H. PEARCE, Randwick.

ALL PARTIES to whom I am indebted are requested to forward their accounts forthwith, in order that they may be liquidated; and all parties who are indebted to me are requested to pay their debts in the course of the month of November, otherwise I shall be reluctantly compelled to proceed for the recovery. DAVID BEARD, 31, Market-street, and 93, Clarence-street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, being about to leave the colony by the City of Sydney, on the 11th instant, requests that any parties having claims against him will present the same without delay at his office, 119, George-street, for adjustment and payment. EDWARD KNOX.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—CAUTION.—The public is hereby cautioned not to give any CREDIT on my account, as I will not be responsible, unless upon the production of my own written authority. EDWARD HAMMOND HARGRAVES. 30th October, 1857.

GEORGE GINN having cautioned the public not to credit his wife, MARY GINN, after leaving her without money or friends; he is requested to pay the rent and provision owing when he left her so unmanly, with one child, and in a state not able to get her own living. MARY GINN. Sydney.

STRAYED HORSE.—A Bay HORSE, branded AB conjoined near shoulder, has been in my paddock for some weeks, the owner can have it by paying for advertisements. Apply to C. KERN, Punchbowl.

TEN SHILLINGS REWARD.—LOST, on Sunday night, between St. Michael's Church and Pitt-street, a Gold Mourning BROOCH. The finder will receive the above reward by delivering it at 254, Pitt-street South.

FOUND, in my paddock, on the fifth day of August, a bay HORSE, branded JK on both sides under the saddle, small star in forehead, a little white on each hind foot between fetlock and hoof. If the above horse is not released within one month from this date it will be sold to pay expenses. GEORGE BLACKWELL, Horse and Jockey Inn, near Liverpool. November 4.

DUGUID and MANSON have taken those central and commodious offices, at the Commercial Chambers corner of Bridge and Pitt streets, opposite the Exchange, where, as well as at their coal and firewood depôt, Miller's Point, orders are received, and will be executed with accustomed punctuality and dispatch.

SPRING VANS for REMOVALS.—Cash charge for pianofortes, furniture, &c., 5s. per hour, or by contract. HURFORD'S Pianoforte Warehouse, No. 76, Castlereagh-street, near King-street.

FAMILIES supplied with Pure Milk, at 1s. per quart, at J. MACKEY'S, No. 8, Duke-st., Woolloomooloo.

PAPERHANGINGS, cheap, a large assortment. E. CURTIS, Hunter-street, near George-street.

FIRST-RATE TRAVELLING BRITZKA for SALE. Apply to Mr. URQUHART, Parramatta.

SPARKLING HOCK, Champagne, and Claret, of the choicest description for SALE by the undersigned, TUCKER and CO., 288, George-street.

NEW ZEALAND POTATOES for SALE, at the Store, Grafton Wharf.

COALS for SALE.—About 140 Tons now on board Adolphus Yates. HENRY H. BEAUCHAMP, 41, King-street.

PATENT MANILA ROPE, 1 to 5 inch, in assortments to suit purchasers, at the lowest market price. RABONE, FEEZ, and CO., 6, Wynyard-street.

A CARD.—ALEXANDER DOUGLAS, Tailor and Clothier, 18, Clarence-street, Church-hill, opposite Jamison-street.

DEGOTARDI'S Commercial Printing Establishment, 218 George-street and Wynyard-lane.

JAMES VICKERY, Wholesale Boot, Shoe, Leather and Grindery Merchant, No. 286, George-street, six doors south of King-street.

J. C. GLUE, General Labour Agent, 47, Pitt-street North. Established January, 1857.

LAW.—Engrossing—on paper, 1½d.; on parchment, 2d. per folio. LEX, HERALD Office.

MRS. BYNON'S Millinery and Fancy Repository, Pitt-street, between Market and Park streets.

MR. FLETCHER, Dentist, begs to intimate that he has returned from the country, and may be found as usual, at his residence, 9, Wynyard-terrace, every day from 11 till 4.

MR. J. EMANUEL, Dentist (established in Sydney 1842), 183, George-street North, near EMPIRE Office.

MR. A. BEAZELEY (late of the Colonial Architect's Department), Civil Engineer and Surveyor, Pitt-st.

NOTICE.—The undersigned have REMOVED to Hunter-street, next Messrs. Flower, Salting, and Co. J. and C. KEELE.

NOTICE of REMOVAL.—S. HEBBLEWHITE has removed from 100, York-street, to Pitt-street, corner of Park-street.

REMOVAL.—Newcastle Coal and Copper Company, from Exchange Corner to No. 7, in the Exchange.

PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS, and family recipes, are prepared in the true English style from carefully selected medicines, with the least possible delay, and at moderate charges. C. W. PENNY, family and dispensing chemist, 44, Parramatta-street. Established, 1840.

TEETH EXTRACTED, or stopped with gold leaf or best white cement, by J. E. SMYTH, Castlereagh-street North.

MR. J. E. SMYTH, of Castlereagh-street North, continues to administer chloroform with the greatest success.

S. HICKING, Peg Bootmaker, No. 101, George-street. Pegged and sewed boots neatly repaired.

VACCINATION DAILY, at J. C. HORNER'S, Apothecaries' Hall, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

VACCINATION Daily, from 10 to 1. C. W. PENNY, Chemist, 44, Parramatta-street, established 1840.

MONEY.—Any amount LENT on Farms and City Property. ROBERT FORBES, 15, King-street.

MONEY, in large amounts, to LEND, at 7 per cent. R. FORBES, Esq., 15, King-street.

MONEY.—Mr. R. FORBES' office will be removed to 170, Pitt-street, on and after THURSDAY, 13th November, over Mr. Doyle, tailor.

MONEY.—To be LENT, £324; the security must be undeniable, as the money is the balance of a trust fund. Apply to Mr. DILLON, 60, Elizabeth-street East.

MONEY.—Any sum from £50 to £5000 may be obtained on mortgage of real property, on application to J. T. GROCOTT and CO., mortgage land and agents, 55, King-street.

MONEY TO LEND, from £100, upwards, on freehold property. CHARLES H. LONG, Hunter-st.

£4000 TO BE LENT, in sums of not less than £1000 on city or suburban properties. Interest moderate. Apply to GILBERT WRIGHT, No. 1, King-street.

WRITING, Bookkeeping, Arithmetic, &c., taught by Mr. BRAGG, 246, Sussex-street, Haymarket.

MR. JOHN LINDSAY has become a Partner in the undersigned firm from this date. SAUNDERS and CO. Sydney, 2nd November.

TO SELLERS of WOOL, HIDES, and SHEEPSKINS—BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO., 178, George-street Sydney, are purchasers.

THE undersigned are cash Purchasers of Wool, Tallow and Hides, or will make liberal advances on shipments thereof, consigned to Messieurs Havenith and Co., of London. MULLENDORFF, NAHMER, and CO., 15, Macquarie-place.

WOOL.—The undersigned are purchasers of Wool, or will make liberal advances on consignments to their friends in England. MACKINTOSH, HIRST, and CO., 8, Macquarie-place.

TO SQUATTERS and others sending Stock to Victoria. CHARLES BROWN, Stock and Commission Agent, 49, Collins-street West, Melbourne. References in Sydney: Messrs. FLOWER, SALTING, and CO.; and EDWARD KNOX, Esq.

TO HEADS of FAMILIES, New Arrivals, &c.—WILLIAMS' Family Hotel, Parramatta, affords the most comfortable private suites of apartments in the colony. Per rail, forty-five minutes from Sydney. Carriages, saddle horses, &c., for airings, always ready.

SOUPS.—Ox-tail, à-la-mode, and other soups always ready. Corner Brougham-place and Pitt-st. North.

THE NEW COFFEE, CHOP HOUSE and DINING ROOMS, corner of Brougham-place, Pitt-street North.—Tea, Coffee, Chops, Steaks, at any hour. Hot Joints daily from 12 till 3. Soups always ready.

A GOOD Pianoforte to be SOLD cheap. Apply 159, South Head Road.

BALMAIN.—Building Allotments, with frontages to the best streets, for SALE, by JAMES D. GRAY, Waterview Bay.

A RESPECTABLE Young Person wishes an Engagement as Straw Bonnet Maker, or as Sale-woman in a Millinery Establishment. No objection to the country. Address A. W., 72, South Head Road.

A LADY, well qualified, wants a Situation as Governess, to a small family, near Sydney, where she would be treated as a member—a quiet home the principal object. References required. Address R. T., HERALD Office.

A HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID wanted. Apply to Mrs. ROBERTSON, 3, Wynyard-square.

A YOUNG LADY wishes a Situation as Improver, in the Dress-making Business. Address J. B., care of F. Larter, 70, South Head Road.

APARTMENTS.—Wanted, Apartments, with Board, for a single gentleman. Opposite the Racecourse or Domain preferred. Address H. H. B., HERALD Office.

EMPLOYMENT Wanted, by a respectable Man, as Butler, Messenger, or to work in a store. Address R. M., HERALD Office.

LANDLORDS, with Sons to be educated, may secure an eligible tenant for a small house in Sydney or its suburbs, on terms of reciprocity. Satisfactory explanations will be afforded to an enquiry addressed to MENTOR, Post Office.

MEDICAL.—The Adelong Gold Miners' Mutual Aid Society require a Surgeon—one who has been accustomed to dispense medicine. A yearly sum of from eighty (80) to one hundred pounds (£100), is guaranteed by the Society. The surrounding district, and immediate vicinity, offers advantages to a medical gentleman, rarely to be met with in the colony. For further particulars, address, with reference, W. A. PORTER, Hon. Secretary, Adelong Gold Miners' Mutual Aid Society. Adelong Quartz Reef, Tumut.

PUBLIC-HOUSE.—Wanted, a House, at low rent, and small goodwill. Apply by letter to TAYLOR and CO., 8, Charlotte-place, Church-hill.

SAWYERS Wanted—Two or Three Pairs. Apply to D. AHEARN, Greensill's Estate, near Liverpool; or to Mr. JONES, on the Campbelltown Extension Railway.

STORE WANTED.—A large Ground Floor near Macquarie-place. MASON, BROTHERS, Circular Quay.

TEAMS WANTED, to load for Mudgee, Bathurst, Wellington, and Dubbo. J. and C. KEELE. Hunter-street. November 10.

TO ENGINEERS and Steamboat Companies.—Wanted, by a thoroughly practical Engineer and Draughtsman, a situation as Draughtsman, or to manage the repairing or superintending of machinery, either in a mill, factory, or steamboat company. No objection to assist at work of any description. Address S. S., Post Office, Newtown.

TO CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.—Wanted, a fully competent Assistant. Apply to J. and E. ROW, 64, King-street.

TO CARPENTERS.—Wanted, Two good Hands, this morning. T. COCKING, 193, Sussex-street.

TO PRINTERS.—Wanted to Purchase, for Cash, a Double Demy Press, and a fount of about 250lbs. of Brevier. Apply, immediately, Mr. C. W. MORGAN, Edinburgh Castle, Pitt-street.

TO GROCERS and others.—WANTED, a Coffee Mill. Price must be low. Apply to F. CODNER, 402, Brickfield-hill.

TO MILLWRIGHTS.—Wanted, a good General Hand, that can work in wood and iron, and make plain patterns for machinery, &c., for the interior. Apply to T. J. BOWN, engineer, 417, George-street.

WANTED, a Female Cook, to assist in the kitchen. Apply at Petty's Hotel, Church-hill.

WANTED, a Good Laundress, references required. Apply at Petty's Hotel, Church-hill.

WANTED, a respectable Girl, to assist with two children, and make herself generally useful; character from last situation indispensable; must be handy with her needle. Also, a Person as Needlewoman, by the day. Mrs. MYLES, 21, Botany street, Chippendale.

WANTED, a Lad, to deliver meat &c. WILLIAM S. SEER, butcher, No. 10, South Head Road.

WANTED, a Journeyman Gunmaker. To a good workman constant employment, and the highest wages will be given. No drunkards need apply. Apply by post to J. A. SHEPHERD, gunmaker, High-street, West Maitland.

WANTED to be known, Portraits, 5s. with case, 290, George-street, opposite the White Horse.

WANTED, Loading for Two Teams, to Queanbeyan. Apply to GILFILLAN and CO., 18, Macquarie-place.

WANTED, the Management of Squatting Stations either sheep or cattle (sheep preferred), by a Gentleman well experienced in both, who would be allowed to take a small share in return for his services. Unexceptionable references. For further particulars apply to Messrs. SCOTT, CAMERON, and CO., Harrington-street.

WANTED, THIS MORNING, at 10 o'clock, 6 Road Labourers for Wollongong; also Bullock Drivers, Farm Labourers to milk, General Men, Dairywoman, &c. Apply to OLIVER STAINES, British and Foreign Labor Offices, corner of King and Castlereagh streets. Office hours, 9 to 5.

WANTED, a Wet-Nurse. Apply to Dr. O'BRIEN, Castlereagh-street, before 9 a.m., or at 2 p.m.

WANTED, Two Lads, accustomed to the Butchering business. Apply to GEORGE DAVIS, Newtown.

WANTED, by a respectable Young Woman, a situation as Nurse or Upper Servant in a respectable Jewish family; character indispensable. Address A. B., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a House in William or Palmer streets, containing four rooms, kitchen, and servant's apartment. Address T. V. B., 9, Bridge-street.

WANTED, a Man Cook. Apply to Mr. BURLEY, No. 10, King-street.

WANTED, a Girl, about 14 years of age, to do house work in a small family. 7, O'Connell-street.

WANTED, a General Servant, one that can wash and iron. Apply at 81, Prince-street.

WANTED, a strong active Girl, to mind a child. 415, George-street South.

WANTED, by a sober steady man (German), a situation as Garden Labourer. The best references can be given. Apply to Mr. MILLER, Hamburgh Hotel, 40, King-street.

WANTED, a Female General Servant—good character required. Apply, after 10 o'clock, at No. 1, Argyle-place, Lower Fort-street.

WANTED, by a Single Man, comfortable Board and Residence, in or near Parramatta-street, where there are no other lodgers. Terms no object. Address BOARD, Box 268, Post Office.

WANTED, a Good Blacksmith's Helper. Apply to W. BULL, George-street South.

WANTED, by a family in the suburbs, two respectable English or Scotch Women, as Cook and Laundress. Apply, from ten to one, to Mrs. PAWSEY'S Registry Office 22, King-street.

WANTED, a respectable Young Woman as Barmaid, and to wait in the parlours. None but respectable need apply. Apply at the City Wine Vaults, 123, George-street.

WANTED, a Female as General Servant. Apply at 217, George street.

WANTED, a Lad, to write a good hand. RICE, butcher, Haymarket.

WANTED, a strong active Lad, for a boot and shoe warehouse. Apply 181, George-street.

WANTED, a Chief Officer. Apply on board the Cronkbane, off Patent Slip Wharf.

WANTED, in Sydney, by a Gentleman of quiet and regular habits, a Bedroom and Sitting-room, furnished or unfurnished, with attendance, and also accommodation for a boy. Two rooms connected with each other on the same floor will be preferred, also where there are no young children. Apply to H. H. NEWMAN, Esq., at Mr. Robert's office, No. 9, King-street, near Philip-street, stating terms and situation.

WANTED, a Clerk for a retail grocery establishment; if with a knowledge of the business preferred. Application, by letter, stating late occupation, salary required, with references, to HANKS and CO., 319, George-street.

WANTED, a Bullock Driver. Apply THIS DAY, at ALLEN'S Booking Office, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a Bricklayer. Apply at the Phoenix Wharf.

WANTED, a respectable Young Woman as General Servant. Mrs. FARRELL, Farriers' Arms.

WANTED, an Upholsteress, accustomed to the Carpet trade. No. 5, Park-street.

WANTED, in the neighbourhood of Sydney, a House, from four to eight rooms, with tolerably large yard and garden. Rent no more than £100 per annum. Apply by letter to L., HERALD Office, giving description and situation.

WANTED, a Partner. A gentleman of good business habits, and now engaged in an extensive and perfectly safe business in the city, would be happy to treat with a party of some standing, who would be required to take an equal share in the business. He must be possessed of at least £500. References indispensable. Address B. C. L., HERALD Office.

WANTED, an intelligent Youth, for an Office. Good handwriting and quickness at accounts are indispensable. Apply by letter, addressed Box 2?1, Post Office.

WANTED immediately, Two Carpenters. Apply to NICHOLAS HEAD, Bishop Barker's House, Randwick.

WANTED, an English Woman, as General House Servant. Apply to J. C. GLUE, 47, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a Young Man, as Waiter. Apply to J. C. GLUE, 47, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, a Girl, 14 or 16. Apply Mrs. JACKSON, near Calder House, Old Newtown Road.

WANTED, a General House Servant. 628, George-street South.

WANTED, a Farm Labourer. Apply to THOMAS FARRELL, spirit merchant, King and George sts.

WANTED, a Lad, used to work in a smith's shop. Apply BEAUMONT and WALLER'S yard, Castlereagh-street.

WANTED, a Person to Bugle Lace. Apply Mr. GORDON, 209, corner Castlereagh and Market sts.

WANTED, a Plumber, and a Brickmaker, Two Single German Farm Labourers, Married Couples for Lake Bathurst, Wollongong, and Wide Bay; an English Woman able to milk, a Man to drive Horse and Cart, several Shepherds, Single Men, and a Shepherding Family, also a Bullock Driver for the Northern District, a Married Couple for the Glebe, some Single Farm Servants, Lads, and a Stockman. HAIGH and ASHLIN, agents, Pitt-street, opposite Union Bank.

WASHING Wanted, for Two Shillings per dozen, by a first-rate laundress, who lives a little way in the country, where there is plenty of good water and good bleaching ground. Direct to H., HERALD Office, and it will be attended to.

WANTED to be known, that Dresses are made on the London principle and latest design. Terms moderate. For address apply to Mrs. PIPER, French staymaker, 32, Pitt-street North.

WANTED, a Girl, from 12 to 15 years old, to make herself generally useful. Apply to Mr. CAVILL, 24, Crown street, near William-street.

WANTED, Men Farm Servants. Apply Mr. E. H. HERRING, 74, Phillip-street.

WANTED, for Newtown, a Nursemaid. Apply, from 10 till 1, THIS DAY, next door to Unitarian Chapel, Macquarie-street.

WANTED immediately, a Wet-Nurse for a Child, one month old. Apply to Dr. ROBERTSON, 3, Wynyard-square, at 2 p.m.

WANTED, a Female General Servant. Apply to Mrs. ROBSON, Regent House, Pitt-st., near Market-st.

WANTED, Mechanics and Labourers only, to purchase, Freehold Land, for 3s. a foot, at the Sugar Works, Canterbury, near Ashfield. Deeds free. W. REDMAN, solicitor, York-street, opposite Police Office.

WANTED to SELL, a Photographic Apparatus, with materials, complete; also, a Family Medicine Chest. Apply to ?RINS and MOOY, Pitt-street, between Liverpool and Goulburn streets.

WANTED, to BORROW £6000, on mortgage of a Station situate on the Murray River, New South Wales. The run is one of the finest in the colony, and 3500 head of cattle guaranteed. The improvements are valued at £1000, and an ample security for the sum required. For further particulars apply to Mr. W. M. MILLER, solicitor, Albury and Belvoir, Victoria; or to Messrs. HOLDEN and M'CARTHY, solicitors, No. 12, Castlereagh-street, Sydney.

AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.—Incorporated by Act of Council.—Paid up capital £250,000.

INTEREST OF CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES.

Notice is hereby given that, from and after this date customers of this Bank will be allowed interest on their weekly minimum balances of current accounts, at the rate 2 per cent. per annum.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Money deposited for fixed periods will bear interest as heretofore.

By order of the Board of Directors,
EDWARD WRENCH, General Manager.

ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, and AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK,
(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1852.)
Capital paid up, £500,000,
of which more than one-half is now held in the colony of New South Wales alone.

INTEREST ON DAILY BALANCES.

This Bank allows interest on the DAILY BALANCES OF CURRENT ACCOUNTS, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum.

It also continues to allow interest as follows, on fixed deposits:—

On sums repayable on three months' notice, 3 per cent per annum.
On ditto, on six months' notice, 4 per cent. ditto.
On ditto, on twelve months' notice 5 per cent. ditto.
JOHN YOUNG, manager.
Sydney Branch, English, Scottish, and Australian Chartered Bank.

COLLINGWOOD AGENCY.—ENGLISH, SCOTTISH, and AUSTRALIAN CHARTERED BANK.—Mr. GEORGE MOGATTA is appointed agent for this bank at Collingwood, Liverpool, for the following purposes, viz.: To receive deposits and bills for discount, and to cash approved cheques and orders, on account of the Sydney branch of the corporation. Letters of credit on the Liverpool agency may be obtained at the Sydney branch. JOHN YOUNG, Manager.

LONDON CHARTERED BANK OF AUSTRALIA
SYDNEY BRANCH.
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid-up Capital, £700,000.

Notice is hereby given that, from and after this date, interest will be allowed on accounts, at this Bank, as follows:—

On Current Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on minimum balance for the month, if not under £100.

On Fixed Deposits—For three months certain, 3 per cent. per annum.
" " For six months certain, 4 per cent. per annum.
" For twelve months certain, 5 per cent. per annum.
ROBT. NAPIER, Manager.
London Chartered Bank of Australia,
Sydney, 20th October, 1857.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.
(Incorporated by Royal Charter.)
Paid-up Capital .... £1,260,000.
Reserve Fund .... 252,000.

INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

From and after this date INTEREST will be allowed at the rate of TWO PER CENT. PER ANNUM on the monthly minimum Balances at the credit of current deposit accounts. And

Per annum.
On money deposited for three months certain, 3 per cent.
Ditto 6 ditto 4 ditto
Ditto 12 ditto 5 ditto
GEO. K. INGELOW, Manager.
Sydney, 1st August. 1857.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.—INCORPORATED (WITH IMPORTANT PRIVILEGES) BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES for granting Assurances on Lives, Present, Deferred, and Reversionary Annuities, and Endowments for Children and Old Age, on the principle (PROVED BY AN EXPERIENCE OF 150 YEARS OF KINDRED INSTITUTIONS IN THE MOTHER COUNTRY TO BE THE MOST EQUITABLE AND SAFEST FOR THE ASSURED) of Mutual Assurance and a periodical division of the whole of the profits among the whole of the members.

Chairman M. E. MURNIN, Esq.
Deputy Chairman—Hon. THOMAS HOLT, Esq., M.P.
ROBERT THOMSON, Actuary and Secretary.
Principal Office—Mort's Buildings, Pitt-street, Sydney.

LONDON ALLIANCE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Further reduction of 25 per cent. on the former premiums. The undersigned are prepared to issue Fire Policies at the reduced rates of premium, namely:—

On First-class risks, from 2s. 3d. to 5s. 9d. per cent. per annum.

On Second-class ditto, from 3s. 9d. to 8s. per cent. per ditto.

Third-class ditto (subject to arrangement).

Non-hazardous goods insured at the same rates of premium as the buildings in which they are deposited.

An extra charge for hazardous goods. Special risks taken by agreement. THACKER and CO., agents.
George-street, 22nd December.

NEW SOUTH WALES MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Office,—Exchange-buildings, George-street.
CAPITAL, £150,000.
DIRECTORS:
John Fairfax, Esq., Chairman.

Samuel D. Gordon, Esq., M. L. A.	The Honorable Jacob L. Montefiore, M. L. C.
James Henderson, Esq.	John B. Watt, Esq.
The Honorable Edward Knox, Esq., M. L. C.	

Marine Surveyor—Captain W. S. Deloitte.

Agents and Surveyors at Newcastle—Messrs. Bingle and Son.

Surveyor at Auckland, New Zealand—Captain Alexander Grange.

The Directors meet every Wednesday, for the despatch of general business, at 11 o'clock; and on other days at a quarter before 1 o'clock to receive applications for Insurances. Risks taken on vessels forty-five tons register and upwards.

RATES OF PREMIUM BY FIRST-CLASS VESSELS.
(Free from average unless general, or the ship be stranded.

	Guineas. per cent.		Guineas. per cent.
Great Britain	2	Port Cooper	3
China	2½	Wide Bay	2
Manila	2½	Clarence River	2
India............	2½	Moreton Bay............	1½
Java............	2	Twofold Bay	1
Mauritius............	2	Panbula	1
Cape of Good Hope ...	2½	Port Phillip	1½
Valparaiso	2	Ditto, per steamer ...	1
California............	2	Adelaide............	1½
Auckland............	1½	Hobart Town............	1
Port Nicholson	2	Launceston	1½
Nelson	2½	Circular Head	2
Port Otago	2½		

GOLD AND SPECIE.

Port Phillip	1	Great Britain	2
Ditto per steamer	½	Singapore	2

Policies on goods, gold, and specie, to Great Britain, are granted in triplicate, payable in London, in case of loss, if required.

TIME RISKS ON FIRST-CLASS VESSELS.
3 Months .... 3 Guineas per cent.
Months .... Guineas per cent.
Whaling voyages.............. 10 Guineas per cent.
The usual brokerage of 5 per cent. allowed.

N.B.—Goods stowed on deck are not covered by the Company's policies.
By order of the Board,
ROBERT GARRETT secretary.

SYDNEY GAS CONSUMERS' COMPANY.—
TREASURERS.
ROBERT CAMPBELL, Esq., M.P.
JOHN TAYLOR, Esq.
SAMUEL COHEN, Esq.

Shareholders are requested to pay the first call now made into the Australian Joint Stock Bank to the credit of the above gentlemen, who have consented to act as treasurers of the Company.
By order of the Provisional Committee.
ROWAN RONALD, sec. pro. tem.
Lloyd's-chambers, George-street, Sydney, 2nd October.

SYDNEY BRANCH—LIFE DEPARTMENT—ALLIANCE LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, Bartholomew-lane, London, Established by Act of Parliament, 1824. Capital, £5,000,000 sterling. Claims are settled in the colony. Agent, GEORGE WEBB. Circular Wharf.

THE AUSTRALIAN LADIES' COLLEGE, No. 2, Craig End Terrace, Darlinghurst, Sydney.

Mrs. C. F. ARNOLD desires to intimate her intention to open a Collegiate Institution for Young Ladies, early in November next. The method of instruction will be, as far as possible, similar to that pursued with such marked success at the Queen's College, Harley-street; the Ladies' College, Bedford-square; and the Scottish Institution, Edinburgh.

An eligible residence having been engaged, in a most desirable position, at Darlinghurst, Mrs. ARNOLD will shortly issue a prospectus, setting forth more fully the principles upon which the Australian Ladies' College will be conducted, and exhibiting in detail her terms for the admission of pupils.

I, WILLIAM HELLYER, of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, gentleman, presently residing at No. 195, in Riley-street South, in the City of Sydney, having served under articles of clerkship in the said colony for the full term of five years, as an articled clerk, first to the late Stephen Lambton, an attorney of the Supreme Court of the said colony; secondly, to the late William Carr, an attorney of the said Supreme Court; and lastly, to James Greer, an attorney of the said Supreme Court; hereby give notice that on the last day of the present term, (to wit) on SATURDAY, the fourteenth day of November now instant, I will make application to the said Supreme Court for admission as an attorney, solicitor, and proctor of the Supreme Court of New South Wales. Dated this fourth day of November, A.D. 1857.
WILLIAM HELLYER.

S. W. SILVER and CO.'s Manufactures.—The undersigned are appointed sole agents in New South Wales, by Messrs. Silver and Co., London, for the SALE of all descriptions of clothing, and their various other manufactures. LEVICKS and PIPER, Pitt-street.

CLAYTON, SHUTTLEWORTH, and CO., AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERS and MACHINE MAKERS, LINCOLN, and 78, LOMBARD-STREET, LONDON.—The Portable or Fixed Steam Engines, Thrashing Machinery, Corn Mills, and other manufactures of this celebrated firm may be obtained on the shortest notice, by order through any established Merchant.

DENTISTRY.—Mr. J. EMANUEL, Examined Surgical and Mechanical Dentist employs the following methods in supplying Artificial Teeth from one to a complete set. First, on the roots of the natural teeth; second on a plate with clasps; third, with spiral springs; fourth, by atmospheric pressure. Mr. Emanuel guarantees satisfaction. The gold used is 20 carats, and the mineral teeth are manufactured by American, English, and French distinguished artists. No. 183, George-street North, near the EMPIRE Office.

SMITH, PEATE, and CO., 113 and 115, George-street, Sydney, Wholesale Shipping and Family Grocers.—Lea and Perrin's Worcestershire Sauce.—In consequence of Messrs. Montefiore, Graham, and Company having relinquished Messrs. Lea and Perrin's agency, the undersigned have purchased the whole of their stock of Worcestershire sauce, and are now prepared to supply the trade and country storekeepers upon the same terms as the agents have hitherto done.

SMITH, PEATE, and CO., 113 and 115, George-street Sydney.

TOMLINS, SLOMAN, and CO., Wholesale and Retail Furnishing Ironmongers, 260 and 261, George-street, take this opportunity of informing their customers and others that they have just received, ex late arrivals, several shipments of new Silver and Electro-plated Goods comprising all the latest and most modern styles in tea and coffee services, centrepieces, candelabra, side dishes, waiters, trays, &c., &c. They have also a large assortment of bar, sheet, and hoop iron, spring, cast, shear, and blister steel. Entrance to Iron Yard in King-street.

WATSON'S NEWLY DISCOVERED WORM Powders are safe, certain, and most extraordinary in their effects, removing the worms with amazing rapidity both from the old and the young. Price one shilling each. Parties at a distance can have them forwarded by post by enclosing stamps for the amount; when three powders or more are required, free to any post town in the colony.

N.B.—Be particular to state the age. Prepared only at WATSON'S Drug Stores, 440, Brickfield-hill, Sydney.

GREGORY, CUBITT, and CO., Wholesale Manufacturers and Importers of Straw Bonnets and Hats, have now on SALE, in quantities to suit the trade:

Women's rice, tuscan, and Dunstable bonnets
Ditto coloured and other fancy straw bonnets, in great variety of patterns
Ditto black, brown, straw, and mourning fancies
Girls' and maids' straw bonnets, of every size and kind
Women's Leghorn hats, various styles
Ditto Tuscan; black, brown, and drab improved Dunstables, &c.
Girls' and maids' hats, various
Men's Panama, Leghorn, palm, cabbage tree, straw, and tuscan hats
Boys' ditto ditto
Flowers, feathers, &c., straw plaits of every description.
3, Wynyard-street, Sydney, and
15, Aldermanbury, London.

SUMMER CLOTHING.—E. J. SCRIVENER begs respectfully to announce to his numerous friends and customers that he has now on view at his
OUTFITTING WAREHOUSE
A superior assortment of
Silk zephyr coats
Alpaca lustres ditto
White cashmere ditto
Light fancy tweed ditto, &c.

Trousers, vests, neckties, &c., in every variety. The opportunity of obtaining apparel suitable to the present summer ought not to be neglected, especially when the price is brought within the means of the most economical.

Gentlemen's Outfitting Warehouse, 226 and 228, New Buildings, George-street.

SPRING FASHIONS.—A new supply of fashionable Bonnet-shapes, wholesale and retail, at W. READING'S, Berlin House, 254, George-street.

HATS, Caps, Bonnets, Flowers, Feathers, and General Millinery, in the newest style, at Berlin House, 254, George-street.

BABY LINEN, just opened, in good variety, at Berlin House, 254, George-street.

LADIES' and CHILDREN'S Underclothing, Juvenile Frocks, Pelisses and Tunics, at Berlin House, 254, George-street

BERLIN WOOL, Canvas, Patterns, Traced Embroidery, and everything connected with the fancy needlework department, supplied on the most reasonable terms, at Berlin House, 254, George-street.

GLASS SHADES, Wax Flowers, Fruit, and Ornamental Leatherworks, at Berlin House, 254, George-st.

AT "LA VILLE DE PARIS," 195, George-street—New Bonnets!!! New Dresses!!! New Parasols!!! Bonnets!!! Bonnets!!! Bonnets!!! Tissue, Horsehair, and Crinoline. Coarse Dunstable Bonnets! one case, just opened. Parasols! Parasols! Choice goods, one case, just opened.

Rich brown moire parasols, deep fringes 7s. 6d. each
Rich moire lined ditto extra, deep fringes, 10s. 9d. each
Silks! Silks!! Silks!!! Great bargains in silks
Rich checked silks, 13 yards for 35s., former price 47s 6d.
Rich checked glacés, 13 yards for 42s., former price, 55s.
Flounced muslin dresses, long lengths, 12s. 9d. each
Ditto ditto, with skirts made, 15s. 9d. each
Small pattern muslin dresses, 12 yards for 6s. 11d.
Ditto ditto organdies, 12 yards for 7s. 9d.
Flounced Norwich dresses, 18 yards for 15s. 6d.
Tissue flounced dresses, 16 yards for 16s. 9d.
All-wool balzorines, all colours, the full dress, 7s. 6d.
Ditto ditto, chintz patterns, 1s. a yard
Hoyle's light ground prints, yard wide, 6½d.
Ladies' morning wrappers, double skirts, 14s. 6d. each.
Cambric handkerchiefs, all pure linen, 4s. 6d. a dozen
Ditto ditto, superior quality, 6s. 9d. the half dozen
Horrock's long cloths, superior make, 4s. 9d. the dozen
Sheeting of superior make, in all widths
Ladies' and children's drab and brown hats.
Boys' and girls' fine leghorn hats
White cotton hosiery, extra quality, 5s. 9d. the half dozen
Ladies' Fancy silk scarfs, all colours, 1s. 6d. each
Worked muslin flouncings, a small parcel, at 1s.
Best Paris kid gloves, ex Wave of Life, two cases of all sizes, just opened.
At "La Ville de Paris," 195, George-street.

FOR SALE BY THE UNDERSIGNED.—
B. P. rum
Brown brandy, in hogsheads
Case brandy
Geneva, key and JDKZ brands
Old tom, Lowndes'
Old tom, Swain, Boord, and Co.'s
Port and sherry wines
Taylor's porter
Ind, Coope, and Co.'s No. 3 Burton ale
Gundry, Downe, and Co.'s Dorset ditto
Ind, Coope, and Co.'s Romford ditto
Morice, Cox, and Co.'s bottled stout
Currants, and carraway seed
Pearl barley
Opium, Turkey and Patna
English bacon, and North Wilts cheese
Irish pork
Ditto butter
Moir's preserved salmon, 1 and 2 lbs.
Sperm candles
Hops, Kent and American
Soda water, corks, and bottles
Silver vases and sporting cups
Tinplates, wedge axes, Foster's spades
Hoop iron, ½ to 3 inch, lead piping, ½ inch
Galvanized iron, plain and corrugated
Muntz's patent metal
Ewbank's patent nails
Blasting powder
Wheels for carts, omnibuses, carriages, &c.
Navy canvas, tent duck, canvas tents, ship's blocks, &c.

INVOICES of parasols, ribbons, coloured linens, prints and shirtings, furniture chintz, linen ticks, summer coatings, vestings, twilled silecias, rolled linings, drab and self moleskins, Crimean shirts, blue serge shirts, Guernsey frocks and shirts, blue pilot jackets and trousers, winter top coats, capes, &c., mole trousers, Gardiner's summer slops, Christy's black Paris and drab beaver hats, worsted hosiery assorted, cotton velvets, green baizes, 8-4, 9-4, and 10-4 blankets, 3-4 Brussells tapestry and velvet pile carpetings, 5-4 and 6-4 drugget and felt carpeting, &c.

GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO, [counting-house, 213, George-street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, are now receiving, ex late arrivals—
Richmond and Chandler's chaff-cutting machines
Barrow and truck wheels, share moulds
Foster's spades, hoes, hay forks
Patent iron tubing, ½ to 1½ inch
Copper boilers and kettles, cattle and sheep bells
Black and bright plated hames, hogskins
Gold-leaf, corkscrews
Patent and imitation rim locks
Building ironmongery of every description
Files of every description
Hemp halters, best town glue
Sponges, perforated zinc, tin plates
Winfield's iron bedsteads and cots
Coffin furniture, cabinet paper
Hand, cross-cut and pit saws
Sheet zinc, No. 9 to 10, mail axles
Ewbank's nails, 1 to 6 inch
Zinc and copper nails, tacks, &c.
Warranted smiths' bellows, gig springs
Improved water tue irons, stocks and dies
Camp ovens and pots, galvanised iron buckets
Oil and paints, blasting powder
Lead pipe, ½ to 2 inch, patent shot
Gilpin's, and Foster's horse-shoes to colonial pattern
German silver, plated, and galvanised spurs
Polished stirrup-irons, brass hame
Rope and cocoa mats, safety fuse
Sheet and plate iron, steel
American tools of every description.
RABONE, FEEZ, and CO., 6, Wynyard-street.

VALUABLE INVENTION of a FILTER, to Purify Water.—It is a fact well established that a considerable number of the inhabitants of Sydney receive their daily supply of water into their houses through lead pipes, and it has been ascertained that water so conveyed becomes so much impregnated with lead as to be rendered poisonous and injurious to health and dangerous to human life, and a great many persons using it have been attacked by much complaints, paralysis, and other diseases of a very serious and alarming nature.

Messieurs ZOLLNER and HENRY have the honour of announcing to the inhabitants of Sydney that they have designed a filter, simple and efficient, and which completely purifies the water from any trace of lead, and by placing the round opening at the top of the filter under the cock at present conveying the water from the lead pipes and putting a water tub beneath, a constant supply of pure water would be obtained. The filter, being charged with charcoal, would also remove all vegetable matter from the water.

Messieurs ZOLLNER and HENRY venture to offer for the consideration of the public the three certificates hereunto annexed, as to the value and efficiency of their filter in producing pure water. And they can supply the filter at the small price of ten shillings, at their establishment, 102, Lower George-street.

Messrs. R. C. WEEKES AND Co., George-street.
A. HAWLEY AND Co., George-street.
IRSDALE AND Co., George-street.
C. F. EDWARDS George-street.

The original certificates can be seen at Messrs. ZOLLNER and HENRY'S, and notarial copies at either of the other places of sale.

ZOLLNER and HENRY, Wholesale Tinware Manufacturers, 102, Lower George-street.

I have carefully examined the water filter constructed by Messrs. Zollner and Henry, and have tried its action on water impregnated with lead. I find the filter to be simple and efficient, and that it purifies water from every trace of lead.
J. SMITH, M.D.
University of Sydney, October 22nd, 1857.

I hereby certify that, having tried a cheap and simple form of filter, manufactured by Messrs. Zollner and Henry, I find it act most satisfactorily in removing lead from water impregnated therewith. This filter would, in my opinion, be found exceedingly useful in private families in purifying water for culinary purposes.
ISAAC AARON,
Officer of Health for the City of Sydney.
125, Castlereagh-street, November 5th, 1857.

This is to certify that, having tried a filter made by Zollner and Henry, for removing lead in water by filtration through sand, I find it to be perfectly successful, removing all trace of lead.
180, Pitt-street, November 6th, 1857. J. S. NORRIE.

NEW GOODS, JUST OPENED.—ex Vimeira and La Hogue.—The undersigned beg to inform their numerous friends and customers in town and country that their goods, ex Vimeira from London, which have been purchased and selected there by Mr. Joseph Hill, Jun., for cash, are now opened for inspection at their Warehouse, in King-street, the whole having arrived in the best order and condition, consisting of the undermentioned articles:—
Cabriole sofas, in walnut and rosewood, very handsome
Cabriole lounges, ditto ditto, ditto
Victoria lounges, ditto ditto, ditto
Easy chairs to match, ditto ditto, ditto
Drawing-room chairs, various patterns, ditto ditto
Victoria easy chairs, ditto ditto
Marble-top cheffoniers, with plate glass backs and doors, ditto ditto, ditto
Loo tables, 5 feet 4 feet 6 inches, and 4 feet ditto ditto
Oval loo tables, ditto, ditto ditto, ditto
Card tables, ditto ditto, ditto
Walnut wood conversational chairs, wicker seats
Mahogany and oak hat stands, and chairs to match
Mahogany easy chairs, in marone morocco
Ditto dining-room chairs, ditto. And
A great assortment of red and white balloon-back bedroom chairs
Children's ditto
Canterbury whatnots, in walnut and rosewood
Music stools ditto
Portable garden seats
Picnic folding chairs
Verandah ditto
Reclining chairs
Invalids' ditto
Fancy children's chairs
Handsome dinner services
Ditto perambulators, with and without hoods
Fancy table mats
Ladies' folding cane-seated chairs
Walnut-wood ditto
Butlers' trays and stands
Shower baths, with and without force pumps
Baths, various sorts and sizes
Office japanned washstands, with furniture complete
Toilet services, ditto ditto
Bidets, slop buckets, pails, stable buckets, &c., too numerous to particularise.

The whole, together with their present stock of colonial manufacture, will be sold at low prices, so as to make room for further shipments, daily expected to arrive per Duncan Dunbar, and others to follow.

JOHN HILL, JUN., and SON, cabinetmakers, importers, &c., 48 King-street.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—Two-horse power and thresher, complete
Winnowing machines in four sizes
Eagle ploughs in four sizes, with colters, chains, and extra shares
Country waggons (extra size), with canvas top, four wheels, &c., &c.
Chaff-cutting machines in five sizes
Hay rakes, various kinds
Corn shellers, ditto ditto
Corn, grain, and wheat mills, ditto ditto
One patent smut machine.
Now landing and for SALE, in lots to suit purchasers.
WILKINSON, BROTHERS, and CO., Walker's Wharf.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS.—Just received, and for SALE by the subscribers:—
15 single horse powers
4 double ditto, now much used for pumping on sheep stations, and also for driving machinery of any description not requiring greater power
23 double horse powers, with threshers and separators complete.
Also on hand, and for SALE—
Dried apples, butter, hams, cheese
Lobster, salmon, syrups
Beef, pork, barrels and half-barrels
American cook stoves, all makes
D handled R.P. American shovels
Long ditto ditto, axes, picks, axe and pick handles
Manila and English rope
American chairs, wood and willow ware, of all descriptions
Resin, pitch, cement, buckets, tubs
Weighing machines, all sizes
Hay or depot scales, 3 and 6 tons
Winnowing machines, ploughs, chaffcutters, &c., &c., &c.
WILKINSON, BROTHERS, and CO., Walker's Wharf.
Sydney, 22nd October.

BRIERLEY, DEAN, and CO. have constantly on SALE at their New Stores, 178, George-street, opposite Hunter-street,
Cotton goods
Silk ditto
Woollen ditto
Worsted ditto
Haberdashery
Millinery
Smallwares
Hosiery and gloves
Made-up clothing
Blankets
Flannels
Straw hats and bonnets
Boots and shoes
Earthenware
Brushware
Saddlery
Ironmongery
Cutlery
Perfumery
Oilman's stores
Wines
Spirits
Ale and porter
Soap
Salt
Coffee
Sugar
Bengal cigars and cheroots
Manila ditto.

TO SETTLERS AND STOREKEEPERS.—The undersigned have constantly on hand
Woolpacks, 10 to 10½ lbs.
Woolbagging, best maker
Bags
Sewing twine
Needles
Sheepshears, Wilkinson's and Sorby's
Sugar
Rice
Tea
Flour
Tobacco
Moleskin trousers
Scotch twill shirts
And every article requisite on a station.
JAMES MORT and CO., 34, Pitt-street.

SALOON MATCHES and WAX VESTAS.—Received ex late arrivals, assorted Wax Vestas, consisting of assorted plain and fancy brass boxes of all sizes; japanned tins, 50, 100, 250, 500, and 1000 Vestas per box; round wood and polished wood boxes, parlour matches, 100, 150, and 200 matches per box. Sold in any quantity to suit the demand, at the lowest market prices. A. WORTMANN. 19, Campbell-street, Haymarket.

FOR SALE, one new Phaeton, of the best description; one second-hand phaeton, one new dogcart, and two springcarts. J. ROBERTSON, coach builder, 306 and 308, Pitt-street South.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE Mr. Forbes, Captain Scott, and Mr. Lyons.

Twenty-one drunkards were convicted: some were fined 10s., and others 20s. each, or in default of payment to be imprisoned twenty four hours.

Matilda Howard, found guilty of vagrancy (taken into custody for being drunk and disorderly), was sentenced to be imprisoned seven days; Elizabeth M'Closkey and Mary Murphy, taken into custody under similar circumstances, were, being more troublesome characters, sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour one month. Charlotte Gorman and Margaret Hyland, were taken into custody, not being drunk, for "sky-larking" with some soldiers in Elizabeth-street, and were sent to gaol for seven days.

Several persons were charged with having, while drunk, made use of obscene language: for this offence Mary Welch was sentenced to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned two months; Thomas Lavender to pay 40s., or to be imprisoned one month; Betsy Butler to pay £5, or to be imprisoned three months; and Patrick Slaven to pay 20s., or to be imprisoned three days.

Margaret Smith, taken into custody for protection by Inspector Sanderson, was pronounced by Dr. Rutter, police surgeon, to be of unsound mind, and a person dangerous to be allowed at large. To give sureties to be of good behaviour, or to be imprisoned one month.

James Reynolds, a blind man residing in Durand's-alley, and Elizabeth his wife, were charged with having, on the morning of the 1st instant, unlawfully assaulted Constable Smith, while that officer was in the execution of his duty. Constable Smith deposed that on the night of the 31st ultimo he and Constable Potter, under the orders of and accompanied by Inspector Rawlinson, passed through Durand's-alley, calling at each brothel as they came to it; among others they inspected that kept by the defendants; Elizabeth was at home, but not James; about a quarter-past twelve, returning, they heard a great noise at defendant's house, and recognised the male defendant's voice, making use of language both threatening and obscene; the Inspector sent witness to caution the male defendant against using language persistence in which would compel them to lock him (defendant) up; he found James Reynolds very much excited, walking in and out of his house, carrying a pike, and wishing he had been at home when the "traps" (police) came into his house—he would have run them through, let their bowels out, &c., interlarding his sentences with expletives of the foulest character; witness delivered the message sent by Inspector Rawlinson, which seemed only to increase the fury of his temper and the bestiality of his language; witness then went forward to apprehend him, and received a blow on the hat (with the weapon before mentioned) which flattened it down over his eyes and nose; before a second blow descended, his hat was on the ground, and his stick was raised in time to break its force though not to entirely avoid it; he received a cut on the head; he then closed with defendant, wrestled, and they both fell; while down, Reynolds endeavoured to stick him with the pike, but could not get a hold sufficiently short to effect his purpose; the other constable came to his assistance, and Reynolds was secured, but not until after an attempt had been made by his wife to procure his release, as well by striking the police as by calling upon sundry of her neighbours to come to the rescue; she was therefore taken into custody for assaulting witness in the execution of his duty, and which also is the charge now made against her husband; male defendant made many attempts to strike witness, but witness parried them with a stick he had; the blows which took effect were heavy and witness was compelled, in self-defence, to close with the defendant. Constable Potter and Inspector Rawlinson were examined, and corroborated Smith's deposition. The witnesses were subjected to severe cross-examination by Messrs. Roberts and Shuttleworth, but were not shaken in any material point. Before deciding upon this charge their worships determined upon hearing a counter-charge of assault prepared by James Reynolds against the officers of police. The now complainant made a statement which, though intended as a contradiction to the evidence of the police, did not go in any respect far enough to entitle it to any weight. Two witnesses were called who did not answer to their names. This charge was therefore dismissed, and on the first the two defendants were committed to take their trial at the Quarter Sessions.

Henry Linfield was brought before the Court, on suspicion of having stolen two ducks, found in his possession, and, failing to give a satisfactory account of the manner in which he became possessed of them, was sentenced to seven days' imprisonment and hard labour.

John Taylor, driver of a Newtown omnibus, was prosecuted by Mr. Stubbs for a breach of the regulations, prohibiting the use of obscene language. Defendant pleaded guilty and was sentenced to pay a penalty of ten shillings, with five shillings costs, or to be imprisoned three days.

WATER POLICE COURT.

MONDAY.

BEFORE the Water Police Magistrate, Captain Deloitte, and Captain M'Lean.

Jane Gill, Mary Brown, Robert M'Kellar, and Alexander Leslie, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct, were each fined 10s.; or, in default, to be imprisoned for the usual term.

John Murphy was charged by James Finerty with having committed an assault, by striking him several times on the face. Defendant was an elderly man, and expressed his contrition, and, as complainant considered that the old man was labouring under a mistake about certain moneys, that he thought were held for him by plaintiff, and the latter also having shown a desire to withdraw the prosecution, defendant was fined in the mitigated penalty of 10s.

James Barsley was charged with having committed an assault upon Frederick Foster. Mr. Yarnton appeared for plaintiff. Plaintiff was a boy of eight or nine years, and defendant a teacher in St. Philip's School, and the assault complained of consisted of cuffs and a kick, inflicted upon complainant as chastisement for misconduct when in church last Sunday week. Defendant was fined 5s. with professional costs of prosecution, and costs of court.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 9.

THE City Council met at three o'clock,—present, the Mayor and twelve Aldermen.

MINUTES AND REPORTS.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and confirmed, and reports were received from the Finance, Improvement, Sewerage, and Water Works Committees.

PETITIONS.

The following were read, and referred to the various committees:—

A petition from Thomas Conway, relative to his dismissal from the service of the Council.

A petition having reference to a lane in the neighbourhood of York and Clarence streets.

A petition from stallholders in the Market.

A petition from residents near the Market Wharf, with reference to street improvement.

CORRESPONDENCE.

A letter from the Health Officer was read, relating to the nuisance of a stinking mud-flat on the eastern shore of Darling Harbour, caused by the conveyance thither of waste from the Sussex-street slaughter-houses.

A communication was read from the Building Surveyor, stating among other things a complaint against the incivility he had received from Mr. J. G. Raphael, whilst in the pursuit of duty.

A letter referring to the removal of dust-boxes was read.

A letter was read from the Postmaster-General, meeting, in the politest manner, the official communication from the Council relative to papers lately spoken of in Council as not having been delivered. The complaint of discourtesy to the Mayor's messenger, it was hinted, would have been obviated by a formal application in writing; and any loss of the papers in question must have been outside of the Post Office.

A letter, complaining of the neighbourhood of the Supreme Court being made the situation of a cab stand, was read.

A letter was read, referring to charges of peculation against servants of the Council who had been for some time until lately connected with the Water Works Department. The Mayor in answer to an inquiry said he had sufficient evidence in this case to develope a three or four years' practice of an extensive system of fraud against the Council by these parties; but the matter was held in abeyance for the present.

INTIMIDATING A WITNESS.

Some harsh-toned discussion took place with respect to language which had been imputed to Alderman Golden, and the effect of which was assumed to have been to deter a witness from giving evidence before a committee of the Council.

The MAYOR, on being referred to, said it had been stated to him by Mr. Allam that Mr. Golden had called him, and said, "You'll be examined with reference to old Barron. If you say one word against him, I'll —— (so and so)." Whereupon Mr. Allam did not give evidence against "old Barron."

Alderman GOLDEN denied having used the language in an intimidating manner.

THE HYDE PARK MANAGEMENT.

In answer to Alderman O'Dowd's inquiry, as to what steps were taken in acknowledgment of the Council's application in July last, for authority to control the management of Hyde Park, the Mayor stated he had been made a member of the committee in whom were vested that management.

FINANCIAL REPORT.

It was moved by Alderman WILLIAMS, and seconded by Alderman HILL, "That the report of the Finance Committee received this day, recommending the payment of sundry accounts," be adopted.

Carried.

ENGINEER'S CLERK.

It was moved by Alderman WILLIAMS, seconded by Alderman OATLEY, and resolved, "That this Council do now proceed to elect a writing clerk for the city engineer's department."

There were fifty-one candidates. Mr. C. S. Alexander was elected by five out of twelve votes, and appointed to fulfil the duties of engineer's clerk at a salary of 12s. a day.

TENDERS.

Moved by Alderman ROBERTS, seconded by Alderman HILL, and resolved, "That this Council do now proceed to open and determine on the undermentioned tenders, viz.: Formation of Pitt-street, from Hunter-street to Circular Quay; curbing and guttering Pitt-street North; construction of gullies, Pitt-street North; cartage of cast-iron water pipes to different parts of the line of main lying between the intersection of Cleveland-street and Crown-street to Hyde Park; construction of Public Baths." The contracts of Messrs. Lookie and Robinson were accepted for the first and second works; and the contract of Mr. N. W. Parker was taken for the third, and that of Mr. John Woods for the fourth.

Considerable discussion took place with regard to the fifth matter. The only tender presented was that of Mr. Thomas Robinson, but as it did not appear eligible it was rejected, and the matter was referred for further consideration to the Improvement Committee.

MOTION FOR ADJOURNMENT.

Alderman HILL submitted a motion for the adjournment of the further business standing on the paper, in consequence of what he conceived to be an insult to the whole Council, having been offered him by Alderman Ryan a few minutes previously on leaving the chamber.

Alderman MURPHY seconded the motion.

The resolution being submitted, was lost.

SURFACE DRAINAGE.

It was moved by Alderman RAPER, and seconded by Alderman HILL, "That the City Engineer be instructed to prepare plans and specifications for the formation of the surface drainage in Bathurst-street, from the east side of Sussex-street to the west side of George-street, and that they be referred to the Improvement Committee for their consideration and report.

Carried.

ADDITIONAL STREET WATERING.

It was moved by Alderman MURPHY, and seconded by Alderman SUTHERLAND, "That the City Engineer be instructed to prepare a specification for the supply of nine additional carts for watering the streets of the city, and that the same, accompanied by an estimate of the probable cost of the carts, be referred for the consideration and report of the Improvement Committee." Carried.

APPOINTMENT OF SCAVENGERS.

It was moved by Alderman WILLIAMS, and seconded by Alderman GOLDEN, "That the report of the Removal of Rubbish Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, recommending the appointment of scavengers for each ward, and suggesting other means for compelling parties to keep their premises free from accumulation of ashes, &c., be adopted."

The recommendations of the committee were read, and after some discussion the motion was assented to.

COMPENSATION TO MRS. BURDEKIN

It was moved by Alderman WILLIAMS, and seconded by Alderman HILL, "That the report of the Water Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, recommending that compensation be made to Mrs. Burdekin for land on Surry Hills, occupied for water purposes, be adopted." Carried.

The sum thus voted is £9234.

COMPENSATION TO MR. GEORGE LORD.

It was moved by Alderman WILLIAMS, and seconded by Alderman NORTHWOOD, "That the report of the Water Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, recommending that Mr. George Lord be compensated for land occupied for waterworks at Botany, be adopted." Carried.

The allowance recommended is in accordance with the award of the Supreme Court, being at the rate of £120 per acre for 2 acres 3 roods 33 perches.

EXCUSED RATES

It was moved by Alderman WILLIAMS, seconded by Alderman RAPER, and resolved, "That the report of the Finance Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, recommending that the city and watering street rates, returned by the City Treasurer as irrecoverable, be written off from the rate-books, be adopted."

VALENTINE LANE.

It was moved by Alderman HILL, seconded by Alderman SUTHERLAND, and resolved, "That the report of the Improvement Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, on Petition from Patrick Baron for repairs of Valentine-lane, be approved."

GRAVEL SUPPLIES.

It was moved by Alderman HILL, and seconded by Alderman SUTHERLAND, "That the report of the Improvement Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, recommending the acceptance of a tender for delivery of 500 tons of gravel, be adopted." Carried.

ERECTION OF A TOWN HALL.

It was moved by Alderman HILL, and seconded by Alderman WILLIAMS, "That a special committee be appointed by ballot, for the purpose of considering the matter of the erection of a town-hall, on the ground to the Council for that purpose, and to report fully thereon to this Council."

A preliminary committee was elected in the persons of the Mayor, and Aldermen Murphy, Northwood, Raper, and Sutherland.

KERBING AND GUTTERING.

It was moved by Alderman SUTHERLAND and seconded by Alderman NORTHWOOD, "That the Improvement Committee be authorised to lay kerbing and guttering in front of the premises of parties who are desirous of laying flagging, upon a bond being entered into by such parties agreeing to pave the footway within one month from the completion of the kerbing and guttering, or to refund to the city the amount expended in carrying out such work."

The motion that the undermentioned places, recommended in the report of the By-laws Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, be, and they are hereby appointed as public stands for hackney carriages plying for hire, viz.—Charlotte-place, on the south side, westward of Georgestreet; Elizabeth street, on the east side, immediately opposite the Supreme Court—was withdrawn.

The following motions stood over for the next meeting:—

That the report of the Improvement Committee, received by the Council on 26th October, on petition from discharged labourers to be reinstated on works, be approved.

That the report of the Improvement Committee, received by the Council on the 26th October, recommending that tenders be invited for curbing and guttering in Crown-street, be adopted.

The Council separated at twenty minutes past six o'clock.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE RELIGIOUS TRACT SOCIETY.

THE annual meeting of the Australian Religious Tract and Book Society was held on Monday evening, at the Mechanics' School of Arts; G. Allen, Esq., M.L.C., President of the Society, in the chair.

The meeting having been opened by prayer by the Rev. Mr. Kent, the Secretary (the Rev. J. Dougall) read the following

REPORT.

"The committee of the Australian Religious Tract and Book Society have much satisfaction in presenting to their subscribers a report of their transactions during the past twelve months, and in recording their gratitude to Almighty God for the prosperity He has afforded this auxiliary for the diffusion of saving truth.

"Of the subordinate means which God has employed for advancing the kingdom of His Son, and spreading the savour of His glorious name, none have been more distinguished by good achieved, the magnitude of their operations, and the commanding position they have attained among high evangelical agencies, than the British and Foreign Bible Society, and the Religious Tract and Book Society of London.

"These are among the glories of the mother country; and it must undoubtedly be a source of rejoicing to each true Australian, or to every one who feels an interest in this great nation, with a future so hopeful, but so fraught with anxiety to the earnest mind, that this colony, which has showed wisdom in imitating the most approved institutions of the mother country, has, by the blessing of God, adopted these two most noble agencies.

"The true philanthropist, moreover—the real patriot, who sees that what has been so distinguished in saving influence in Britain, with its gospel privileges, and religious organisation, is a thousandfold more needful here, will feel the obligation to maintain and transmit, with increased resources, the inheritance which the zeal of others has handed down.

"The original object of this Society, whose thirty-fifth Anniversary we have this night met to celebrate, was to circulate through the Australian colonies the valuable publications of the London Religious Tract Society; to supply an instrumentality for the diffusion of saving truth subsidiary to the expressly appointed means; to reach the heart by a literature widely disseminated, which, in harmony with the Word of God, with the economy of redemption there laid down, should have as its great aim to lead the mind to Christ, in whom are hid all treasures of wisdom and of knowledge.

"In pursuing this aim, the Society diffuses literature conceived in the spirit of that most profound and comprehensive philosophy which sees God in all—which from delineations of nature and her processes—phases of social life—from history and biography, which shew the mental and material triumphs of man, or illustrate his degradation, leads ever to God and His scheme the one thing worthy, true, and lasting.

"To ensure success in this high mission, and from every branch of useful and entertaining knowledge to deduce the simple truth in Christ, the Society encourages no narrow sectarian views of truth; but those only to which all evangelical Protestant Christians can readily subscribe.

"The constitution of the Society also is on the same broad, liberal basis. All sects subscribe and are fairly represented in the management.

"In reviewing the transactions of the past year, your committee feel that the most lively gratitude is due to Almighty God for the high measure of prosperity he has afforded the Society in its operations.

"In the twelve months which have elapsed since the last general meeting, there have been sold in the depot, 44,484 books, and 101,669 tracts.

"Your committee would solicit attention to the very great increase in the sales here indicated. Upon reference to past reports, it will be found that the amount of sales is nearly double that effected in any of the previous years; even of such as have furnished the Society the most abundant matter of gratulation.

"This is peculiarly gratifying, not only as showing that the Institution is fulfilling its mission, by disseminating a literature so much demanded in the circumstances of the colony; but as giving evidence that, in a strictly commercial point of view, it is attracting an increased degree of attention, and promises speedily with a little further support to become not only self-supporting, but to have a surplus for gratuitous distribution.

"The sums received from sales at the depot amount to £1535 16s. 4d.; from Colporteurs, £309 4s. 8d.; in all, £1924 13s.

"The sum derived from public contributions is considerably less than that raised last year; but the increased amount then announced was owing to several special efforts made to relieve the Society from its difficulties.

"We have to report under this head only the ordinary subscriptions of members and the sum collected at the last general meeting, amounting to £169 2s. 8d.

"Besides the books and tracts distributed throughout the colony by sale, the Society has also circulated, by way of grants, the very large number of 418 books and 42,040 tracts, being, in all, a greater amount has been disseminated in this way in any year since the commencement of the Society.

"Of the good effected by these silent messengers your committee receive the most encouraging accounts; and, although, as in the vegetable world, comparatively few of the seeds scattered over the earth germinate, so in the diffusion of a more precious seed, we cannot expect but a small proportion to yield produce, yet,—undoubtedly God brings from His profuse bounty, in the one case as in the other, the results He deems most fit, and points out our duty unsparingly to use the means, and rejoice in even small returns, although the result of all our labour were but the event that wakes all heaven's minstrelsy 'one sinner that repenteth.'

"Your committee have to communicate with great satisfaction the success of an alteration made in pursuance of a rule amended and confirmed at the public meeting held in the School of Arts, on 25th February, 1855, viz., the introduction of the works of the American Tract Society.

"Besides the natural happy effect in these troublous times, of extending sympathies, and drawing tighter the bonds of amity by friendly alliance with one of the hopeful evangelical institutions of America, they are happy to report the eagerness manifested to obtain the works transmitted from that Society, and the almost unprecedentedly rapid sale of them.

"Your committee have to refer with regret to a branch of the organization of the Society, which has been to them a source of much difficulty and anxious consideration. They allude to the system of colportage.

"While they feel that to the efficient and vigorous working of the institution this agency is in the highest degree important, they find that, compelled as they are by the limited funds at their disposal, to view it in an economic light, this part of the machinery of the Society, by being far short of self-supporting, involves them in most serious difficulty.

"Notwithstanding the fact that the expense of this agency has been considerably reduced by a return to the former practice of sharing with the Bible Society the cost of maintaining these Colporteurs, the Committee are reluctantly compelled, unless a very much increased amount of public sympathy is developed, to contemplate the discontinuance of this system.

"As regards financial matters, your committee are happy to say that, although a large amount of debt still presses heavily on the institution, paralysing its energies, and circumscribing its usefulness, the extent to which this has been reduced, during the past year, by sales at the depot, gives the most confident hopes of the future prosperity of the Society; and excites an earnest wish that a further effort might be made by the Christian public to relieve the institution from its difficulties, and place it in a position, in which, without making further demand on their generosity, it might, through future ages of blessing to Australia, be a monument to their Christian liberality.

"In accordance with Rule V., the following gentlemen retire from the committee; but are eligible for re-election, viz.:—Revs. J. Elder, George King, Stephen Rabone, W. Lumsdaine, Hugh Darling, Dr. Macfarlane, and Messrs. Mitchell and Symonds.

"We now confidently commend this institution to your prayers and sympathies, with the earnest hope that God may excite your generous feeling, and so guide your committee by the spirit of wisdom, that they may administer your bounty to the extension of His cause."

The Rev. W. FARBER rose to move the adoption of the report, wishing the meeting had been larger, seeing that they were assembled to support so good a cause. However, he had no option left him but to move the resolution, as it had been inclosed to him by the Secretary, and he could not send it back again. He however loved such meetings as these, because in them he could step out of the trammels of sectarianism and show the Catholicity of Christianity that ministers of the Cross should acknowledge. At home, in the parish he had belonged to, he would have been forbidden to attend such a meeting as this, and for this it was that he had left the old country and had come here, where there was more freedom of thought for individuals, and more real Catholicity of sentiment than could be expected at home. There had been a time when the Church in England had been accused of being Tractarian, and the Church here also had not escaped the same censure; but he would wish it to be really so. He would wish to see tracts, such as "The Pilgrim's Progress," and others, the usefulness of which were second only to the Bible—more generally distributed even than they now were. They went before—the light infantry of the Christian army to storm the breach and make clear the way for the ministers of the Gospel. He would not commit himself by speaking too long, as he remembered the consequences of their so doing at their last meeting. He had merely come forward to represent the Church of England—humble as he was—to show them how deeply that Church felt the exertions that had been made by this Society and the benefits they derived from it. He had extreme pleasure in moving "That the report now read, together with the Treasurer's account and list of subscribers be adopted, printed, and circulated."

Mr. CALDWELL seconded the resolution. In the mother country this Society had had a great work to perform, and there was still a greater work before them here. In this colony the growing evil was the taste for works of fiction, as illustrated by the command upon the library of the Mechanics' School of Arts, and this Society was calculated to correct that evil. Besides this, they had works in the colony that even went so far as to sneer at the publications issued by the Society, that now claimed their support; but these he hoped soon to see set on one side and made innocuous by increased exertion on their part.

The motion was then put and carried.

The Rev. W. CUTHBERTSON moved the second resolution:—"That the extensive circulation of the literature which this Society sends forth is most desirable in the circumstances of the colony, as subsidiary to the preaching of the Gospel, and as a corrective to that noxious literature which exerts so unhappy an influence upon the mind." As he read this resolution, carrying it seemed almost like passing a vote of confidence in the principles of this Society. That such an institution as the Tract Society was that which they should support in such a way as to send forth the literature that that Society would spread, was self-evident. And why? For this reason; that they formed the principal portion of the inhabitants of this country settled in this city; and that in the interior the population was exceedingly sparse, and, consequently, it became very difficult to reach that population by means of a regular ministry. In fact, this was nearly impossible, because, besides being extremely scattered, the population in most cases were so separated by language and religious belief that it was next to impossible to reach them. The only way with these places was, not to send a minister who could not be supported—for, with the differences of opinion, no one could stand—but to take such means as this Society offered. Then, again, there were places, perhaps populous, but not sufficiently so to support a minister. If the inhabitants of these places were all of the one persuasion, it might be that a congregation might be got together, but where the church of one denomination was settled, others would strive to settle churches also, and the consequence was, that ministers there were half starved, looking to their congregations for that support which could not be afforded, whilst the people struggled amongst themselves in the spirit of proselytism, making worse that which had been bad enough before. All these were things to be deplored, and he thought that the Religious Tract Society could cure these evils by the dissemination of their tracts, as with them they could bide their time and wait until the different localities were ripe in population and zeal for the support of a minister. By continuing the action of colporteurs, he had no fear of the success of the Society; and here he would hope that there was no foundation for the threat held out that the Society would give up the system of colportage, which had been found to answer everywhere, and the good results of which had been more particularly evinced in America, where it had had the most beneficial and most triumphant results. There the Society did not find it difficult to merely give away books, but they even sold them readily at an enhanced price, so eagerly were they taken, until at last, as a population settled round, the colporteur was asked to send for a minister and a flock was there gathered round a Christian Church. This was one of the reasons of his appearing amongst them. So much did he wish this system of colportage to be continued, that he hoped that instead of £280, next year the Society would have expended at least £3000 for colportage. He would remind them that they had been too much accustomed to look abroad, and that there were large districts here in the city, to which the Christian minister never reached; and even for these alone the Society was worthy of all the support that could be given to it. There were the low streets and alleys to which few would like to go, and whose inhabitants would not have a preacher, and yet the little messenger that the Society sent forth could get amongst them. These might be read in a spare or idle moment, and do a world of good. So with the interior, these tracts might be made the medium of practical conversion. He recommended to the secretaries the publication of a series of tracts written expressly for this colony, and adapted to the peculiar wants and requirements of the people of the interior. The books have also to be circulated to correct the noxious influence of the works too freely published in this colony. Some of these were so bad, that one thanked God that he had never read them, and to meet these they must act positively with the people, by putting a more correct kind of literature into their hand. There were again other books on scientific subjects which required a corrective to show that there were other and higher mental food to man than that which science could give. Take, for instance, some of the works of Chambers, and they would find that all these required some corrective, something to show that there were things higher than the steam-engine and spinning-jenny, and that these alone ought not to occupy men's minds to the exclusion of all else. Then he came to the politicians—from whom it would appear that the whole end of life was to buy in the cheapest and sell in the dearest market. This was not all that man lived for. The Press had been given them for the welfare of mankind, and they would be false to their Christianity did they not use it for the advancement of Christ's kingdom. Coming lastly, to the light literature of the day, he would not denounce it altogether, but he much feared that it had gone too far. Books of the kind here alluded to had been, as it were, sown broadcast throughout the colony, and this alone was sufficient to call upon them to be thoughtful as to what they should do. The strength of a country was its population, but no country could be great unless its people were thoughtful and highminded. By being these it was that England had become a great nation. The people of Britain had held their minds in contact with the Bible and the best theological writers; and this it was that had made them the great people they now were. Let them then fight these useless books, this light literature, on their own ground. Let them have light reading, but let it be such as would reach the heart, such as would show the readers that there was something more than the mere delineation of passion that could be made interesting. Denouncing Dickens' works as not containing one single moral sentiment, he called upon them to support the resolution.

Mr. THOMAS HOOD seconded the resolution, which was put and carried.

The Rev. Mr. M'GIBBON moved, "That this meeting, acknowledging the wisdom and goodness of God in establishing such an agency in this colony, and in maintaining it thus far, and recognising the responsibility they are under of performing the human part towards transmitting, with increased means of usefulness, the inheritance which has descended to them, do pledge themselves

to renewed efforts, increased contribution, and more earnest prayers." This resolution was exceedingly comprehensive, and embraced several topics on each of which, not merely a speech, but a sermon might be written. First, as to the tracts having a good end, there could not be two opinions about this, though it was but too often that they were thought good enough for the poor, and the traveller by the way, but not good enough for the man of education and the Christian; and yet he read numbers of them that contained many beautiful thoughts, and some of them that were written with great talent. As to the goodness of God, they could not but acknowledge that, when they saw the benefits that had accrued from the distribution of these tracts. Those who had entered the depot, and knew the nature of the tracts, could not but acknowledge their usefulness; some of the best works for the library, shelf, or drawing-room table, were to be found there—books for the young and the old, for the wise and the unwise. But though God did so much, there was something also for man to do—God blessed and dispensed, but it was for man to work and do. By increased efforts and contributions they were called upon to exert themselves, leaving it humbly to God to give that increase which to Him might seem meet in the seed that been sown by human means.

Mr. M'Arthur seconded the resolution, which was put and carried.

The Rev. Mr. Waterhouse said, from what had already been stated, they must see the usefulness of this Society. Much of man's usefulness as an instrument in God's hands was very wisely concealed by the Creator, and therefore the whole good done by this Society none would ever know. Cases of usefulness had not been much alluded to in the report—perhaps not so much as might have been done. To show, however, that the Society's publications had had some effect, he mentioned the case of one person who distributed the tracts, who had given them amongst many Roman Catholics, of whom some received them, whilst others took them secretly, unknown to their neighbours. The great result gained by this person had been to induce many to visit the house of God who had never before thought of attending there. He also instanced the operation that certain tracts had had in individual cases, more particularly that of a little tract entitled "The False Hope," which had been the means of rendering a female, into whose hands he had placed it, a perfect and complete Christian. He then moved the following resolution:—"That G. W. Allen, Esq., be the treasurer, and the Rev. John Dougall and S. Kent, joint secretaries, for the ensuing year; and that the following gentlemen be added to the committee in the place of those who retire according to the 8th rule, viz., Revs. John M'Gibbon, Alexander Salmon, William Cuthbertson, W. Sharp, Captain Dumaresq, and J. M. Houlding."

Mr. A. Foss seconded the resolution.

The meeting, after the usual benediction, separated, a collection being made at the door.

WOLLONGONG ANNUAL RACES FOR 1857.

(Abridged from the Illawarra Mercury.)

These sports, in accordance with announcement, commenced on Tuesday last, notwithstanding that many persons who have hitherto taken a very active part in racing affairs held themselves aloof from them.

The attendance on the first day was very large, amounting at the lowest computation to 700 or 800 persons, the great majority of whom were mounted, or conveyed thither in vehicles of almost every description and size.

FIRST DAY, TUESDAY, 3RD NOVEMBER.

FIRST RACE.—The Maiden Plate of 80 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 3 sovereigns each added, for all horses that have never won an advertised prize exceeding 30 sovereigns exclusive of sweepstakes; one mile and a-half. The winner to receive the sum of 60 sovereigns and the sweepstakes. A second heat, same distance, to run for 20 sovereigns by the beaten horses—those that are distanced excepted; the winner of which to be considered second horse in the race. Entrance, 5 sovereigns; qualification, 2 sovereigns.

Mr. James M'Cauley's g. g. Sportsman, 6 years (C. M'Cauley) 1
Thomas Hoare's blk. g. Barney M'Guire, aged (Morris) 2
Duncan Beaton's br. g. Albuero, 6 years (Willis) 3
William Lindsay's b. f. Rosa May, 3 years 0
James M'Gill's blk. g. Sydney, 3 years bolted

Sydney led from the jump, closely followed by Rosa May. Albuero and Barney M'Guire being in company a length or so behind, the Sportsman being full three lengths behind them, driving all before him. In this position they passed the Grand Stand and went on till they came to the turn up the back of the course when Sydney made a clean bolt into the scrub, leaving Rosa May in the first place, with Barney M'Guire close at her heels, Albuero third, and Sportsman gradually creeping up to the front as the distance increased, and taking the first place in the ruck as they came to the turn from the back of the course. Here Barney M'Guire took the second place, and Albuero third, Rosa May being thrown into the rear as they came up the straight running. In this order they came up to the distance stand, when Barney M'Guire made a great effort to take the lead, his rider using whip and spur most vigorously, but all to no purpose, Sportsman keeping the premiership and coming in a winner by about two lengths, Barney M'Guire second, Albuero third, and Rosa May fourth.

In accordance with the terms of the race, a second heat was to be run by the beaten horses. For this event, only Barney M'Guire and Rosa May came to the post. A good start was effected, and the horses kept in close company the whole of the way round to the distance stand, occasionally changing places. At the distance, Barney managed to get the lead slightly, and a most terrific struggle ensued from here home, whip and spur being plied most vigorously on both horses. The Irishman, however, succeeded in keeping the "nigger gal" in the rear, and eventually came in winner by a bare half-length.

SECOND RACE. The County Stakes of 30 sovereigns for all horses; heats, twice round the course. Entrance, 5 sovereigns.

1. Mr. James M'Cauley's g. g. Sportsman, 6 years, blue jacket, cap.
2. Thomas Hoare's blk. g. Barney M'Guire, aged, blue body, red sleeves, and black cap.

There not being three entrances, this race did not take place.

THIRD RACE.—The Town Plate of 25 sovereigns, for all horses; one event, a mile and a half. Entrance 2½ sovereigns.

Mr. James M'Cauley's g. g. Sportsman (C. M'Cauley) 1
William Lindsay's b. m. Rosa May (Hetherington) 2
Thomas Hoare's br. g. Fair Play 3
Duncan Beaton's br. g. Albuero dr.
James M'Gill's blk. g. Sydney dr.

Sydney and Albuero were withdrawn from this race, the former to save him for the Welter, and when a more experienced rider might be obtained to cross him; the latter for the Ladies' Purse, on the last day. Sportsman was looked upon as the winner by almost every one, and the result proved that they were correct in their anticipations.

To make up for the non-filling of the second race, the stewards declared their intention of giving a prize of £5 for all hacks, catch weights, to be run for in heats once round.

The following horses were entered:—

Mr. M. Larkin's, br. m. Catch-me-if-you-can (Donelly) 0 1 1
John O'Neil's b. g. Berkeley (Willis) 1 0 2
M. Fitzgerald's g. g. Jacky 2 0 0
Thomas Kelly's g. g. Doctor 0 0 0
Thomas Galvin's Kerryman 0 0 0

Directly it was known that Berkeley was entered, it was generally anticipated he would take "the note." In the first heat the running was left to be done by Berkeley and Jacky, the rest merely cantering round at their leisure, the dread of a distance not being before them. Berkeley, however, notwithstanding he was hard pushed by Jacky came in a winner by three or four lengths. In the second heat, Doctor took up the running with Berkeley, closely followed to the turn into the straight run home by Catch-me-if-you-can, when the latter came up to them, and after a brief struggle, took a decided lead, kept it, and came in a winner by several lengths. In the third heat, Catch-me-if-you-can went off with the lead, but soon gave the way to Berkeley and Doctor, who raced close together up the back of the course, the others being at a respectable distance behind. At the turn into the straight running, the light weight carried by Catch-me-if-you-can again told in her favour, and she crept up to the first place, and after a most severe and exciting struggle came in a winner by about a length ahead of Berkeley.

SECOND DAY.

FIRST RACE.—The District Purse of 30 sovereigns, for all horses the bona fide property of persons residing between Bulli and Jervis Bay, and known to have been in their possession three months previous to the races; heats, one round the course. Entrance 3 sovereigns. This race did not attract a sufficient number of horses, and was therefore cancelled.

SECOND RACE.—The Selling Stakes of 10 sovereigns, for all horses; the winner to be sold by auction immediately after the race, any surplus over 20 sovereigns, to go to the race fund; heats, once round the course; catch weights; no distance; the winners of the first two heats only to enter in the third heat. Post entrance, 1½ sovereign.

For this race the following horses entered:—

Mr. Thomas Whelehan's g. g. Doctor 1 2 1
M. Larkin's br. m. Catch-me-if-you-can 2 1 2
Henry Waldron's br. m. Merrylegs 3 3 0

For the first heat a first-rate start was made, Doctor a short distance from the stand securing a good lead of a full length which he kept until the turn up the back of the course, when Merrylegs, being slightly behind, but close to Catch-me-if-you-can, bolted and drove the latter with him, leaving Doctor to canter round at his leisure. Both the bolters were brought on to the course and cantered round shortly after. In the next heat, the Doctor allowed the two brown horses to have the racing to themselves, merely cantering round. Catch-me-if-you-can took the lead at the turn-up of the back of the course, and kept it all the way round, coming in an easy winner. Owing to a dispute the judge, Dr. Alley, gave in his resignation. After this, the stewards consulted together, and the owner of Catch-me-if-you-can having declared his willingness to forego his claim to the prize, they again declared Doctor the winner of the Selling Stakes, at the same time announcing that Mr. Patrick Flannagan, of Broulee, had kindly consented to act as judge. The stewards also declared all bets off on this race.

THIRD RACE.—A Hack Race of 10 sovereigns, the winner to be sold by auction immediately after the race, any surplus over 15 sovereigns to go to the race fund; heats, once round the course. Post entrance, 1½ sovereign. No distance.

Mr. Peter Kelly's g. g. Doctor 1 1
Alfred Waldron's br. g. Rake 2 2
Henry Waldron's br. m. Merrylegs 3 3
Charles Faire's br. g. Plover 0 0

Doctor took the first heat with ease, Merrylegs and the Rake proving too slow to come near him; Plover was nowhere. In the second heat, the Doctor went off with the lead, and kept it all the way round, coming in several lengths a-head of the Rake.

THIRD DAY.

FIRST RACE.—The Ladies' Purse of 35 sovereigns, for all horses; the winner of the County Stakes to carry extra weight not exceeding 7 lbs., heats, one mile and a half. Entrance, 3 and a half sovereigns.

Mr. J. M'Cauley's g. g. Sportsman, 6 yrs. (C. M'Cauley) 1 1
Duncan Beaton's br. g. Albuero, 6 yrs. (Willis) 2 2
Thomas Hoare's br. g. Fair Play, aged 3 3

Fair Play took the lead cleverly, closely followed by Albuero, Sportsman being several lengths behind. As they approached the turn to the back of the course, Albuero took first place, and kept it till they had reached the end of the back run. Here Sportsman passed Albuero, and gradually increased his lead up to the distance stand, and came in an easy winner by several lengths, Fairplay a bad third.

In the second heat Fair Play again jumped away with the lead, Albuero following, and Sportsman much closer on their heels than he had been hitherto at the start. In this order they passed the stand, immediately after which Albuero assumed the lead, and kept it until they came on to the straight running at the back of the course, when Sportsman passed them both, and kept the front place all up the back of the course, all going at their best pace and close together. At the turn up the end of the course Albuero again took the lead for a short distance, but, when they had fairly come on to the straight run up, Sportsman collared him, passed him gradually, and a splendid race ensued between the two up to the distance stand, where Sportsman assumed a decided lead, and succeeded in coming in a winner by several lengths. Albuero pulled up at the fenced portion of the run in, and Fair Play barely saved his distance. Time, 3 min. 18 secs.

SECOND RACE.—The Welter Race of 25 sovereigns, for all horses carrying Homebush welter weights; one event, two miles. Entrance, 2½ sovereigns.

Mr. J. M'Cauley's g. g. Sportsman, 11st 1lb. (C. M'Cauley) 1
James M'Gill's blk. g. Sydney, 9st. 1lb. (Willis) 2
Thomas Hoare's b. g. Haphazard, 11st. 1lb. 3

At the first attempt a good start was made, Haphazard taking the lead, closely followed by Sydney, Sportsman falling into the rear. As they went along the turn Haphazard dropped off, Sydney took the lead for a short distance, but as they came on to the straight running both were passed by Sportsman, who kept the lead as they passed the grand stand. Sportsman gradually increased his advantage as they went up the back of the course, and Sydney again took the second place. When they came on to the straight run home, Sportsman had a lead of good three lengths, and kept it up to the distance stand, immediately after passing which, the others gave up all notion of winning, and allowed Sportsman to take the Welter hard held by six or seven lengths; Sydney second, Haphazard third. The time was very slow.

THIRD RACE.—The Consolation Stakes of 10 sovereigns, with a sweepstakes of 2 sovereigns each added, for all beaten horses during the meeting; to be handicapped by the stewards or whom they may appoint; one event, one mile and a half. Entrance, 1 sovereign.

The following horses were entered:

Mr. Thomas Hoare's br. g. Barney M'Guire, aged, 9st. 7lbs. 1
J. M'Gill's b. f. Rosa May, 3 years, 1st 2
Henry Waldron's b. g. Rake, aged, 8st 3

FOURTH RACE. The Forced Handicap of 3 sovereigns each, with 20 sovereigns added from the funds, for all winners, except Hack and Consolation Stakes; to be handicapped by the stewards or whom they may appoint; one mile and a half. Entrance 2 sovereigns. The following were the entrances:—

Mr. Thomas Hoare's bk. g. Barney M'Guire, 9st. 1
J. M'Cauley's g. g. Sportsman, 9st. 7lb. 2
Thomas Kelly's g. g. Doctor, 8st. 3

Sportsman declared 4 lbs. over his weight. A good start was secured, and as they went past the Grand Stand the first time the Doctor had a good lead, Sportsman second, and Barney M'Guire third. When they had got on to the straight run, Barney M'Guire collared Sportsman, and at the half-mile post they were neck and neck. Both riders laid on the whip and dug in the spur without stint, but Barney succeeded in forging ahead slightly, and was finally landed a winner, to the surprise of nearly all, by a bare length. Doctor several lengths behind. Sportsman's friends account for this result by referring to his previous exertions on this day, and his having to carry 11 lbs. more than the winner.

We would not be doing our duty, nor expressing the prevailing opinion, did we not record the very satisfactory manner in which the duties of their onerous posts were performed by one and all of the officials, more especially the Secretary, Mr. G. W. Brown, and the Clerk of the Course, Mr. Kelly.

The prizes were paid on Friday afternoon. The accounts being roughly balanced, it appeared that the funds realised were £30 short of the expenditure for different purposes. Of this deficiency, £10 is unpaid subscriptions, and the balance will either have to be subscribed by the public or defrayed out of the pockets of the stewards.

PARLIAMENTARY PAPERS.

COLONIAL TREASURY ACCOUNTS.

(Revision of, under Responsible Government.)

BOARD OF AUDIT TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR W. DENISON.

Sydney, 10th June, 1856.

In pursuance of the instructions contained in your Excellency's warrant of the 9th instant, we have the honour to report that we proceeded to the Colonial Treasury at the hour of 12 o'clock on that day, and, having produced the warrant to the Honorable the Colonial Treasurer, we examined the several cash books, and found that the following amounts stood to the credit of the several branches of revenue and receipts, as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
REVENUE ACCOUNTS.			
Consolidated revenue	45,207	3	5
Schedule A of Act 13 and 14 Vic., chap 59	12,254	19	10
Territorial revenue	3,645	5	11
Church and school fund	8,524	7	3
LODGMENT ACCOUNTS.			
Immigration remittances	2,861	10	0
Police reward fund	7,763	9	5
Police superannuation fund	4,740	6	9
Poundage	15,863	1	0
Imperial postage	3,281	15	10
Shipping master	57	12	9
Savings' Bank deposits	60,000	0	0
Revenue suspense account	2,516	2	3
Sundry deposits	3,409	4	4
Making a total of	£171,383	18	10

On this amount the treasurer is entitled to receive credit for the following sums, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Overdraft under the Scab in Sheep Act, 19 Vic., No. 27	£1,743	14	5
Government debentures belonging to the Police reward and superannuation funds	7,500	0	0
Savings' Bank deposits transferred to Mint bullion account, Bank of New South Wales	60,000	0	0
In all	£69,243	14	5

Leaving a balance to be accounted for, by deposits in the several banks and cash in the treasury chest, of £102 090 4s. 5d.

We accordingly sent to the managers of the several banks in which deposits are kept by the Treasurer, and ascertained that the balances standing at his credit, on the evening of the 7th instant, were as follows, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Bank of New South Wales	£74,632	9	9
Commercial Bank	16,603	12	8
Bank of Australasia	24,030	5	8
Union Bank of Australia	1,056	14	1
Joint Stock Bank	14,494	8	8
London Chartered Bank	14,061	7	2
Also cash in the hands of the paying teller	115	7	0
In all	£103,435	4	3

Which shows a balance, in excess of that standing in the treasury books, of £1314 1s. 9d.

This surplus is to be accounted for in consequence of the non-payment of cheques which have been issued from the Treasury, but not presented at the banks, amounting to £1228 14s. 2d., a list of which is herewith appended. This reduces the difference to £116 5s. 7d., to which must be added the sum of £45 8s. the amount of two dishonoured cheques, charged by the Joint Stock and Union Banks to the Treasurer's account, and not written off in his books; this makes the amount actually in excess of the Treasurer's balance to be £161 13s. 7d.

This sum is presumed to be made up of cheques issued from the Treasury, and, not as yet presented for payment, supposed to be lost or destroyed.

We have, therefore, to report that the whole of the balances, as exhibited in the Treasury books, are either available at the banks or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for, at the date on which we were directed to make the inspection.

C. D. RIDDELL.
SAM. D. GORDON.
CLARK IRVING.

His Excellency Sir William Denison, &c., &c.

LIST OF UNPRESENTED CHEQUES ON 7TH JUNE, 1857.

COMMERCIAL BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.						
February	8.	Gordon	41	15	4	
„	22.	Ditto	41	15	4	
May	21.	Dowling	121	3	8	
„		Coombe	25	0	0	
„		Armstrong	18	10	0	
„	30.	Kettle	13	15	0	
„	22.	Dowling	23	17	10	
June	5.	Seaman and Boy, Spitfire	14	19	11	
„		Barton	28	13	4	
„		Duffy	3	0	10	
„		Downe	8	18	8	
„		Raymond	18	15	0	
„		Still	2	0	10	
„		Dalton	18	2	6	
„		Culham	8	4	2	
„		Ree and Bailiffs	20	12	2	
„		French	11	4	9	
„		Good	11	4	9	
„		Reynolds	16	16	3	
						543 19 4

BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1850.						
January	29	Morrison	5	16	6	
1852.						
April	20	Farr	5	16	3	
1854.						
February	27	Beecher	17	15	0	
1855.						
February	13	Ditto	25	5	4	
March	5	Minter	4	3	4	
1856.						
March	25	Pickwood	24	1	5	
„		Ditto	16	13	4	
June	3	Brown	9	7	6	
						108 15 10

LONDON CHARTERED BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1855.						
April	7	Minter	4	3	4	
July	3	Ditto	4	3	4	
1856.						
February	15	Armstrong	15	0	0	
April	9	Cooley	11	9	7	
„	22	Shanley	1	10	2	
May	16	Thatcher	4	9	9	
June	3	Gilchrist	18	15	0	
„		Forster	16	13	4	
„		Kenny	3	12	6	
June	6	Emmett	16	13	4	
„		Barnes	123	18	0	
„		Taggart	47	15	0	
						£267 12 6

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1851.						
February	1	Turner	51	15	0	
1852.						
March	30	Flinn	5	0	0	
1854.						
Septemb.	23	Elmore	15	19	0	
1855.						
July	30	Shanks	30	10	0	
1856.						
January	25	Beecher	16	13	4	
1855.						
September	6	Minter	4	3	4	
1856.						
March	14	Bayley	3	5	0	
„	19	Ashwin	25	0	0	
May	26	Gannon	3	5	0	
„		M'Encroe	25	0	0	
„		Woolfrey	21	0	0	
June	4	Denison	17	4	1	
						223 17 9

JOINT STOCK BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1855.						
October	2	Minter	4	3	4	
1856.						
February	22	Jones	0	12	9	
June	8	Lindsay	11	0	0	
„		Ditto	36	13	4	
						52 9 5

UNION BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1850.						
October	16	M'Guire	2	18	6	
1852.						
March	8	Smith	3	6	8	
April	6	Hipwell	2	18	4	
October	18	Bracher	12	7	6	
1853.						
April	9	Boyle	7	2	0	
1855.						
February	6	Minter	4	3	4	
						32 16 4
		Total				£1,228 14 2

C. I.
S. D. G.

BOARD OF AUDIT TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR W. DENISON.

Sydney, 27th August, 1856.

In pursuance of the instructions contained in your Excellency's warrant of the 26th instant, we have the honour to report that we proceeded to the Colonial Treasury, at the hour of two o'clock this day, and, having produced the warrant to the Honorable Colonial Treasurer, we examined the several cash books, and found that the following amounts stood to the credit of the several branches of revenue and receipts, as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
REVENUE ACCOUNTS.			
Schedule A of Act 13 and 14 Vict., cap. 59	£10,680	18	0
Territorial revenue	2,123	6	11
Church and school estates fund	7,984	15	11
	£20,788	0	10
LODGMENT ACCOUNTS.			
Immigration remittances	4,324	0	0
Police reward fund	3,289	3	9
Police superannuation fund	6,274	4	9
Poundage	15,520	7	5
Imperial postage	5,633	14	4
Shipping master	110	1	1
Savings Bank deposits	60,000	0	0
Revenue suspense account	2,820	12	11
Sundry deposits	2,583	9	0
Making a total of	£128,426	14	1

On this amount the Treasurer is entitled to receive credit for the following sums:—

	£	s.	d.
Overdraft on the consolidated revenue	£18,990	18	10
Overdraft under the Scab in Sheep Act, 19 Vic., No. 27	2,181	8	10
Government debentures belonging to the police reward and superannuation funds	7,500	0	0
Savings bank deposits transferred to Mint bullion Account	60,000	0	0
In all	£88,672	7	8

Leaving a balance to be accounted for, by deposits in the several banks and cash in the treasury chest, of £37,754 6s. 5d.

We accordingly sent to the managers of the several banks in which deposits are kept by the Treasurer, and ascertained that the balances standing at his credit, on the evening of the 26th instant, were as follows, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Bank of New South Wales	£12,779	2	8
Commercial Bank	10,173	3	7
Bank of Australasia	2,594	15	8
Union Bank of Australia	8	16	9
Joint Stock Bank	11,609	18	9
Ditto ditto Suspense Account	1,8?8	18	1
London Chartered Bank	1,100	8	0
Also, cash in the hands of the paying teller	161	14	2
In all	£40,226	14	9

Which shows a balance in excess of that standing in the Treasury books of £2472 8s. 4d.

This surplus is to be accounted for in consequence of the non-payment of cheques which have been issued from the Treasury, but not presented at the banks, amounting to £2377 5s. 3d., a list of which is herewith appended. This reduces the difference to £95 3s. 1d., to which must be added the sum of £45 8s., the amount of two dishonoured cheques, charged by the Joint Stock and Union Banks to the Treasurer's account, and not written off in the list books; this makes the amount actually in excess of the Treasurer's balance to be £140 11s. 1.

This sum is presumed to be made up of cheques issued from the Treasury, and, not as yet presented for payment, supposed to be lost or destroyed.

We have therefore to report that the whole of the balances, as exhibited in the Treasury books, are either available at the banks or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for at the date on which we were directed to make the inspection.

THOMAS HOLT.
R. JONES.
HENRY BUCKLEY.

LIST OF UNPRESENTED CHEQUES, AUGUST [illegible], 1856.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1851.						
February	1	Turner	£51	15	0	
1852.						
March	30	Flinn	5	0	0	
1855.						
July	30	Shanks	30	10	0	
August	6	Gordon	41	15	4	
„	11	Lardner	11	10	0	
„	19	Ashwin	25	0	0	
„		Smith	23	4	5	
„		Bryant	7	9	6	
„	28	M'Petridge	0	0	0	
„	30	North	16	13	4	
„		Brown	30	16	8	
„		Gray	33	6	8	
„		Daveny	30	16	8	
„		Edwards	14	19	8	
„		Moore	16	13	4	
„		Kelly	42	13	4	
„		Pickwood	16	13	4	
„		Wright	16	12	4	
„		Ross	16	13	4	
„		Moreton	9	5	0	
„		Ditto	9	15	0	
„		O'Reilly	25	0	0	
„		Brooks	19	3	10	
„		Arnew	[illegible]			
„		Roche	16	14	8	
„		Beardmore	14	6	11	
„		Pickwood	4	16	0	
„		Antill	4	15	3	
„		Glennie	3	14	3	
1856.						
August	26	Clark	3	15	0	
„		Johnson	3	0	0	
„		Walford	1	0	0	
„		Kemp	10	12	4	
„		Ditto	2	11	1	
„		Allen	16	13	4	
„		Ditto	3	11	1	
„		Horton	10	13	4	
„		Ditto	3	11	1	
„		King	10	13	0	
„		Ditto	3	11	1	
„		Elder	16	13	4	
„		Ditto	3	11	1	
„		Gore	16	13	4	
„		Ditto	[illegible]			
„		Brienton	[illegible]			
„		Bloomfield	[illegible]			
„		Crowley	[illegible]			
„		Dudding	[illegible]			
„		Butler	[illegible]			
						£807 12 [illegible]

BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1850.						
January	30	Morrison	5	16	6	
1852.						
April	20	Farr	5	16	3	
1856.						
July	28	M'Alister	4	15	0	
						16 7 11

LONDON CHARTERED BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.						
April	22	Shanley	1	10	2	
July	1	Bolan	1	16	1	
						3 15 3

UNION BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1853.						
April	9	Boyle	7	2	0	
						7 2 0

COMMERCIAL BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.						
August	4	Moriarty	56	5	0	
„	12	Wright	7	10	0	
„	25	Hyde	19	2	0	
„		Davidson	62	10	0	
„		Templar	66	0	0	
„	29	Nowland	25	10	0	
„		Nicholson	24	7	6	
„		Gas Company	24	15	0	
„		Greig	24	6	8	
„		West	3	4	0	
„		Miller	2	0	0	
„		Sullivan	2	0	0	
„		Stacey	4	3	0	
„		White	2	6	3	
„		Brown	1	11	3	
„		Ditto	1	6	0	
„		Lindsay	3	10	0	
„		Briggs	3	12	10	
„		Macdonald	1	17	5	
„		Ditto	3	2	3	
„		Ross	1	11	6	
						411 5 1

JOINT STOCK BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
February	22	Jones	0	12	9	
June	30	Mann	5	12	4	
August	1	Allen	41	13	4	
„		M'Evilly	18	1	1	
„		Allen	34	14	5	
„		Culhane	9	4	1	
„	15	Bowman	23	11	0	
„		Crossdill	32	0	9	
„	26	Crummer	250	0	0	
„		Mann	400	0	0	
„		Probter	100	0	0	
„		Yeatman	14	13	5	
„		Freeburn	16	13	4	
„		Boatmen, C.R.P.S.	41	6	3	
„		King	20	4	10	
„		Shardon	29	16	10	
						1028 4 5

JOINT STOCK BANK SUSPENSE ACCOUNT.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.						
August	25	Lynch				2 16 0
		Total				£2377 5 3

Initialed.—R. J. H. B. JNO. WELLS, Accountant.
The Treasury, 27th August, 1856.

BOARD OF AUDIT TO HIS EXCELLENCY SIR W. DENISON.

Sydney, 6th October, 1856.

In pursuance of the instructions contained in your Excellency's warrant of the 3rd instant, we have the honor to report that we proceeded to the Colonial Treasury at the hour of 10 o'clock on the following day, and, having produced the warrant to the honorable the Colonial Treasurer, we examined the several cash books, and found that the following amounts stood to the credit of the several branches of revenue and receipts, as follows, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
REVENUE ACCOUNTS.			
Schedule A of Act 13 and 14 Vic., cap. 59	£11,110	17	5
Territorial revenue	1,952	5	2
Church and school fund	7,356	19	6
LODGMENT ACCOUNTS.			
Immigration remittances	£3,476	6	0
Police reward fund	8,461	15	5
Police superannuation fund	6,451	0	2
Poundage account	15 949	17	11
Imperial postage	3,894	10	9
Shipping master's account	63	15	2
Saving Bank deposits	60 000	0	0
Revenue suspense account	4,202	6	1
Sundry deposits	1,993	9	0
Making a total of	£128,894	16	7

On this amount the treasurer is entitled to receive credit for the following sums, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Overdraft on the consolidated revenue account	£1,477	17	2
Overdraft under the Scab in Sheep Act, 19 Victoria, No. 27	2,232	7	10
Government debentures belonging to police reward and superannuation fund	7,500	0	0
Savings Bank deposit transferred to Mint bullion account	60,000	0	0
In all	£71,210	5	0

Leaving a balance to be accounted for by deposits in the several banks and cash in the Treasury chest of £57,684 11s. 7d.

We accordingly sent to the managers of the several banks in which deposits are kept by the Treasurer, and ascertained that the balances standing at his credit, on the evening of the 3rd instant, were as follows, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Bank of New South Wales	£2,011	16	4
Commercial	2,949	9	2
Bank of Australasia	2,587	11	1
Union Bank	5	16	9
Joint Stock Bank	50,663	19	11
Ditto (Suspense Account)	2,704	4	7
London Chartered Bank	1,098	5	10
	61,617	6	8
Also, cash in hands of paying teller	193	7	7
	£61,810	14	3

Which shows a balance, in excess of that standing in the Treasury books, of £4126 2s. 8d. This surplus is to be accounted for, in consequence of the non-payment of cheques which have been issued from the Treasury, but not presented at the banks, amounting to £4041 16s. 3d., a list of which is herewith appended. This reduces the difference to £84 6s. 5d., to which must be added the sum of £45 8s., the amount of two dishonoured cheques, charged by the Joint Stock Bank and Union Bank to the Treasurer's account, and not written off in his book; this makes the amount actually in excess of the Treasury balance to be £129 14s. 5d.

This sum is presumed to be made up of cheques issued from the Treasury, and not as yet presented for payment, supposed to be lost or destroyed.

We have, therefore, to report that the whole of the balances as exhibited in the Treasury books are either available at the banks, or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for, at the date on which we were directed to make the inspection.

JOHN CAMPBELL.
R. JONES.
THOMAS HOLT.

His Excellency Sir W. T. Denison, &c., &c.

LIST OF UNPRESENTED CHEQUES, 3RD OCTOBER, 1856.

JOINT STOCK BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.						
February	12	Jones	0	12	9	
June	30	Mann	5	12	4	
August	15	Crossdill	32	0	9	
September	2	Taylor	[illegible]	0	0	
„	30	White	4	0	0	
October	3	Mayne	421	1	8	
„		Cary	65	13	4	
„		Murray	42	10	0	
„		Mayne	42	10	0	
„		Denison	562	0	0	
„		Ditto	32	0	0	
„		Cowper	166	13	4	
„		Campbell	174	3	4	
„		Martin	125	0	0	
„		Cheeke	56	13	4	
„		Moriarty	62	10	0	
„		Emmott	16	13	4	
„		Stephen	191	13	4	
„		Dickinson	150	0	0	
„		Therry	150	0	0	
„		Milford	125	0	0	
„		Dillon	50	0	0	
„		Billyard	22	6	8	
„		Forster	20	13	4	
„		Lee	20	16	8	
„		M'Nish	17	6	8	
„		Duffy	10	6	8	
„		Kelly	8	13	6	
„	3	Police Superannuation Fund	30	11	8	
„		Police Reward Fund	30	11	8	
„		French	10	17	6	
„		Dunn	10	17	6	
„		Good	10	17	6	
„		McBean	10	17	6	
„		Macarthur	18	1	1	
„		Allan	22	4	5	
„		Roddall	22	4	5	
„		Priddle	22	4	5	
„		Gunther	15	1	1	
„		Hale	4	10	1	
„		Moriarty	66	5	0	
„		Cahill	25	0	0	
„		Bowdler	20	0	0	
„		Shaw	25	0	0	
„		Crook	25	0	0	
„		Myhill	25	0	0	
„		McVeigh	25	0	0	
„		Skates	5	17	0	
„		Berry	5	18	4	
„		Maley	5	17	6	
„		O'Shea	5	17	6	
„	3	Burnett	5	17	0	
„		Moffitt	20	1	1	
„		Melahon	7	5	0	
„		Howell	7	5	0	
„	8	Paisley	7	5	0	
„		Graham	15	11	1	
„		Dowd	7	5	0	
„		Siddons	15	11	1	
„		Fitzgerald	7	5	0	
„		Hoagan	7	5	0	
„		Bowdler	7	5	0	
„		Pettitt	15	11	1	
„		Ditto	7	5	0	
„		Compton	7	5	0	
„		Turner	7	5	0	
„		Blanche	7	5	0	
„		Naper	16	5	0	
„		Hogarty	5	17	6	
„		Governor General's Establishment	13	16	3	
„		Riddell	55	0	0	
„		Meresuther	75	0	0	
„		Manning	65	13	4	
„		Cheeke	22	10	0	
„		Brown	10	10	0	
„		Pring	180	0	0	
„		Clarke	[illegible]			
„		Edwards	[illegible]			
„		Rundle	[illegible]			
„		Porter	[illegible]			
						£3,822 10 11

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1855.						
July	30	Shanks	30	10	0	
August	11	Lardner	11	10	0	
„	19	Bryant	7	9	6	
„	28	M'Petridge	0	0	0	
1856.						
September	9	Lindsay	8	13	4	
„	15	Browne	1	0	6	
						60 3 4

COMMERCIAL BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.						
August	4	Moriarty	56	5	0	
September	9	Mitchell	8	3	5	
„		Gordon	41	13	4	
„	19	Quinlan	5	14	2	
						111 15 11

UNION BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1853.						
April	9	Boyle	7	2	0	
						7 2 0

LONDON CHARTERED BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.						
July	1	Bolan	1	16	1	
						1 16 1

JOINT STOCK BANK.

Date		Name	£	s.	d.	Total
(Suspense.)						
September	26	Lewis	20	0	0	
						20 0 0
		Total				£4041 16 3

JNO. WELLS, accountant.

The Treasury, 6th October, 1856.

In compliance with the request of the Honorable Stuart A. Donaldson and the Honorable Richard Jones, we proceeded to the Colonial Treasury for the purpose of ascertaining the balance at the credit of the Government, on the evening of the 5th instant, after the close of business, and having examined the several cash books, we found that the following amounts stood to the credit of the various branches of the public accounts, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
REVENUE ACCOUNTS.			
Consolidated revenue, viz.:			
Revenue proper	£35,714	19	6
Loans account	83,610	18	11
Assessment on sheep	11,329	15	8
Schedules A., B., and C.	53	9	10
Church and school fund	8,311	1	8
	£139,010	5	7
LODGMENT ACCOUNTS.			
Police reward fund	£1[illegible],652	1	3
Police superannuation fund	7,513	18	9
Poundage	15,435	9	1
Imperial postage	192	6	0
Shipping Master	342	15	6
Savings Bank deposits	62,000	0	0
Revenue suspense fund (old)	1,078	1	6
Ditto ditto (new)	3,387	11	9
Sundry deposits	904	2	9
Trust money deposits	61,470	11	9
	162,3[illegible]6	19	1
Debenture suspense account	10,000	0	0
Making a total of	£311,377	4	8

On this balance the Treasurer is entitled to receive credit for the following sums, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
For amount of Government debentures belonging to the Police Reward and Superannuation Fund Board (in vault)	16,500	0	0
Savings Bank deposits transferred to Mint bullion account	60,000	0	0
Debenture suspense account	10,000	0	0
	£86,500	0	0

Leaving a balance to be accounted for by deposits in the banks and cash in the Treasury-chest of £224,877 4s. 8d.

We accordingly sent to the managers of the several banks, and ascertained that the balances standing at the credit of the Government on the 5th instant were as follows, viz.:—

	£	s.	d.
Bank of New South Wales	58	15	1
Commercial Bank	94	15	11
Union Bank	8	16	9
Bank of Australasia	12	6	2
Joint Stock Bank	128,096	4	0
Ditto, suspense account	3,508	8	11
Ditto, debenture account	5,474	18	6
Oriental Bank	90,000	0	0
	£227,2[illegible]6	7	10
Which, together with the amount of cash in the hands the Paying teller, shows a balance of	289	15	4
	£227,546	3	2

being in excess of that exhibited in the Treasury books by the sum of £2668 18s. 6d. This surplus is accounted for in consequence of the non-payment of cheques which have been issued from the Treasury, but not presented at the banks, a list of which is hereunto appended, amounting to £2550 17s. 5d., which reduces the difference to £118 1s. 1d.

This sum is presumed to be made up of cheques issued from the Treasury, but not as yet presented for payment, which are supposed to have been lost or destroyed.

We have, therefore, to report that the whole of the balances exhibited in the Treasury books are either available at the Banks, or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for, at the date on which we were requested to make the inspection.

HENRY BUCKLEY.
SAMUEL D. GORDON.
THOMAS HOLT.

List of Treasurer's Cheques unpresented on 5th September, 1857.

Joint Stock Bank.

When drawn.		No.	Name.	£	s.	d.	Total
1856.							
September	2	279	Taylor	9	0	0	
November	7	962	Peacock	10	10	0	
December	5	1317	Easton	8	5	0	
1857.							
February	16	2754	Hall	8	2	9	
April	16	3066	Ravenscroft	2	13	7	
June	4	3719	Burns	5	12	7	
July	14	4205	Wythes	2	10	8	
August	15	4551	Doyle	5	5	0	
„		4636	Choppin	3	5	0	
„		4640	Morgan	5	12	0	
„	17	4642	Ashwin	8	6	8	
„		4644	Ashwin	30	12	4	
„	19	674*	Mitchell	31	8	0	
„	20	4691	Coffey and Ors.	45	1	1	
„		4695	Johnson and Anr.	41	13	4	
„	21	4 12	Bowman	15	9	7	
„	27	4762	Hughes	1	2	6	
„	25	4740	Innes	1	4	0	
„	31	4784	Goodwin	3	11	6	
September	2	665*	Shawnessy	24	10	2	
„	3	4807	Cartwright	21	13	11	
„	4	4881	Barton	25	5	0	
„		4837	Alleyne and Ors.	75	16	8	
„		4839	Moriarty	62	10	0	
„		4842	Wise	55	6	0	
„	5	888*	Barker	250	0	0	
„		4842	Rich	27	10	0	
„		4846	Wickham	58	6	8	
„		4844	Johnson	16	13	4	
„		4845	Berney	1500	0	0	
„		4846	Palmer	25	0	0	
June	30	2959	Carter	1	0	0	
							2373 5 5
1856.			Suspense Account.				
October	25	81	Flanagan	5	7	6	
November	4	82	Ditto	5	7	6	
April	14	172	Robertson	0	10	0	
May	4	187	N. Barry	0	12	0	
„	23	206	Melville	0	15	0	
„	30	211	Emerson	2	0	0	
June	22	233	Milne	4	6	7	
July	8	252	Colin Fletcher	4	10	0	
„	16	263	Perry	6	16	10	
August	20	292	Pring	1	1	4	
„	27	298	Corfield	5	6	7	
September	5	314	Transfer	20	0	0	
„		305	Ditto	5	0	0	
„		306	Ditto	32	0	0	
„		307	Ditto	5	0	0	
							£130 17 2
			Union Bank.				
1853.							
April	9		Boyle				7 2 0
			Bank of New South Wales.				
1845.							
October	31	975	Wyatt	11	13	4	
1855.							
July	30	759	Shanks	30	10	0	
August	19	200	Bryant	7	9	6	
							£49 12 10
			Total				£2550 17 5

Treasury, 7th September, 1857. JNO. WELLS, Accountant.

CROWN LANDS IN THE DISTRICTS OF NEW ENGLAND, CLARENCE, AND RICHMOND.

RETURN showing the quantity, and prices received for all lands in the districts of New England, Clarence, and Richmond, from January 1st, 1854, to June 30th, 1857:—New England, 17,048 acres 0 rood 25 perches, £34,409 7s. 8d.; Clarence, 10,179 acres 2 roods 18 perches, £15,532 1s. 7d. What is termed the "Richmond district," is presumed to be included in the Clarence district.

DEJEUNER TO THE BISHOP OF SYDNEY, AT GEELONG.

(Abridged from the Geelong Advertiser, 3rd November.)

On Saturday, a meeting of the clergy and laity of the Church of England took place at the Mechanics' Hall to give a cordial welcome and reception to Dr. Barker, D.D., Metropolitan Bishop of Australia, who had lately arrived here from Sydney, on a visit to the Bishop of Melbourne. About two p.m., the guests began to arrive, and continued to do so until a late hour. About half past two, Dr. Barker, the Bishop of Sydney, with Dr. Perry, the Bishop of Melbourne, drove up to the door of the Mechanics' Institution, accompanied by Mrs. Barker and Mrs. Perry. They were conducted into the hall by several of the clergy and laity assembled at the door. They took up a position on the platform, or dais, when the Archdeacon of Geelong read an address from the Archdeacon, clergy, and lay-readers of this district to the Bishop of Sydney, welcoming his presence amongst them, and expressing appreciation of the zeal and devotion he has been known to exercise in the Metropolitan district of Sydney. To this address the Bishop read an appropriate answer, thanking them for the interest and good feeling manifested towards him by their earnest and affectionate language. He remarked that many important events had occurred since his venerable predecessor, Bishop Broughton, had visited the town of Geelong, in 1843, and trusted that his present interview with the Bishop, clergy, and lay members of the Church, in this district, would be found mutually beneficial.

Mr. William Gilbert M'Kellar, J.P., on behalf of the merchants, bankers, tradesmen, and others of this town, presented an address to the Metropolitan Bishop, to which he returned a suitable answer.

After this the ceremony of introducing to the Metropolitan Bishop the several gentlemen on the platform took place, which was performed by the Archdeacon of Geelong.

At three o'clock the party sat down to a cold collation. The Archdeacon of Geelong took the chair, supported on his right hand by the Bishop of Sydney and Mr. T. T. A'Beckett; on his left by the Bishop of Melbourne and Mr. J. S. Hill (the rest of the ladies and gentlemen arranging their seats at either table, Mr. F. Champion, and Mr. W. G. M'Kellar, officiating as vice-chairmen. The *coup d'œil* at this moment was strikingly fine from the company comprising an equalisation of both sexes. After grace had been said by the Bishop of Melbourne, the Chairman gave "The health of her Majesty the Queen," which was responded to, the company singing the National Anthem to the music of the organ. To this followed the "Health of the Prince Consort, the Prince of Wales, and the rest of the Royal family."

The Chairman proposed "The health of the Bishop of Sydney."

Dr. Barker, in returning thanks, said that he did so with feelings of gratitude for the cordial reception he had met with from the members of the United Church of England and Ireland in this diocese. He did not regard this kind reception so much personally as the result of that warmth of feeling, cordiality, and co-operation which every Christian man ought to entertain and manifest towards his Church. It had frequently been urged against the Church of England that her ministers and clergy were isolated beings, standing aloof from one another and from the whole body of the Church at large. This might probably be the case in some places, but it certainly did not apply here any more than in Sydney, as witness the present proceedings. Such language as had been addressed to him that day, and such language as, in the fulness of his heart, he had replied with, could not be mistaken. But it was only on very few occasions that such language could be indulged in with propriety, and perhaps this occasion was one. The expressions made use of towards the Bishop of Melbourne, calling him their beloved diocesan, was universally felt to be true. His object in coming over from Sydney was to hold personal intercourse with them. He had long looked forward to so doing with earnest anticipation. He now cordially returned thanks to the Venerable the Archdeacon, the Rev. Mr. Goodman, and the other gentlemen present for convening a meeting of this description, which could hardly be expected ever to take place in the mother-country in this spontaneous manner. Such a meeting tended in a great degree to strengthen that sympathetic affection and respect which should always obtain between the ministers of the Church and her members.

Mr. M'Kellar proposed the health of the Bishop of Melbourne.

The Bishop of Melbourne thanked them sincerely for the flattering manner in which they had been pleased to drink his health. He had oftentimes visited the town of Geelong, sometimes to lay the foundation of a church, sometimes a school or other public institution, but on no previous occasion had he derived so much gratification from his visit as on the present. It was his great pleasure and happy fortune to introduce the metropolitan bishop of Australasia to Geelong, and to introduce Geelong to the Metropolitan. The Bishop of Sydney had stolen a march upon him in Melbourne; for he had arrived in that city on his way to Sydney in 1855, when he himself was absent. He felt it to be a great privilege to have his brother of Sydney amongst them. Hoped it would prove beneficial to all—to himself from the intercourse which would ensue—to the rest of the clergy for the very same advantage, and good to the laity, as they would hear him address them from the pulpit. He himself had felt it good to listen to him; had done so on several occasions, and had always been benefited. He hoped he would be strengthened and encouraged to carry on the work of evangelisation in his vast diocese. With him it was the same as with most of the clergy; seldom having an opportunity of personal intercourse with one who shared the same duties and responsibilities with himself. This was the first time that Bishop Barker had visited one of his suffragan bishops in his own diocese, and it might reasonably be expected that after what he had heard and seen amongst us, he too would benefit by the interchange of thought and ideas. Much had been said on want of harmony in the Church. This, to an extent, must be admitted. But sunshine is ever mingled with clouds; and this vicissitude is applicable to everything around us. He himself might have thought he had reason to complain. Others of his lay brethren might have thought they had reason to do so. He might have even written and spoken too strongly on some occasions. He trusted that others of his lay friends felt that they might have done the same. But under God's providence, all has been overruled for good. In the midst of all mistakes that may have been committed there has been an honesty of purpose and zeal for a good cause displayed each towards his fellow workmen, and so they had gone on acquiring, by God's grace, strength and union. His Lordship of Sydney had alluded to the circumstance, that such a spontaneous unison of laity and clergy could not well be arrived at in England as had taken place in this remote colony that day. He believed that he was accurate in his estimation, for he had never seen it. From his own experience as a colonial Bishop he bade his brother to take courage—to go forward; trials would come, take what precaution you may. He was sorry, on this occasion, to find one gentleman absent whose presence would have given him heartfelt satisfaction. He thanked them all sincerely for the manner in which they had received the Metropolitan Bishop, as well as himself, and invoked every blessing upon this their meeting.

"The Dean and Clergy of Melbourne," "The Archdeacon of Geelong," "The Registrar," and other toasts, were proposed and responded to before the party separated.

PROVINCIAL MARKETS.

BATHURST, NOVEMBER 7.

MESSRS. TREES and CROAKER report that an unprecedented gloom hangs over the district. There is (they say) no business to be done, and we fear that until the crops are gathered, or at least so far certain as to admit of security, there will be no material change for the better. We have a large amount of live stock at our disposal, but in consequence of the heavy stocks at present in the Melbourne market, we are unable to effect sales at the reserved price. Sheep are being enquired for, but we hear of no transactions; the prices asked are considered exorbitant. Fat wethers, prime, 15s to 17s, shorn. Store cattle, so d, from 2 years to 7, equal sexes, 50s. Purchasers not disposed to give more than 47s., a consequent lull in this branch of business at present. Milch cows, to calve soon, are now available in demand at from £3 to £4 10s if good; working bullocks, £6 10s to £7 handy; wheat, good samples, 6s 9d to 7s; flour, fine, 20s per 100 lbs.; seconds, 18s per 100 lbs.; bran, 7s per 100 lbs.; pollard, 8s ditto; maize (steadily advancing), 9s per bushel; oats, 8s ditto; barley, 6s 6d to 6s ditto; bacon, good, 7½d to 8d, inferior unsaleable; cheese, new, 5½d; ditto, old, 8d; salt butter, 1s 3d to 1s 5d; potatoes, 7s per ton, good samples scarce; hay, £7 per ton, downward tendency.

LEATHER MARKET.—Mr. Thomas Robinson reports this market as under: Sole, 1s 3d per lb.; kip, 2s 6d ditto; harness, black and brown, 1s 4d ditto; calf, heavy, 3s ditto; calf, light, 3s 6d ditto; basils, from 12s to 18s per dozen.

GOULBURN, NOVEMBER 6.

During the week (says the *Herald*) an active business has been done by our storekeepers. In addition to twenty bales of wool bought from Mr. Styles, of Bullamalita, Messrs. S. Emanuel and Son report the purchase of a load of cheese. Mr. Moss Marks reports the purchase of 75 ozs. of gold, the produce of the Tuena. Mr. J. Bull reports having bought a fine sample of new cheese (the first of the season) from Longreach, at 5½d, butter (fresh) at 1s, and eggs at 9d. In potatoes, an increased price of 10s is reported. With regard to the wheat market, we have nothing to add to former remarks.

STOCK AND MERCHANDISE.—Messrs. Dignam and Co. report as follows:—The demand to meet the Indian exigency continues to affect this market considerably, and for horses of all descriptions late quotations are maintained. Our sales have been as follows: 9 head, broken to saddle, at from £8 15s to £21, and 4 head, saddle and draught, at from £11 10s to £20 10s. We understand that Colonel Robbins intends to visit Goulburn shortly, and should recommend our friends to take advantage of what will no doubt be an opportunity of realising to the best advantage on first-class stock. General merchandise: We can report no improvement in this branch. Congous are in demand; also, sugars, salt, and most heavy goods, stocks being small. Hyson-skins are unsaleable, except in first brands. Drapery of all kinds is dull of sale. Two cases of English fireworks realised an average of 20 per cent. on the invoice; colonial boots, 17s 6d per pair; saddles, £3 7s 6d each; bridles, 5s 3d each; brooms, 15s to 22s 6d per dozen; brushes, 5s to 18s per dozen; scrubbing brushes, 11s per dozen; shoe brushes, 2s to 2s 6d per set; chairs, 5s 3d to 10s each; children's rocking chairs, 30s per dozen, &c., &c.

Mr. H. Greig reports having sold, during the week, at the Australian Sale yards, 25 head of horses 1 at £28, 1 at £25, 1 at £24, 1 at £22, 2 at £21 10s, 2 at £20, 2 at £18, 1 at £15 10s, 1 at £14, 1 at £12, and nine head at prices from £11 to £8 10s. Spring cart and harness, £30; gig and harness, £36; dray, £15. The stock offered have been of a very fair description; the attendance has been large; and the prices obtained have been satisfactory. Good conditioned thoroughly broken-in horses are mostly in demand. At the Australian Auction Mart no large sales have been effected. The following prices have been realised for small parcels only:—Hyson-skin tea, £5 per chest; light sugars, 5½d to 5¾d per lb.; coffee, in tins, 1s 3d per lb.; tartaric acid, 1s 9d per lb.; carb. soda, 4½d per lb.; starch, 7d per lb.; sofas, 40s each; four-post beds each, £5 each; iron bedsteads, £1 4s each; safes, £3 5s to £3 10s; chairs, 10s to 18s 6d; wash-hand stands, 25s to 33s each; &c., &c.

CATTLE.—The sale held at Mrs. Craig's, Invermochy, was well attended. Sixty-one head were sold, the fat bullocks and 11 head store cattle, at an average of £5 5s per head. In consequence of the present demand, a similar lot will be sold on the 17th instant.

WHOLESALE MARKET PRICES.—Wheat, 8s to 8s 6d per bushel; oats, none offering; barley, 6s to 8s per bushel; maize, 8s ditto; hay, £8 per ton; potatoes, £8 to £8 10s ditto; bacon, 6½d to 7½d per lb.; cheese, 5d to 6½d ditto; salt butter, 6d to 10d ditto.

SHIPPING.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.

THIS DAY.—Zemindar, for Madras; Ariel, for Twofold Bay; Caroline, and Boomerang (s.), for Brisbane; Victoria Packet, and Wonga Wonga (s.), for Melbourne; R. M. S. S. City of Sydney, for Suez, via Melbourne; Jeanne, for Batavia.

CLEARANCES.

November 10.—Hebe, brig, 198 tons, Captain Kenestt, for Adelaide via Newcastle, in ballast.

November 10.—Victoria Packet, barque, 170 tons, Captain Fenwick, for Melbourne.

November 10.—Jeanne, barque, 445 tons, Captain Toutouse, for Batavia, in ballast.

November 10.—Caroline, schooner, 127 tons, Captain Smith, for Moreton Bay, with sundries.

November 10.—R. M. S. S. City of Sydney, 394 tons, Captain Moodie, for Suez, via Melbourne. Passengers—for Southampton: Mr. A. Bde. Le Grye, Mr. Leathes, Mr. Lindsay. For Alexandria: Mr. and Mrs. Knox Master Knox four children and servant, and Mr. J. Alexander. For Melbourne: Miss Brown, Mr. Seaife, Mr. J. Brown, Colonel Bloomfield, Messrs. Manning, Farmer, Allen, Brown, and Calle.

COASTERS INWARDS.

November 10.—Nancy, George Mitchell, Triton, and Margaret, from Newcastle, with 420 tons coals; Cecilia, from Brisbane Water, with 300 baskets shells; Cumberland, from Morpeth, with 80 tons coals; Industry, from the Hawkesbury, with 300 bushels maize, 30 bags wheat, 5 coops fowls, 20 cases eggs; Collaroy (s.), from Morpeth, with 220 bags bran, 60 trusses hay, 40 bales wool, 9 bundles skins, 6 horses, 12 calves, 179 hides, 150 bags pollard.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.

November 10.—Caroline, for Morpeth; Pacific, and Trial, for Newcastle; Uncle Tom, Traveller, and Cecilia, for Brisbane Water; Architect, for Manning River.

EXPORTS.

November 10.—Victoria Packet, for Melbourne: 500 cases 800 half-cases geneva, D. Cohen and Co.; 99 cases gin, J. Davis and Co.; 50,000 feet cedar, 2000 spokes, 460 casks beer, J. Cook.

November 10.—R. M. S. S. City of Sydney, for Suez, via Melbourne: 1 box, 11½ ozs. gold, Veyret Delarue; 3 boxes, 3458 ozs. bar gold, 1 box, 1000 sovereigns, Oriental Bank; 1 box, 4 ozs. 15 dwts., Sir D. Cooper; 1 box, 5500 sovereigns, J. Milsom; 1 box, 1800 sovereigns, J. Alexander; 1 box documents, S. Dichson. Recapitulation: 5 boxes, 3474 ozs. gold, 4 boxes, 7400 sovereigns.

SHIPS' MAILS.

Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—

FOR AUCKLAND.—By the Gil Blas, this day, at noon, if not underway.

FOR MELBOURNE.—By the Wonga Wonga (s.), this day, at 4 p.m.

FOR BRISBANE.—By the Boomerang (s.), this evening, at 5·30.

FOR HONGKONG.—By the Grey Feather, this evening, at 6.

FOR SHANGHAE.—By the Thracian, this evening, at 6.

FOR WELLINGTON.—By the Cheetah, this evening, at 6.

FOR CEYLON.—By the Washington Irving, this evening, at 6.

FOR BATAVIA.—By the Jeanne, this evening, at 6.

General Post Office, Sydney, 10th November, 1857.

NOTICE.

A FURTHER Mail by the City of Sydney, will close at this office on WEDNESDAY (this day), the 11th instant, at 10 a.m. No additional postage will be required. A supplementary Mail for the City of Sydney, per Wonga Wonga, will close at this office, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 4 p.m. Registered letters for the above mail cannot be received after 3 p.m. All letters forwarded by the latter opportunity, must bear in addition to the prescribed rates, a late fee of a sixpenny stamp on each, irrespective of weight.

W. H. CHRISTIE, Postmaster-General.

NEWCASTLE.

DEPARTURES.

November 9.—Ellen Simpson, barque, Captain Poole, for Melbourne, with 419 tons coal.

November 9.—Martha, schooner, Captain Hodge, for Geelong, with 150 tons coals.

November 9.—Triton, brig, Captain Cooper, for Sydney, with 180 tons coal.

November 10.—Perseverance, schooner, 75 tons, Captain Rundle, for New Caledonia, with a general cargo of supplies.

PORT OF WOLLONGONG.—Great disappointment was experienced by many parties through the non-arrival of the steamer on Tuesday morning last. We believe the reason for this was the heavy sea running on Monday. With this exception the usual trips have been performed. The Orient, from Shoalhaven bound to Sydney, and the Mount's Bay for Kiama, put into port through stress of weather; the latter came in on Thursday and went out again on the following day; the former came in on Friday, made an attempt to resume her voyage on Saturday, but was compelled to put back again. The Torara came in for coals on Saturday morning. The Illawarra has been laid up a portion of this week, but will resume her trips to-night.

EXPORTS.—Exports from Wollongong for the fortnight ending 7th November:—597 kegs butter, 24 cases eggs, 3 bales bacon, 13 coops poultry, 1 cask lard, 1 bundle wild fowl, 249 pigs, 30 calves, 1 cow, 1 package honey, 12 horses, 34 bags maize, 27 hides, 2 bundles sheepskins, 2 bundles calfskins, 51 sides leather, 5 cases and bales leather, 1 cask boots, 24 bags pollard, 1 cart, 1300 hands cabbage-tree, 825 feet cedar, 540 feet flooring boards, 7 bags shank bones, 430 horns, 300 tons coal.

ANOTHER MAIL BAG DETENTION.—Daniel M'Fie, captain of the steamer Havilah, trading between Melbourne and Adelaide, appeared at the District Court yesterday to answer an information charging him with detaining a mail-bag containing 180 letters and twelve newspapers for three days after the arrival of the vessel in Hobson's Bay, on the 13th ult. Mr. Sievewright attended on behalf of the Post Office; and Mr. F. Stephen appeared for the defendant. Mr. Sievewright said he was receiving-officer of foreign mails. He received a portion of the mail brought by the steamer Havilah on the 13th instant, in the middle of the day; and subsequently, on the 16th, he received another mail-bag from Mr. M'Fie himself, who said that it had been found behind a looking-glass. Robert Dyson said he boarded the Havilah on her arrival on the 13th, and demanded the mails. The captain gave him several bags, and witness gave him a receipt for them. By Mr. Stephen: The steamer was not swinging on the bank, in a very dangerous position, when the captain, who was in the cabin, gave him the mails. Mr. Stephen, for the defence, said that when the steamer left Adelaide, the captain gave a receipt for six mail-bags; but afterwards, when the vessel was underway, a boat came off with another bag, which, in the confusion of the starting, was placed by the steward behind the looking-glass of the cabin for safety. No receipt had been given at Adelaide for the mail, and the defendant, if he had liked, could have tied a chain-shot to the bag, and sunk it in Hobson's Bay, when no one would have been the wiser. Daniel M'Fie said that to the best of his knowledge and belief he gave a receipt for six mail-bags when he left Adelaide. The bag which he afterwards found was not one of those six. No number of mail-bags was demanded by the officer when he boarded the vessel, but the mail generally. By Mr. Sievewright: He generally kept the mail in a vacant berth during the passage. The Bench did not consider that the defence set up formed any excuse for the defendant's neglect, but that great carelessness had been displayed, both on the departure and on the arrival of the vessel. By the 36th clause of the Act, the defendant rendered himself liable to a penalty of £50, and by the 39th clause to a fine of £100 for every letter that was detained, to say nothing of the newspapers. He was fined £10 and costs.—*Melbourne Herald*, 3rd November.

THE WRECK OF THE CATHERINE ADAMSON.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—Captain Stuart was certainly to blame in bringing the Catherine Adamson in between the Heads at that hour of the night, and giving her into the pilot's charge under such sail as she was then carrying.

A ship under double-reefed topsails in a narrow channel, and with a ground swell tumbling in, cannot be expected to work well or readily. Certainly the pilot could have ran out, or have hove to in mid-channel, and shook out a reef before attempting to beat her in; but he took Captain Stewart's word for it, that the ship would work well under that canvas, and endeavoured to bring her in; and we know the sequel. This was the first mistake, for either, I say, the ship should have had more sail on her, or, if it was blowing so hard that she could not have safely carried more sail, then she should have been kept at sea until daylight. After the ship anchored, and when within almost her own length of the breakers, and with a certainty of tailing on the rocks, when she swung with the tide, no preparations were made for placing the passengers in safety, or were the boats even got ready for use. Why, we are told in the evidence that, at the last, when the boats both left in such a hurry, that no rowlocks were in them, and that the men had to paddle the boat along. In a well-ordered ship, and especially whilst entering a harbour at night, the boats should be ready for immediate service. But, to be brief, I must say that, from first to last, there appears to me to have been a great lack of order and system, and also a rallying voice much needed, which would have given confidence to the crew, and have directed their efforts to a more successful issue. I ask again, then, who was most to blame? and was not poor Hawkes made a scapegoat of for others' shortcomings?

I remain, yours, &c.,

TRITON.

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

SYDNEY STATION.—DOWN TRAINS.

Dist.	Stations.	Mixed Train.		Goods	Mixed Trains.		
Miles	Leave—	a.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.	p.m.
0	Sydney	6·30	10·0	A Goods Train will leave Sydney at 10·45 a.m.	1·30	4·25	Mail— 5·45
2	Newtown	6·36	10·6		1·36	4·31	5·51
3¼	Petersham	6·41	10·11		1·41	4·36	5·59
5	Ashfield	6·48	10·18		1·48	4·43	6·3
6¼	Burwood	6·53	10·23		1·53	4·48	6·8
7¾	Homebush	6·58	10·28		1·58	4·53	6·14
13¼	Parramatta	7·18	10·48		2·18	5·13	6·33
17¾	Fairfield	7·31	11·1		2·31	5·26	6·46
22	Liverpool	7·42	11·12		2·42	5·37	6·57

LIVERPOOL STATION.—UP TRAINS.

Dist.	Stations.	Mixed Trains.			Goods	Mixed Trains	
Miles	Leave—	a.m.	a.m.	a.m.		p.m.	p.m.
0	Liverpool	Mail— 6·3	8·15	11·30	A Goods Train will leave Liverpool at 1·20 p.m.	3·30	5·45
4¼	Fairfield	6·43	8·28	11·43		3·43	5·58
8¼	Parramatta	7·1	8·46	12·1		4·1	6·16
14¼	Homebush	7·15	9·0	12·15		4·15	6·30
15¾	Burwood	7·18	9·3	12·18		4·18	6·33
17	Ashfield	7·23	9·8	12·23		4·23	6·38
18¾	Petersham	7·30	9·15	12·30		4·30	6·45
20	Newtown	7·38	9·23	12·38		4·38	6·53
22	Sydney	7·42	9·27	12·42		4·42	6.57

THE SUNDAY TRAINS leave Sydney for Parramatta and Liverpool at 9·30 a.m., 2·45 p.m., and 5·30 p.m. Leave Liverpool for Sydney at 9·15 a.m., 2·30 p.m., and 5·15 p.m.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY.

NEWCASTLE STATION.—DOWN TRAINS.

Dist.	Stations.	Mixed Trains.		Sunday Trains.	
Miles.	Leave—	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
0	Newcastle—Honeysuckle Point	7·30	3·0	7·30	3·0
9¾	Hexham	8·0	3·30	8·0	3·30
15¼	Maitland	8·24	3·54	8·24	3·54

MAITLAND STATION.—UP TRAINS.

Dist.	Stations.	Mixed Trains.		Sunday Trains.	
Miles.	Leave—	a.m.	p.m.	a.m.	p.m.
0	Maitland	·45	4·10	8·45	4·10
6¾	Hexham	·5	4·30	9·5	4·30
15¼	Newcastle	9·39	5·4	9·39	5·4

DRAPERY.—Chatto and Hughes have requested us to notice that the sale of drapery goods, commenced yesterday at their Sale Rooms, will be continued this day, at 11 o'clock.—ADV.

OILMEN'S STORES AND GROCERIES, ex Harvest Home.—Teas, Sugar, Coffee, &c., &c.—We are requested to direct the attention of the trade to Messrs. W. Dean and Co.'s sale of the above, at their warehouse, at 11 o'clock, this day.—ADV.

PERFUMERY (RIMMEL'S).—Muriel and Miller sell by public auction, this day, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock, a first-class assortment. Vide advertisements. The trade and other buyers are particularly requested to attend.—ADV.

DIARY.

MEMORANDA TO NEXT PUBLICATION

November		Sun Rises	Sun Sets	High Water Morn.	High Water Aftern.
11	Wednesday.	4 54	6 34	2 47	3 22

MOON.—New, 17th instant, at 1h. 58m. 25s. a.m.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessary for publication, but as a guarantee of his good faith.

We cannot undertake to return rejected communications.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1857.

IN the Legislative Assembly, yesterday, in reply to a question from Mr. HOLROYD, Mr. COWPER said it was not the intention of the Government to continue the line of railway from Parramatta to Windsor and Richmond simultaneously with the proposed branches to Penrith and Menangle.

Mr. FORSTER moved that, in the opinion of the House, the political position occupied by the Judges in the Legislative Council, is calculated to have an injurious effect upon the public interest.

The hon. member in the main confined himself to reiterating the arguments on introducing the similar motion of last session. Mr. MARTIN, though agreeing much with the principle of the bill, could not see that while the Upper House was constituted as it at present was, that it could be of any practical effect, he should therefore move the previous question. A short discussion ensued, when the previous question was carried by a majority of 18 to 13.

The rest of the notices on the paper were confined to the printing of sundry papers which had been laid before the House.

The Payment of Debts out of Real Estate Act Extension Bill was postponed.

The Church of England Temporalities Act Amendment Bill was read a second time and passed through committee, and ordered to be read a third time on Friday next.

The Impounding Act was read a third time and passed.

Mr. JAMISON moved the second reading of the Chinese Immigration Bill, the main features of which were to fix a duty of £10 per head on every Chinaman who immigrated without bringing his wife along with him, and also imposing an assessment tax on the Chinese resident in the interior. Mr. MARTIN supported the bill, which was vigorously opposed by Mr. WEEKES, Mr. FORSTER, and others, and was ultimately withdrawn by the hon. mover.

The House adjourned at a quarter-past six o'clock.

THE public has been told that the Bill of the PARKER Ministry for the establishment of District Courts essentially differed from the Bill of the COWPER Ministry, namely, *that Mr. Parker's made no provision for giving criminal jurisdiction*, while Mr. COWPER's *does make such provision*.

This is, of course, a mere matter of reference to the Bills, which are now before us.

From Mr. PARKER's bill, as introduced by that eminent lawyer and legislator, Mr. MANNING, we give the following clauses:—

Chairman of Quarter Sessions to be appointed by Governor in Council.

96. And whereas it is considered desirable that Judges of County Courts should also discharge the duties of Chairmen of Courts of General or Quarter Sessions, and that to this end the appointment of Chairmen of Quarter Sessions should be vested in the Governor in Council; Be it further enacted, that the Acts of Council tenth George the Fourth, number seven, and third Victoria, number ten, so far as they relate to the election, nomination, and appointment of a Chairman of Quarter Sessions, shall be, and the same are hereby repealed; and from and after the passing of this Act, it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, to appoint a Chairman for any Court or Courts of General or Quarter Sessions now or hereafter to be established within the Colony.

Special commission may issue to one or more Judges of County Courts, enabling them to discharge duties of a Judge of the Supreme Court at remote places.

97. It shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, at any time to issue a special commission to any one or more County Court Judge or Judges, appointing him or them to act as Judge or Judges of the Supreme Court for the trial of issues, civil or criminal, at remote places at which a Judge of the Supreme Court could not attend without detriment to the ordinary business of that Court; and thereupon the Judge or Judges so appointed shall, at the place, and for the time and purposes specified in such commission, have and exercise all the powers, and discharge all the privileges of a Judge of the Supreme Court.

These clauses passed the Assembly verbatim. See clauses 98 and 101.

The clauses of the COWPER Bill are as follows:—

Criminal Jurisdiction. Acts repealed. Judges of District Courts to have powers of Chairman of General or Quarter Sessions.

22. The Acts of Council 10th George IV. No. 7, 3rd Victoria No. 10, and 16th Victoria No. 36, so far as they relate to the election, nomination, and appointment of a Chairman of Quarter Sessions, shall be repealed, and it shall be lawful for the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, by commission, to appoint the Judge of any District Court the Chairman of any Court of Quarter Sessions to be holden within the limits of the district for which he shall have been appointed.

Districts Courts to have jurisdiction when crime not punishable with death, except in case of manslaughter.

23. The *Courts of Quarter Sessions shall after the passing of this Act* cease to have jurisdiction in cases of manslaughter, and *shall continue to have jurisdiction in respect of all other crimes and misdemeanors not punishable with death.*

Can our readers discover *where* there is in this last Bill a single word about giving the District Courts criminal jurisdiction?

If, however, the "sidings" of the two Bills are compared, it will be found that there is this vaunted difference in favour of Mr. COWPER's Bill.

The great critic who passed the eulogium upon the COWPER Bill trusted to the "sidings," and never took the trouble to read the clause the "sidings" professed to explain; but it will be seen that the two Bills, except the difference in the numerals, are exactly the same.

It will be always dangerous to confide in Mr. COWPER's *sidings*. They will be often found to be no index to the reality; but we suspect that the COWPER Bill, as drafted, gave the jurisdiction to the District Courts. We are all aware that Mr. DEAS THOMSON was strongly in favour of doing so, and it is quite possible the COWPER Ministry, as a Government, had the same notion. We can only account for the discrepancy between the "siding" and the text by supposing that a change was made in the text itself by some gentlemen of "legal mind," after the Bill was drawn, and that the "siding" was forgotten. The two Bills give to the GOVERNOR power to appoint the Judge of the *new* District Courts to be the Chairman of the *Quarter Sessions*. The District Courts therefore have no criminal jurisdiction, although the Judge of the District Courts will in the Quarter Sessions act as a Criminal Judge instead of the present Chairmen.

Whether the District Courts ought not to have criminal jurisdiction, and thus set aside the Quarter Sessions' jurisdiction wherever the Bill may be in full operation, is another thing. At present both measures are exactly alike—except that while the "sidings" of Mr. PARKER's Bill *agree* with the text of the Bill; the "sidings" of Mr. COWPER's Bill bear exactly the same relation to the text as do his speeches to his policy.

It is on such points of superiority that the people of this colony are invited to rejoice in the COWPER Ministry. Every thing worth a straw in the policy of the present Government is copied, servilely copied, from its predecessors. The blunders and defects are imitated with the awkward exactness of a Chinese painter, and where any sally of inventive genius has been indulged by a more ambitious member of the Cabinet, it has been received with universal laughter.

It would be an amusement for a leisure hour to compare the past and present Governments, their members, their party proceedings out of office, and their policy in power. Perhaps we may enjoy it some day.

WE insert the letter of "Law Student" with great reluctance. Our columns might be filled with the refutation of statements made without responsibility, and with a recklessness and insolence which place them beyond the pale of reply. Occasional refutation is general allowance. Never contradict a notorious slanderer—and his assertions pass in the light of his character; refute him now and then, and he will not only repeat the lie, but console himself with the chance of being occasionally believed.

The assertions referred to by our respectable correspondent have no believers. The impudence of the threat against the Judges is not original; its earliest type has been seen at the Old Bailey, and some of our early heroes were celebrated for their retorts on the Bench—"Thankee, my lord," is one of the most common,—the more voluble say to a sentence for life, "Can't you give me another year;" another has been heard to say, "I hope you may sit there till I come back;" and a still more satirical youth added to these compliments, "Good day, and when I come from the Bay I will bring your Lordship a ring-tail roarer."

The public look with scorn and detestation on the costermongering sauce of those scribblers who think they rise to the level of the high office they assail, and, by insulting, really become the censors of the Judges. The Assembly will find, if a majority of its members should ever dare to lay their sacriligious hands on the Judges, that there is still left in an English community sufficient indignation to sweep the ruffianism away. The representatives of the people, indeed! They are not the people's representatives, or of any of the high national sentiments, except when they respect the administration of the law. The people feel, with the instinct of civilisation, that anything which touches the dignity of the Bench, destroys the dominion of law, and only ends in the setting up of brute force, and the persecution of factions. At present we can afford to treat with silent indifference threats, which are hateful for their insolence, and for their impotence contemptible.

The idea of demanding of the Judges reasons for their judicial conduct beyond the records of their Court is not yet likely to be entertained by our Assembly. At present there is too much English feeling to permit any motion to pass for the purpose. When it shall be suffered, the Judges will have the protection of the public voice, the defence of the Upper Chamber, and the entire opinion of the British Empire. To give their reasons voluntarily is within their own choice, but it is improvident and dangerous in principle. But to demand these reasons, except as they can be taken from the records, is a daring violation not only of our constitution, but of every known theory of constitutional law. The independence of the Judges cannot be maintained a moment in a country when they come in contact with an Assembly in their judicial office. To talk of their being "punished" for refusing to comply with any order the Assembly may issue is a stretch of folly and impudence for which there is only one proper reply.

We have had, and we presume shall often be obliged, to reiterate the fact that the Assembly *is* one part of the Legislature—not the Legislature itself. The constant assumption of persons who profess to represent popular ideas, that everything must bow to the Lower House, is false to the theory of our Government, and contrary to Liberty. The powers confided to the Assembly would be intolerable thraldom, if there were not the superior power of the Crown, the independence of the Courts, and the co-ordinate jurisdiction of the Legislature. If we had to choose between a Government by an Assembly like our own or a despotism, it would be scarcely possible not to prefer a single tyrant to many. Our Supreme Court is at present a refuge against the tyranny of an Assembly. Against its oppression a subject may have recourse to our Judges, they will grant a hearing, and commit even the Speaker himself for contempt, if need were, to maintain the rights of the subject. But what independence of action can they hope *for* if a ruffian-threat of personal punishment be held over them—if they are *ordered* to give account of their conduct—not in answer to a specific impeachment, but to satisfy the curiosity, or serve the party evolutions of a branch of the Legislature?

Mr. Justice DICKINSON knows the value of the contrast drawn in his favour, and must laugh at the vulgar artifice which makes a compliment to one of the Judges an insult to the whole body. Doubtless he will prize that commendation of his *obedience*, in which he is represented as bowing down before an authority which, on every principle of professional honour and public duty, he should keep at arm's length—resolutely and at all risks. The Judges are the guardians of the laws. They are bound to stand by their order, and while they are true to the people, the people will be true to them.

PARLIAMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 10TH.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at twenty-five minutes to three o'clock.

MESSAGES FROM HIS EXCELLENCY.

The SPEAKER reported that he had presented to the Governor-General the address in reference to the unsatisfactory manner in which the contract for the conveyance of the Australian mails is carried out by the European and Australian Royal Mail Company, and that his Excellency had been pleased to make thereto the following answer:—

"In accordance with the request contained in the address which has just been presented, I will communicate to the Secretary of State the resolutions adopted by the Legislative Assembly, on the 6th instant, in reference to the irregular and unsatisfactory fulfilment of the postal contract by the European and Australian Royal Mail Company."

PAPERS.

Mr. COWPER laid on the table the following papers:—1. Despatch transmitting correspondence on the establishment of institutions of a federal character for the colonies. 2. Letter from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Victoria, transmitting certain resolutions, together with the report of a select committee of the Legislative Assembly of Victoria, on the subject of a federal union of the colonies.

Ordered to be printed.

Mr. JONES laid on the table the Minutes of Evidence taken before the Light, Pilot, and Navigation Board, in reference to additional lighthouses for Port Jackson.

Ordered to be printed.

NEW MEMBER.

Mr. James Dickson (introduced by Messrs. Jones and Weekes) took the oaths and his seat as member for the Northumberland Boroughs, in the room of the hon. George Robert Nichols, Esq., deceased.

RAILWAY FROM PARRAMATTA.

Mr. HOLROYD asked Mr. Cowper, "If it be the intention of the Government to continue the line of railway from Parramatta to Windsor or Richmond, simultaneously with the proposed branches of railways to Penrith and Menangle?"

Mr. COWPER replied that the Government did not intend to carry out any branch line to Windsor or Richmond, nor was it their intention to take into consideration the propriety of extending any branch lines whatever at present.

PARRAMATTA DOMAIN.

Mr. HOLROYD asked Mr. Cowper if it was the intention of the Government to put up for sale the unreserved land of the Parramatta Domain, and, if so, when?

Mr. COWPER replied that the present Government had not taken this matter under their particular consideration, but he found that it had formed the subject of considerable deliberation on the part of the previous Government, the result of which was that it would be necessary to reserve a portion for a public park, a lunatic asylum, and an agricultural farm. After these reservations had been made, there can be no doubt that the remainder would be disposed of at the earliest opportunity, and of course on the most favourable terms to the public.

JUDGES IN THE LEGISLATURE.

Mr. FORSTER moved, "That, in the opinion of this House, the political position occupied by the Judges in the Legislative Council, is calculated to have an injurious effect upon the public interests." He was quite aware that the decision of the House with regard to this motion would be rather against the propriety of his bringing it forward under existing circumstances than against the principle it involved. In addressing the House upon the present occasion, it would not be necessary for him to go very fully into the merits of the question, seeing that it was discussed very fully and very elaborately during the last session. Whatever might have been the opinions entertained of him when he brought this motion forward on the former occasion he thought that no one could accuse him now of being actuated by partizan motives or a desire unnecessarily to embarrass the Government. When he introduced the motion last session it was carried by the casting vote of the Speaker, owing probably to the fact that parties in the House were not so completely developed as they were now, and also to the circumstance that several of those who spoke in favour of the motion absented themselves from the House when the division took place. The hon. member for the South Riding (Mr. Donaldson) immediately after brought forward a motion for rescinding the resolution, which after a lengthy discussion was carried. Such being the case, he considered it a matter of duty to himself and to his constituents to re-open the question, and again take the opinion of the House as to the propriety of the principle which he sought to establish. He maintained that the motion of recission ought to be at once obliterated from the records of the House, as it formed the leading feature in one of the most disgraceful transactions to which that House had ever been a party. It was chiefly with this view, and in order that hon. members who entertained similar opinions to himself on this subject, might have an opportunity of redeeming themselves from the odium which this vote was likely to inflict upon them, that he had brought the present motion forward. He still contended, as he had done last session, that there was an utter incompatibility between the position of a judge and that of a politician and a legislator. It was rarely ever that they could find gentlemen of such comprehensive intellect and equality of mind and temperament as to be capable of exercising impartially and efficiently all the functions of a judge and a politician. But even if they could, it would still be their duty, on the principle that they should legislate for the many and not for the few, to guard against the possibility of abuse in their public institutions, more particularly with regard to the office of judge, which above all others required to be kept pure and sacred. The position of a judge assisting in the making of laws and then immediately after recording a deliberate opinion in their administration, which would serve as a precedent, was in his opinion entirely inconsistent and opposed to every rule of common sense. He thought that there was another ground on which it would be seen that the presence of the Judges as legislators would be likely to have an injurious effect. No one could go farther than himself in respect for the judicial office or for the gentlemen who filled it, and in his remarks he wished no disrespect to those gentlemen, but merely desired to show the incompatibility of the two offices. He did this because it was a matter of public importance that the office of a Judge should be surrounded with all possible respect, and that every word that fell from his mouth should be received as final and conclusive. He would ask how this could possibly be the case, and how the public generally could ever entertain respect for the office of a Judge, or the opinions that might be pronounced in that capacity, when they saw the holders of that sacred office within the walls of a deliberative Assembly, engaged in continual and often opposite discussions, and in the heat of debate enunciating opinions to-day contradictory to those given only a few days previously? The experience they had had of the debates in another place would justify the remarks now made; and it was quite certain when gentlemen of cultivated mind and high attainments were placed in such positions, the natural consequence would be that they would take an interest in all public questions, that they would become involved in personal discussions, and that in the heat of the moment opinions would be enunciated that in the case of a Judge would be found to be contradictory, or to run counter to those that he might a few days subsequently have to express from the bench. To him this appeared to be an incontrovertible argument in favour of his motion. Then again there was this possible case, that the opinions which a Judge delivered in his character as a legislator would often commit him to a certain line of opinion, and lead him, perhaps unwittingly, to carry out that train of idea in his judicial capacity. This he considered to be the greatest danger likely to occur from this double office of the Judges, as it was quite impossible that any man could utter opinions warmly, as any one would be likely to do in the heat of debate, without their retaining some hold on his mind and affecting him prejudicially to the antagonistic view. Thus, a person in a judicial position, acted upon in this manner, would have his mind warped in a way never likely to be the case under other circumstances. If the abstract objections which he had now taken to the junction of the judicial with the legislative office were of any force at all, they must be so in a tenfold degree in a small community like this, where the Judges, holding such a position as they did, above all those that surrounded them, must be in a tenfold degree exposed to the dangers he had here alluded to. No doubt he would be told that in England, this very question had been already very largely discussed, and though a proposal had been made to exclude the judges from the Legislature of Britain, yet, upon a calm and deliberate discussion, the Legislature came to the conclusion that one Judge at least ought to be allowed to remain there to give the House the benefit of his legal opinion. But he contended that it was not their duty in this, a new country, to be guided entirely by English precedent, for the political and social circumstances of the colony were so different that they would be doing wrong to adopt anything, merely because it was English, without some previous enquiry. Besides, the community of Great Britain was one that had been most anomalously formed and constituted, whilst here they had everything to construct for themselves, and he hoped they would be able to do it on a much more simple basis than in England. For this it was that he called upon them now to enter their protest against the complication that would ensue from the junction of the judicial with the legislatorial character. On a late occasion hon. gentlemen opposite had highly distinguished themselves in a debate upon the incompatability of the junction of the legislative and executive function. All those hon. members would, if they fairly carried out the principles they had then enunciated, agree with him in the motion now before the House. The hon. member for Parramatta he was sure of, as he had been a leader in that debate, and in the agitation that had attended it. (A laugh from the Opposition.) Hon. members might laugh, but he asserted that there had been a great deal of agitation that had ended in nothing. If that hon. member now carried out the principles then enunciated, he could not but concur with the present motion. It appeared to him, moreover, that the objection to the junction of the legislative and judicial characters were much stronger than those to the junction of the legislative and executive, because the latter capacity was one of a far more fictitious character than was that of a judge. Then, again, if they were called upon to follow English experience, why did they not carry this out to its full extent? Were they prepared to go to the extent of putting bishops into the Legislature as well as the Judges; for, if there were any force in the arguments adduced in support of the one case, they would be equally as forcible as the other. But he repeated that it was not for them to look to English precedent, for there was a country far more like this than was England: it was a free country, and one that was flourishing, and blessed with representative institutions. He alluded to the United States of America; at the same time he did not uphold that country as a model for this in all things, but only in those cases where their practice was applicable to ourselves. This could very easily be seen by a comparison of the attendant circumstances; and a far more forcible argument was to be drawn from the practice of the States, than could even be adduced from the worn out policy of England. Looking to America then, he found that there was scarcely an instance in which the exclusion of the Judges from the Legislature had not been made a *sine qua non* in the constitution of each State. Another reason why, at home, the presence of the Judges in the House of Lords was a matter of consequence was, that that House was a Court of Appeal from the various Courts of Great Britain, and until the Legislative Council here attained to that character, the presence of the Judges was unnecessary in it. It might be said, perhaps, that their knowledge of law made the presence of the Judges beneficial, through the opinions they could give; but to his mind the argument was all the other way, for the value of their legal opinions would be greatly diminished by placing them in such a position, as that in the heat of debate they may find themselves uttering an opinion that they may have to retract when they come calmly to consider a question. He was not one of those who particularly looked into the proceedings of the other House, for the purpose of finding fault with its members, because he did not believe that that House could exist long in its present form. Exist however it did, and tolerably expensive it was to the country, and looking at this, they were bound to see how its efficiency could be improved, and how it could be made most nearly worth the money laid out upon it. To his mind, the presence of the Judges impaired that efficiency, and they ought to be removed. Anyone who watched that House must see the imposing effect that was obtained by having three Judges in it. The result of this had been that almost the entire legislation and business in that House had been conducted by the Judges, and by some few lawyers who joined with them. Now, he would say here, that he looked with alarm upon the presence of so many lawyers in the Legislature of the country, as the time might come when their presence there would prove most injurious to the community, though he admitted that it had not been so as yet. This evil was, in his opinion, aggravated to a great extent by the presence of the Judges also in the Legislature of the country. The most practical objection, however, to making the Judge a legislator, was that it impaired his efficiency, and prevented the colony from deriving that benefit from his talents and his services that it had a right to expect. People had a right to see that all the high officials performed the duties for which they were appointed and paid; and how had this been done? Some time ago he had moved for certain returns in connexion with the Supreme Court, from which he had intended that the House should derive some information. Those returns he now held in his hand, and he certainly must say that they did not appear to him to be a production very creditable to those who had drawn it up. In fact, he considered that Assembly had been insulted by the manner in which its order had been responded to by the officials of the Supreme Court. It did not include all that he had asked for; many of the matters that he had wished for, and which had been the main reason for his moving for them, having been omitted. There were one or two strong points which he would refer to. He found that a return was asked by the House of the numerical list of all new trials granted in the Supreme Court. It was a most extraordinary circumstance, that of all the four Judges who were asked to furnish a return of new trials granted by them individually, only one of those high functionaries, Mr. Judge Dickinson (hear, hear), deemed it his duty to comply with the request of the Legislative Assembly. Not only were the returns withheld, but no information was accorded of the reason of their non-compliance. He would be sorry to believe that a deliberate insult was intended to the Assembly; but if such was not intended, the natural conclusion to come to was, that their time was so occupied in the Supreme Court and attending to their legislative duties that they could not furnish the returns. Even this, if such was the case, showed that the legislative duties of the Judges actually impaired their efficiency in their judicial capacity. He might be asked, what would be the practical effect of the motion? (Hear, hear, from the Opposition benches.) I am not prepared to say, if the motion is carried, that as a matter of course the Judges will resign. (Hear, hear.) But if the Judges should resign as a consequence, he for one would not respect them the less. Their resignation could not be looked upon as a stigma, nor could they be considered poltroons for doing so. He could not see in what their poltroonery would consist, though this was the term used by one of the daily papers in treating of the matter. He entertained the hope, if the House consented to his motion, that, at least, the number of Judges in the Legislative Council would not long be so numerous as it was at present. He thought one of these high functionaries would be quite sufficient in the Upper House. There would not then be so singular a combination of functions in a certain number of the members of the Legislative Council as was the case at present. In saying so, he did not wish to be understood as departing from the principle which actuated him in bringing forward the motion; for he still was of opinion that the presence of one judge as a legislator was wrong. He looked upon the presence of judges in a legislative chamber in this colony as part of that old official system under which the colony so long suffered, and which so long weighed down its resources like an incubus. It was the predominance of this officialism in the construction of the Upper House which led the first Premier of the country upon those breakers where he was wrecked. That honorable gentleman (Mr. Donaldson) no doubt thought at the time that he would be insulting those august personages if he had not given them seats in the Legislative Council. He was willing to admit that this was the honorable member's motive. The motion, if carried, would strike a blow against this old official system, and it would at all events place on the records of the House an important decision, and to some extent they would retrieve that disgrace which the House must lie under from the rescinding of the motion of last session. He hoped that honorable members who voted with him when the motion was previously before the House, and those who agreed with him now, would support the motion.

Mr. PIDDINGTON seconded the motion.

Mr. MARTIN was one of those who voted with the honorable mover when he (Mr. Forster) brought up a motion similar in terms to the present last session. Although he pursued that course on the occasion referred to, he could not support the motion now. None knew better than the honorable member for the Murray that the motion could not possibly lead to any practical result. (Hear, hear.) The case now bore a different aspect from that of last session. Then, the Judges had been recently appointed, and though the appointments were censured by some at the time, it was to some extent impossible to condemn the course taken by the Government of that day. The House, however, having expressed their opinion upon this question, was not called upon to agitate the subject further. As to the abstract view of the question, whether it was right or wrong, his honorable friend knew the appointments of the Judges continued for five years from their first appointment, and that no vote of that House could remove them; and as they did not think proper to resign before, when a similar motion to the present was carried, it was not at all likely that they would be influenced by any vote of that House now. He thought the honorable member had too much good sense, at this late period of the session, when there was so much important business before the House to go through, to wish to take up the time of the country in going over his old arguments again. Like other questions, it was all a matter of opinion. The honorable member might be right and he might be wrong; he would not attempt to go into any arguments on the subject. He admitted that when he voted upon the motion before he had no strong opinion on the matter. Even in the House of Commons, after a bill similar in principle to the motion had been read a second time, a member of that House, of high eminence in Parliament, opposed it, and at the eleventh hour the bill was thrown out. Mr. Martin concluded by moving the previous question.

Mr. JONES seconded the motion.

Mr. RUSDEN and Mr. GORDON spoke in favour of the original motion.

Mr. FORSTER thought it must be refreshing to honorable members opposite to see members who formerly opposed them on certain questions now turn round and vote contrary to their former opinions. It was refreshing to them to find their former opponents, who voted on motions foolishly and inopportunely brought forward by himself and other honorable members against the former Ministry, now turn round and vote with them because it was no longer necessary to oppose them. (Hear, hear.) These noble principles of compromise he saw for the first time carried into the Legislative Assembly of the colony. (Ironical cheers from the Opposition.) He expected that this principle of compromise would be carried out in framing an Electoral Bill, the Education Bill, and a Land Bill. He was one, however, who had no motives to serve, and he could not so easily change his opinion. He despaired from henceforth from expecting consistency in the opinions of political men in the colony. He was surprised to hear the honorable and learned Attorney General say that when he before voted on this question he entertained no strong opinion on the matter. That hon. and learned member then should have acted right, he should have performed his duty to the country by voting with the Government under such circumstances. For his own part he never voted until he had formed his opinion, and in recording his votes he was never actuated by other motives than those of duty and principle. He regretted to find so little consistency in public men whom he had been accustomed to look up to as leaders. There were none he would depend on in future. (Cheers and laughter from the Opposition.)

The House then divided, and the previous question was carried by a majority of 18 to 13.

The following was the division:

Ayes, 18.	Noes, 13.
Mr. Cowper	Mr. Jamison
Suttor	Marks
Barker	Dickson
Flood	Richardson
Martin	Weekes
Macarthur	Robertson
Lee	Arnold
Pye	Gordon
Buckley	J. Campbell
Cox	Thompson
Hargraves	Rusden
Lord	Forster } Tellers.
W. Macleay	Piddington } Tellers.
Parker	
Jones	
Holroyd	
Donaldson } Tellers.	
Hay } Tellers.	

MOTION LAPSED.

Mr. DARVALL not being present, the following motion standing in his name lapsed:—"That an address be presented to the Governor-General, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House copies of despatch 178, of 17th November, 1856, from the Governor-General to the Secretary of State for the Colonies, and of all other despatches relative to the vesting of the power of the Governor-General, during his absence, in three administrators."

PETITION.

Mr. FLOOD presented a petition from certain inhabitants of Newcastle, in opposition to the Burwood Terminus Bill, and Agricultural Company's Bill.

The petition was ordered to be referred to the two select committees to which it alluded.

ROCKY RIVER GOLD-FIELDS.

Mr. T. G. RUSDEN moved, that the petition from the residents on the Rocky River Gold-fields, presented by him on the 6th instant, be printed.

Mr. MARKS seconded the motion, which was put and carried.

SECONDARY PUNISHMENT.

Mr. FORSTER moved, "That the correspondence upon prison discipline, ordered to be printed on 16th December, 1856, and the papers relating to secondary punishment, ordered to be printed on 11th August, 1857, be referred to the Select Committee on Secondary Punishment now sitting."

Mr. ARNOLD seconded the motion, which was put and passed

REPORT OF STANDING ORDERS COMMITTEE.

Mr. COWPER moved, "That the report of the Standing Orders Committee on the proposed resolution in reference to admission to the refreshment-room and the library, be now adopted by this House."

Mr. JONES seconded the motion.

Mr. FORSTER said he could not sanction the adoption of the report, and would therefore vote against it.

The motion was then put and carried.

THE LATE SHIPWRECKS.

Mr. ARNOLD moved, "That the report of the Light, Pilot, and Navigation Board, in reference to the necessity for further lights at the entrance to the harbour of Port Jackson, together with the evidence taken thereon; also, the report of the Light, Pilot, and Navigation Board, on the pilot service of Port Jackson, together with the evidence taken thereon; also, the report of Captain Pockley, on the wreck of the Dunbar, be referred to the committee now sitting to inquire into the causes of the late shipwrecks at the entrance to the harbour of Port Jackson."

Mr. GORDON seconded the motion, which was put and carried.

PETITION.

Mr. ROBERTSON moved, "That the petition of T. G. Rusden, presented by Mr. Bowman, on the 23rd November, 1855, and the petition of A. R. Lawson, presented by Mr. Rusden, on the 4th December, 1855, in each case relative to the destruction of sheep under the Scab Acts, be printed."

Mr. GORDON seconded the motion, which was put and carried.

POSTPONEMENTS.

Mr. JAMISON, in the absence of Mr. Dalley, postponed the motions standing in his name with reference to the Pyrmont Bridge and Australian Gas-light Companies' Bill, to Friday next.

Mr. PIDDINGTON, in the absence of the hon. member who had charge of the Payment of Debts out of Real Estates Act Extension Bill, postponed the second reading to Friday next.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND TEMPORALITIES ACT AMENDMENT BILL.

Mr. COWPER said the second reading of this bill had been postponed on a previous occasion, in consequence of a point of order being taken as to whether a public bill could be amended by a private Act. He was quite willing, with the consent of the House, either to postpone this bill to next session, or to move the second reading of it at once. This bill was merely to give facilities to the trustees who held Church lands to make the most of these lands. The object of this bill, he thought, had been misapprehended by some hon. members. One of the clauses empowered the trustees to lease for any term not exceeding 99 years instead of 28 years, which was considered insufficient; as they, by this bill, would be able to give longer leases, they would get higher rents. It was not, however, intended by this means to raise the incomes of particular individuals, but the amount obtained would be expended in providing for a larger number of the clergy. He would ask the House whether, with the prospect of the voluntary principle, this power should not be given to the trustees. He would take the case of St. James' and St. Philip's. The incumbents of these parishes did not receive more than £150 out of these possessions, and if there was more money raised by this bill the adjoining parish would have £100, and so on as long as there was money to be distributed; but no one individual would have more than the original income of £150 per annum. The other clauses were technical, and if the House had no objection he begged to move that this bill be read a second time.

Mr. JONES seconded the motion.

The SPEAKER said he might state to the House, after more deliberation, he was of the same opinion that this was amending a public act by a private bill. The usual course with a private bill was to refer it first to a select committee to report on.

The motion that the bill be now read a second time, was then put and carried.

The bill having been read a second time, the House went into committee to consider its details.

Clause 1 provides that trustees be empowered to lease for any term not exceeding ninety-nine years.

Mr. PIDDINGTON objected to the power which was given by this clause to the Bishop to sanction by his consent in writing the proceedings of trustees, and he moved an amendment to that effect.

The clause as standing in the bill was supported by Messrs. Cowper and John and Robert Campbell.

On the question being put that the words proposed to be omitted stand part of the bill, the House divided. Ayes, 13; noes, 7.

Clause 2 gives power to trustees to reserve increased rents.

Clause 3 gives power to confirm leases and to accept surrenders.

Clause 4 provides that fines, premiums, or foregifts should not be taken.

Clause 5 prohibits mortgages and other incumbrances.

Clause 6 provides that trustees should account to the bishop of the diocese.

Clauses 2 to 6, together with the preamble of the bill, were put and passed without opposition.

The Chairman then left the chair, reported the bill without amendment to the House, and its third reading was fixed an order of the day for Friday next.

IMPOUNDING BILL.

Mr. ARNOLD moved the third reading of this bill.

Mr. T. G. RUSDEN, having protested against the third reading of the bill, moved that the order of the day stand an order of the day for next Friday.

The question having been put, the bill was read a third time and passed.

ST. JOHN'S COLLEGE.

The report of the select committee on this bill was brought up, and ordered to be printed. On the motion of Mr. FAUCETT, the second reading of the bill was appointed to be an order of the day for Friday next.

CHINESE IMMIGRATION.

Mr. JAMISON, in moving the second reading of this bill, dwelt at some length in explanation of its provisions. Having, upon inquiry of the hon. member at the head of the Government, ascertained that

it was not his intention to introduce a bill on the subject, he (Mr. Jamison) felt it his duty to move in the matter. In preparing the bill, he had taken the Victoria bill as his guide in a principal degree; but he had made the restriction, in deference to the opinion of hon. members, that in cases where Chinamen should be accompanied by wives on their arrival, the fee or tax the bill proposed should not be exacted. Taking into consideration the fact that these people could not be made jurors, or agents in the exercise of the franchise, and that they possessed an adventurous spirit which might lead to a great increase of their numbers among us, except a restriction of some kind were imposed, he thought no blame would be attached to him by hon. members for having introduced measures to prevent the country being overrun by them. He was aware that many of his friends objected to imposing any restriction upon the Chinese; but he thought the fact of the population of China numbering some 400 millions supplied testimony in support of the probability of such an influx happening as would make this restriction imperative. [The hon. gentleman read various extracts to fortify his position.] He begged to move that the bill be read a second time.

Mr. MARTIN understood this bill was nearly identical with the bills of Victoria and South Australia on the same subject. It appeared to him its principle was a right one, and he for one should be prepared to give it his support.

Mr. R. CAMPBELL said it seemed to him the provisions of this measure were not desirable, because the celestials were not in sufficient numbers among us to make it so. But there were several of the Chinese who had become denizens of the country, who paid taxes, and were Christians. If he believed right, these people would be called upon to pay a poll-tax of £10 a-head every year. He did not think it a time for this colony to bring in such a bill, and he was of opinion that the honorable member should show some cases instancing the necessity for any such stringent measures.

Mr. WEEKES agreed with the honorable member who spoke last, that this was not a time for determining upon such measures, whatever might be the necessity at a future day, arising out of an extraordinary and excessive emigration of the Chinese from their vastly peopled empire, when it would be necessary their introduction should be kept within reasonable bounds. It appeared to him (Mr. Weekes) a novel policy for any Englishman to adopt, that they should purpose to levy a duty on human beings just as they would upon a bale of goods; it was a policy they might well hesitate to adopt. The time had not arisen when restriction was necessary. They ought to know that the Chinese were a very crafty people, and it would be quite likely that if they were required to bring their wives along with them, they should personate the wives—being, generally speaking, "of a fair and ruddy countenance"—[a laugh from Mr. Dalley]—and so escape the imposition. What was to prevent them from dressing up in female attire, and representing themselves as wives, when in reality they were sons or brothers? It would not be convenient for the Commissioner to make an examination into the fact, in case he had any doubts. There must be a jury of matrons appointed in such a case; and this would be an arrangement attended with much difficulty. He (Mr. Weekes) thought the measure would be found quite inoperative. The time had certainly not arrived when such a bill was necessary, no one being in a position to say that the presence of the Chinese had acted at all prejudicially.

Mr. DICKSON did not thing the time had arrived for offering any restrictions upon Chinese immigration, however soon it might do. He believed such a measure as this would only tend to retard the progress of the colony, and to have an injurious effect. He believed that, in the opening up and extension of the gold-fields of the neighbouring colony, Chinese labour and enterprise had been a useful auxiliary; and not only were they producers of wealth, but consumers of our goods to a great extent. He did not hold with the hon. member that it would be necessary to institute a board of inspection of the professed wives of immigrants, as they would be known by the smallness of their feet.

Mr. FORSTER spoke at considerable length. He said it was most extraordinary that the bad actions charged upon these people were never or rarely proved. The good the Chinamen had done was notorious, but what was the wrong of which they had been convicted? The whole proceeding against the Chinese he contended was evidence of gross injustice. There certainly was not proof of this race being more immoral or more abandoned in their habits, than the men of our own race; and as the worst of our own society were to be met with in going abroad from their homes, so it was quite possible men of the worst character might come amongst us from China. He (Mr. Forster) considered this bill a poor specimen of the ability of the Victorian legislators if, as had been said by the hon. Attorney General, it was nothing more than an imitation of their bill. It seemed rather hard that they alone, who came with their wives, should be exempt. It might be that some unfortunate man should be running away from his wife. The hon. gentleman who last spoke, had referred to the small feet of Chinese females, but he (Mr. Forster) had been given to understand, that the women of the lower order in China had large feet. He thought that, under all circumstances, perhaps the hon. member should withdraw his bill, so that during the next session the House might give it better consideration.

Mr. COX said he was favourable to the Chinese immigrants, and at the same time he was favourable to the bill before the House. He had employed Chinamen, and found them good servants; but he thought the object of the bill was lost sight of. It was said that the hon. member had not made out a case; but he (Mr. Cox) thought otherwise. He thought that the fact of such a large influx of Chinese immigrants having taken place, as was witnessed in the case of Victoria, was in itself a sufficient ground for legislating. He thought this excessive immigration was a matter of great importance, and was likely to be an evil which should be guarded against at once, by preventing the influx of too large a number of Chinese males unaccompanied by a corresponding number of females. An hon. member had said that the legislature of Victoria imposed a tax not only on Chinese but Europeans; but this was not the case. There was a Registration Act, it was true, but this was intended to prevent the introduction of large numbers of abandoned and dangerous characters. The interpretation clause might, as an hon. member had remarked, be badly worded; but that was not a reason why the bill should be thrown out. This and the other clauses might be so amended in committee as to meet the objections of hon. members; they might be so amended that British subjects would not come within the meaning of the Act.

Mr. HOLROYD said he intended to oppose the bill, and vote for the amendment, on the grounds that he had always been opposed to class legislation, of which this bill was a piece. He thought the hon. member who moved the second reading failed to make out a case. If this bill was passed, next year, in all probability, they would have a bill to prevent the introduction of South Sea Islanders. To show that Chinamen were not so objectionable as immigrants, he would point out how few of this class were brought before the bar of the Criminal Court, and in one case with which he was familiar the Chinamen had proved that they were disposed to the utmost of their power to pay obedience to the laws of the colony. Then it frequently occurred that Chinamen intermarried with white women, and he had reason to believe made good husbands. The Chinamen, too, it should be borne in mind, were to a great degree instrumental in developing the gold-fields of the colony; and, moreover, they made excellent domestic servants, in which capacity large numbers of them were employed throughout the colony. They might impose a tax, for which those bringing their wives should be exempt; but who was to tell whether the females introduced were really the wives of the immigrants. In China it was possible there were no marriage certificates; and even if they produced such certificates, who was to read them? He did not suppose that the number of Chinese in the colony altogether amounted to more than five thousand at the utmost, and what was such a number as that among a population of two hundred and fifty thousand? There was no necessity, in his opinion, for legislating on the subject at present; and if an extraordinary influx were to take place hereafter, there was no reason why the Government should not have the Parliament called together in April or May next to deal with the subject. Already the Chinese population were taxed to a large extent. A bill had just passed through both Houses, imposing a duty on opium; tea, which the Chinese consumed largely, had already been taxed; and if the immigration continued, it was possible that rice also would be taxed, so that these people would be heavily burdened without the changes proposed by the bill. He could not see the necessity of the bill at present; and the House ought to pause before they sanctioned a measure which might affect British subjects from Hongkong and other British settlements.

Mr. JAMISON said he would yield to the opinion manifested by the House, and withdraw the bill. At the same time he could not concur with some of the views expressed by hon. members. For himself he objected to Chinese coming in large numbers to the colony, whether accompanied by their wives or not. No hon. gentleman had thought fit to refer to the immorality which was necessarily introduced by the coming of such large numbers of these people. As to the statement that white women in some instances married Chinamen, he believed that one woman had been wretch enough to do so, and he believed that all the boys in the neighbourhood justly punished her by hooting her through the streets.

The bill was then withdrawn with the assent of the House.

The House adjourned shortly before six o'clock till this day at three o'clock.

NEW NOTICES OF MOTION.
WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 11.

Question :—

Mr. FORSTER to ask the Colonial Secretary—(1.) Whether the Government have under consideration a practicable mode of reducing on any extensive scale the enormous departmental expenditure of the colony, and of instituting thorough and systematic reform in every branch of the public service? (2.) Whether in such case the necessary inquiry is intended to be carried on by means of a commission or select committee of this House, and when such enquiry is likely to be commenced?

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12.

Question :—

Mr. WEEKES to ask the Honorable the Colonial Secretary, Whether it is the intention of the Government during the present session to move for the appointment of a select committee to inquire into the various departments of the Government, in order that the result of their investigation may assist this House in dealing with the Estimates of 1858.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 17.

Mr. FLOOD to move,—(1.) That a Select Committee be appointed to examine into, and report upon a Return to an Address, relating to the Accounts of the Colonial Treasury, ordered by the Legislative Assembly to be printed, on the 6th August, 1856, and a report upon the said Accounts, ordered to be printed on the 13 March, 1857, with power to call for, and examine books and papers on the subject. (2.) That such Committee do consist of the following members, viz., Mr. Donaldson, Mr. Jones, Mr. Marks, Mr. Gordon, Mr. R. Campbell, Mr. Lord, and Mr. Piddington.

LAW.

SUPREME COURT.—TUESDAY.
SITTINGS IN BANCO.

BEFORE the full Court.

FRANK AND OTHERS V MARKS AND OTHERS.

The Court gave judgment in this case—an application in Equity to set aside an assignment upon the ground of fraud—which was argued on Friday, the 30th ultimo, and reported in the *Herald* of the following day. As to the leases said to have been undervalued, their Honors held that there was a preponderance of evidence to show that these leases had not been put down at less sums than they were worth, and that at all events, even if it were so, there was no fraudulent concealment, but such a statement of facts as was sufficient to put the creditors upon further enquiry, and thus to have led them to a full knowledge of the circumstances. As to the alleged misrepresention of the extent of the losses through the defaults of Henry Harris, the Court held that the weight of evidence went to negative the assumption of any wilfully false statements having been made. On the testimony of Henry Harris no reliance could be placed. The complainants having, therefore, failed completely to make out their allegations of fraud, the application must be dismissed with costs.

SLATER V. JONES.

This was a demurrer, which was argued on a former day, between Mr. Meymott for the plaintiff, and Mr. Faucett for the defendant. Judgment was now given by the Chief Justice. The declaration was on a promissory note, payable on demand, given by the defendant to the plaintiff's wife, on which the husband sued alone. The defendant pleaded by way of equitable defence that the consideration for the note was money, being the proceeds of certain personal property settled upon trustees for Mrs. Slater's separate use, which money she had lent to the defendant on his giving the note in question; and that before payment of the note was demanded, Mrs. Slater exonerated and discharged the defendant from his liability. This plea was demurred to on the ground that, although the property was the wife's own, yet, when she sold it, the money became her husband's, and he was entitled to sue; and, further, that the wife, at all events, had no power to give a release unless by deed, by the authority of her husband, or grounded on good consideration. Judgment was given for the defendant, on the principle on which equitable defences were to be regarded, viz., that the circumstances disclosed would have been sufficient for the defendant to have obtained a permanent injunction in a Court of Equity to restrain the plaintiff from suing.

JONES V. SLATER.

This was an action for money lent. The promissory note which was the subject of the foregoing action, was pleaded by way of set-off in this action, and the application was similar to the plea in that action. The same points were argued, by the same counsel, in both actions, and the judgment was the same.

There were also other applications to the plea of set-off, viz., never indebted, and payment. The point argued on demurrer to this was that the plaintiff ought to have traversed the words of the plea by replying that the plaintiff was not nor is indebted, and that payment, without the words "before action," was a bad replication.

The Court held that, though the replication was bad enough, it was so in form only, and not in substance. Judgment was therefore given for the plaintiff.

MACFARLANE V. MURNIN.

The argument in this case, which had occupied many days, was now concluded.

It was a motion for new trial of an action against a commission agent for alleged breaches of his duty towards his principal, wherein the plaintiff had obtained a verdict with £3000 damages.

Mr. Darvall, Q. C., Mr. Cary, and Mr. Wise, appeared in support of the motion, and the Attorney-General and Mr. Windeyer in support of the verdict.

The contest here was one which had created a great deal of interest in mercantile circles. Pamphlets had even been issued by both parties after the trial, each giving his own version of the case. The trial had been a very protracted one, and the arguments upon the present motion were necessarily very lengthy. The principal questions at issue related to the legality of certain charges in account, and were very complicated. But it will be sufficient to state here the leading points in dispute. The plaintiff's complaint was substantially this: That he, being resident in New Zealand, and the defendant in Sydney, the latter had agreed to manage the local business and to protect the mercantile credit of the former. That in the fulfilment of this agreement it became his duty to apply the funds which he had on hand, from time to time, to the liquidation of certain claims against the plaintiff as they fell due—that he had not only failed to do this, and by making the plaintiff a defaulter had damaged his credit, but that he had also slandered the plaintiff in this respect, i. e., had misrepresented his solvency: the jury had found for the defendant upon the issues, as to actual slander, thus holding that there had been on his part no *malicious* depreciation of the plaintiff's credit on the part of the defendant. They had also found that the defendant had never contracted to the extent alleged by the plaintiff, to sustain, even by personal liability, the credit of the latter. They had held, nevertheless, that he had taken an erroneous view of his rights, and had made charges in account against his principal, which ought not to have been made. The questions were not so much as to the regularity of the charges themselves, but as to their legality at the time they were made; because, if sustainable, they would have the effect of making a balance *against* the plaintiff, and thus leaving the defendant without funds in hand to meet the accruing demands. It was clearly the duty of the defendant, as plaintiff's agent, to pay the bills of the latter (when presented to him) whenever he had funds in hand available for this purpose. Consequently, upon the state of the accounts depended the main issue—whether or not he had funds in hand when certain bills of Macfarlane were either dishonoured or purchased by him (Murnin) at a discount. Although, as already stated, the accounts were very voluminous and complicated, and the evidence and arguments were necessarily of a similar character, the case may be said to have depended mainly upon the legality of five separate charges. The first of these was a debit of £289 for the freight earned between Sydney and Auckland by a vessel wherein Murnin and Macfarlane were each the owners of a one-third share, the other third share being the property of the captain. By an agreement made at the time these transactions were initiated, Murnin was to be the ship's agent in Sydney and Macfarlane her agent in Auckland; but the former was to receive her earnings and to divide the net proceeds of them at certain periods between himself and co-owners. On a trip to Auckland the vessel earned thus £289 for freight, which sum Murnin had directed the captain to bring back with him to Sydney. But the balance of this sum, after meeting disbursements (amounting, it was stated, to within about £70 or £80 of the whole) was retained by Macfarlane. Upon this Murnin debited Macfarlane with the whole £289. It had been held at the trial that, notwithstanding the terms of the agreement already alluded to, Mr. Murnin had no right to debit this gross amount against one of his co-owners as a debt distinctly due by the latter. The ruling of the Judge, at *nisi prius*, and the finding of the jury upon it, were in support of this motion, as at the trial, impeached upon the ground that the agreement not only justified this charge, but rendered it necessary. It was also contended as to this, and all other items, that the jury ought to have been left to pronounce upon them upon the principles of "mercantile usage." The next and principal item was a debit of £1300 for two outstanding bills of £800 and £500 respectively, upon which Murnin had become collaterally liable. Macfarlane had, before leaving Sydney, drawn these two bills upon his then partner at Auckland. These bills were first discounted by Murnin at bank interest, and then re-discounted by the latter with his own endorsement. On presentation at New Zealand both bills were protested for non-acceptance, and were accepted by a Mr. Platt "for Mr. Murnin's honour." As soon as Mr. Murnin was advised of this (as he was by a formal notice from Platt) he debited the amount of the two bills against Macfarlane. This debit was made in October, 1854, and was retained until July, 1855, until which time Murnin was not formally advised by letter from Platt that the bills had been both paid by Macfarlane. The ruling of the Judge was, that this debit was illegal from the first, because there was nothing here but a debt *growing* due, the existence and payment of which could not be lawfully anticipated. The amount of the bills ought not, consequently, to have been debited until they had arrived at maturity, and had been actually dishonoured. Evidence was adduced to show that Murnin had from the first anticipated the retirement of the bills at or after maturity by Macfarlane, and that as early as January, 1855, at all events, he ought to have known of their payment, for Platt was then in Sydney, and Murnin had been specially referred to him, by Macfarlane, upon this subject. But although he saw Platt often, he had omitted to ask for any information of the kind. It was contended that this omission could only be attributed to a desire to keep a large balance against Macfarlane. On the other hand it was urged that the charging of this sum in the accounts sent to Macfarlane proved *bona fides*, and that even if the amount had been credited to Macfarlane in January, it would not have affected the present questions as it was prior to this that the claims against Macfarlane, referred to in the present action, had been left unpaid by Murnin on the ground of his having no available funds in hand. The main question on this part of the case was one of mercantile law,—as to the right of the defendant, as a factor, to exercise a lien over the property and funds of his principle, to protect himself against losses under his own liability on claims growing due. A number of cases were quoted on either side upon this point, and the same right of lien was, in fact, a question as to nearly every part of the accounts. The third item was a debit of £603 13s. 3d. for goods shipped from Sydney to New Zealand to Macfarlane's order. Murnin charged for the price of these goods and commission at the time of shipment, but having purchased them on credit, he allowed interest to his principal to the time that payment was actually made. This debit was justified upon the ground that Murnin had made the purchase as for himself, and upon his own credit, his principal having never been liable; consequently that the goods were supplied just as if they came from Murnin's store. It was held at the trial, however, that the principal would if disclosed, or ascertained, have been made liable by operation of law, and was consequently entitled to benefit by the credit which his agent had obtained. Therefore, that he ought not to have been debited with any payment until it was actually made. Although it was still maintained that this ruling was correct, the disallowance of this particular debit was less strenuously contended for by the plaintiff's counsel than the others. The fourth item was a debit for two bills of £275 5s. each, purchased by Murnin at a discount during their currency, and charged by him to Macfarlane at the date of their purchase. It was held at the trial that neither the general authority which Murnin possessed for the settlement of Macfarlane's liabilities, nor even a special authority, which plaintiff had committed to him to "do the best he could" as to these specific claims, would warrant an anticipation of such liabilities before they became due, unless such an anticipation was indispensably necessary for the maintenance of Macfarlane's credit. Therefore, that the purchase of these bills at a discount was a transaction by Murnin in his individual capacity, and not as Macfarlane's agent, and they were not legally debitable against Macfarlane until they actually fell due. In the course of the argument upon the new trial motion, it was admitted by defendant's counsel that these two notes had been erroneously charged in making out the account, and that they ought not to have been debited until they became due. But as this was shortly afterwards there would not, it was contended, be any real difference in the case on that account, as the balance would still be against Macfarlane. The fifth item was a debit for two bills for £363 13s. 11d. each, as paid in cash, which Murnin had settled at a discount, by giving his own notes in payment of them. It was held at the trial that there should have been no debit against the principal as cash, until cash, in the ordinary acceptance of the term, had been actually paid. It was contended that this payment by a pledge of Murnin's own credit was fully equivalent to a payment in cash as against Macfarlane. It was further contended that, in all these arrangements with Macfarlane's creditors, Murnin had but acted according to the directions of the former to make the best practicable settlements, and that he had acted *bona fide* with a view to the protection of Macfarlane's credit and the relief of his difficulties so far as these ends could be obtained, with a due care that he (Murnin) was also protected against loss. The correspondence shewed that Macfarlane was, at the time over which it ranged, contending against many difficulties, but it was proved that he had since then paid off all his creditors in full. The jury, besides awarding the £3000 damages as already mentioned, had found that a sum of £353 12s. 8d. was due upon the general account beyond the sum of £70 which Murnin had paid into Court. But as the jury had negatived the issues raised upon the charge of slander, the most difficult and important question now raised was whether, in the absence of any actual slander, the £3000 damages were not so excessive as to render a new trial imperative. Upon this question there was a great deal of argument, and many authorities were cited. The argument upon this branch of the case opened up in reality two considerations: first, whether it could be assumed that the jury had taken such views of the defendant's conduct as would justify them in finding this amount of damage, while at the same time they negatived the charge of slander; secondly (and chiefly), whether the Court would be justified in granting a new trial upon the ground of the damages being excessive, because, upon a review of the evidence, and of the plaintiff's own position and views (as shown by the correspondence), their Honors should be *of opinion* that the damages were excessive, the computation of such damages being peculiarly a matter within the province of the jury. Affidavits were tendered to support this motion by showing that, according to the opinion of commercial men, the debits were in accordance with mercantile usage. These affidavits, however, were, after argument, rejected.

The Court reserved judgment.

BUSINESS FOR THIS DAY.—NEW TRIAL MOTIONS:—M'Intosh v. Pollard; Simmons v. Taylor; Wolfenden v. Wolfenden; Woolley and another v. Mackenzie; Ebsworth and another v. Perry, assignee; Richards v. Pringle.

BUSINESS IN MASTER'S OFFICE.—Collins v. Hart, to examine witnesses; Pendergast v. Pendergast, to proceed on respondent's accounts; Stirling v. Smith, to examine witnesses; Re Hartacres and Trustees Act, adjourned warrant; Terry v. Osborne, to tax plaintiff's costs; Same v. same, to proceed on report.

INSOLVENT COURT.
TUESDAY.

BEFORE the Chief Commissioner of Insolvent Estates

In the estate of Edward B. Cullen, a first meeting Three debts were proved.

In the estate of John Martin, a special meeting was held, at which a debt of £106 13s. 4d. was proved.

Certificates of discharge were granted to Frances Cole, Frederick William Williams, John Mason, and William Levy Lawrence.

In the estates of Charles W. F. Stier, an adjourned certificate meeting. A caveat had been lodged, and a charge of fraudulent insolvency had been made: both of which were withdrawn. His Honor, however, took time to look into the matter before granting a certificate.

In the estate of David Lawrence Levy, a certificate meeting. Grounds of opposition having been filed, Mr. Hart was heard on behalf of the opposing creditor and Mr. Michael for insolvent. His Honor reserved judgement.

In the estate of Meyer L. Jonas, an adjourned certificate meeting, for judgment. The Chief Commissioner refused the application upon the following grounds: 1. For having given to two of his creditors a fraudulent preference; 2ndly, for having contracted debts without a reasonable probability of being able to pay them. 3rdly, for having contracted debts by false pretences; and lastly, having regard to his conduct both before and after his insolvency.

In the estate of Thomas Alfoed, of Brisbane, an adjourned certificate meeting. This certificate was refused on the grounds that the insolvent, an auctioneer, had applied to his own use certain property, and money the proceeds of property entrusted to him as agent only.

SURRENDER.

John Van de Polder, of Woolloomooloo, Sydney, embroiderer in gold and silver, and manufacturer of gold and silver lace. Liabilities, £313 18s. 3d. Assets—value of personal property, £195; outstanding debts, £47 0s. 6d.: total, £242 0s. 6d. Deficit, £71 17s. 9d. Mr. Morris, official assignee.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Wednesday, November 11.—Archibald M'Diarmid, single, 11. George Cartwright, single, half-past 11. Frederick Horne, single, 12. Michael Scott, single, half-past 12.

Thursday, 12.—Matthew J. Duncan, single, 11. Martin Guest, special, under a Judge's order for examination, 11. Philip Dew, second, 2.

Friday, 13.—Edward B. Cullen, second, 11. Alexander M'Lean, a special meeting under a rule of Court to take evidence as to the recent appointment of James Roberts to the trusteeship, 12.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.
TUESDAY.

BEFORE Mr. Forbes, Mr. Shoobert, Mr. Egan, and Captain M'Lean.

Ten persons, convicted of having been found drunk in the streets, were sentenced to pay—some 10s., and the rest 20s. each, or to be imprisoned twenty-four hours.

Catherine Beck and Richard Jones, idle and disorderly persons, having no home nor any lawful occupation, were convicted of vagrancy; they were sentenced to be imprisoned—the first for fourteen days, and the other for three months.

Ellen Mullally, of Goulburn-street, was brought before the Court by sergeant Watkinson, charged with being the keeper of an ill-governed and disorderly house, was, after taking the depositions of the informer, with those of constables Smith and Condick, committed for trial at the Quarter Sessions.

Nicholas M'Neil was brought before the Bench by sergeant Lane, who deposed that about two o'clock this morning he was on duty in Sussex-street, and heard the cries of a female issuing from the Ultimo Paddock; following the sound, he heard a female imploring some person to let her, a lone woman, alone; when he arrived at the spot, he found the defendant indecently assaulting a woman, and took him from her; defendant then turned against witness, struck him several times, tore his coat and shirt, knocked him down, and threw him into the swamp; assistance however came up and defendant was secured; the female refused to give her name, or to give defendant into custody, but she struck him (defendant) several times with a stick after that he was taken from her. To pay a penalty of £5 or be imprisoned two months, £2 of the penalty to be appropriated for reparation of the damage to the officer's uniform.

The rest of the day was occupied in hearing a case (Egan v. Goldsmith) under the Tenants' Act, to recover possession of a house and land in George-street, of which defendant is alleged to be an overholding weekly tenant. At half-past three it was adjourned, in consequence of the "indisposition" of a witness for the defence, until to-morrow.

WATER POLICE COURT.
TUESDAY.

BEFORE the Water Police Magistrate, and Mr. M. Metcalfe.

Peter Nugent and Christopher Mills, for drunkenness were fined—the first 20s., and the latter 10s., in default, the usual term of imprisonment.

John Charloe, Thomas Miller, and John Collins were charged with wilful disobedience of lawful commands on board the Washington Irving, and were each sentenced to four weeks' imprisonment.

Robert Bonner, cook and steward, for disobedience of lawful commands on board the Callender, was sentenced to fourteen days' imprisonment.

Arthur Andrew, steward on board the Jane Wheeler, was fined 30s. for having been drunk and disorderly in the city, and whilst in that state having wilfully damaged the hat and coat of the police officer who took him into custody.

Joseph Richards, cook and steward, sought to recover £24 4s. from Henry Maughan, the master of the Wild Wave, that being the amount of wages due to plaintiff for his services during a voyage to and from Mauritius. On account of inefficiency and inattention to duty, which were deposed to by the mate and another seaman, an order was made that defendant pay to plaintiff the reduced sum of £20 4s., and also 6s. 2d. costs of court.

John Kingdom Cleave was summoned by Elizabeth Craig, who sought to recover the amount of wages due to her. Mr. Borton appeared for plaintiff. The Court ordered the payment of £3 6s. 8d., with costs.

The above named, Elizabeth Craig, was then charged with having unlawfully left the hired service of Mr. Cleeve, and it was ordered that she forfeit the balance (ten weeks) of wages due, and that the agreement be cancelled.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

AT THE CROWN LANDS' SALES ROOM, Colonial Treasury, Macquarie-street, at 11 o'clock, Town Lots in the County of Cumberland.

MESSRS. BURT AND CO.—At their Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carts, Drays, Harness, Saddlery, &c.

MR. W. G. LAMBERT.—At his Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Gigs, Dog-cart, Saddles, Bridles, and Sundries.

MR. W. PRITCHARD.—At his Produce Mart, at 11 o'clock, in the Yard, Beef, Lucerne Hay; at quarter past 11, in the Room, General Produce; at half-past 11 o'clock, Chili Flour, Bran, Potatoes, Bacon, Butter; at 12 o'clock, Damaged Flour.

MESSRS. CHATTO AND HUGHES.—At their Sale Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Continuation Sale of Drapery, Clothing, Hosiery, &c., &c.

MESSRS. FRITH AND PAYTEN.—At their Rooms, at half-past 10 o'clock, Fresh Oats, Damaged Saddlery, Tinware, and Tools; at 11 o'clock, Saddlery, Ironmongery, Spades, Shovels, China and Glassware, damaged Hair and Cloth Brushes, Tin Plates, Iron Stretchers, &c.

MESSRS. PURKIS AND LAMBERT.—At their Mart, at 11 o'clock, Cutlery, Electro-plated Ware, Mahogany Dressing Glasses, Side Combs, &c.

MR. A. ALLAN.—On the premises, 43, Park-street, at 11 o'clock, Boots and Shoes, Shop Fittings and Furniture, &c.

MR. J. M. HUGHES.—At the Barley Mow Yard, Park-street, at 10 o'clock, Cheese, Butter, &c.

MESSRS. MOORE.—At the Mart, Labour Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Gold Watch, Wearing Apparel, Guns &c.

MESSRS. W. DEAN AND CO.—At their Warehouse, at 11 o'clock, Tea, Sugar, Coffee, Bottled Fruits, Bath Bricks, &c.

MR. R. PEEK.—At his Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Cigars, Bottled Fruits, Pickles, Brandy, Old Tom, Stout, Ale, Sherry, &c.

MESSRS. BURGIS AND BOWES.—At their Rooms, at 12 o'clock, Allotments of the Bello-Retiro Estate, also at Port Curtis, Concord, Parramatta Road, Newtown, Surry Hills, Middle Harbour, &c.

MESSRS. MERRINGTON AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Drapery, Clothing, and Fancy Goods.

MESSRS. MORT AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Farm in the County of Cook, Freeholds in the Bathurst Districts.

MESSRS. MURIEL AND MILLER.—At their Rooms, at 11 o'clock, Perfumery.

MR. S. WOOLLER.—At the Horse Repository, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Carts, Omnibuses, &c.

THE MORUYA DIGGINGS.—We were yesterday shown a very beautiful sample of gold, consisting of 59 ounces some odd pennyweights, that had been obtained by a party of three men, who had been at work for only three weeks. The gold is very fine and scaly, and appears to be exceedingly pure in quality—weighing very heavily, and having mixed amongst it; to some small extent, the black metallic looking sand, that is the distinguishing feature of the Ovens gold. These diggings have not been opened more than two months, and yet we are informed that some 1700 persons are assembled there, being mostly farmers resident in the neighbourhood, who, being old diggers, and having finished their field-work, have tried their luck in this direction. They are situated on a branch of the Moroya River, called Mogo Creek, that runs down from near Reid's Creek to the Moruya River, they being merely an extension of the Braidwood diggings. They are situated about ten miles from Broulee, the same distance from the Moruya, and eight miles from the Clyde. By the number of persons employed, and the nature of the ground, it is anticipated that the workable ground will extend to within a short distance of Bateman's Bay.

A SEA MONSTER.—Messrs. Thomas Taylor, George M'Naughton, and Patrick Campbell found recently on the Sandy Beach, between Newcastle and Port Stephens a species of sea monster allied to the seal tribe. The animal was basking on the sands at the time it was discovered and was killed by a blow from an axe. It was brought into Newcastle, and exhibited at the Commercial Hotel as a curiosity. It measures 7 feet 10 inches from the nose to the tail, and is speckled and barred and covered with hair. The teeth are all more or less trenchant, and comprise in each jaw four incisors, two canines, and a proportionate number of cutters. The animal is unquestionably carnivorous. The rudimentary feet, commonly called the tail, are double, and each spread out like the tail of a fish, whilst the true tail (or terminal vertebræ) lies between them. This true tail is about 6 inches long and is shaped not unlike a piece of a walking stick. The girth of the animal is considerable, being about the thickness of a man. The paddles differ from the fore feet of most of the seals, and are large and powerful, measuring about 18 inches in length, and shaped partly on the model of the wing of a bird and partly on the model of the fin of a fish. There is no appearance of auditory organs, and the snout is more prolonged than is the snout of the common seal. The construction of its paddles, its rudimentary feet, its habit of basking in the sunshine, and the great tenacity of life it exhibited when struck, ally it to the seal tribe. The specimen exhibited at Newcastle was that of a female, which, judging from the state of the teeth, was evidently of great age. It is said that the species are common on the coast of Chili, and also at the Cape of Good Hope.—*N. Times and Newcastle Telegraph.*

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

BUSINESS PROCEEDINGS THIS DAY.

GOVERNMENT BUSINESS—ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Government Railways Bill, second reading.
Districts Courts Bill, to be considered in committee.
Murray River Customs Bill, third reading.
Public Loans Act Consolidation Bill, third reading.

GENERAL BUSINESS—NOTICES OF MOTION.

Mr. WISE to move, For leave to bring in a bill to amend the law of evidence.

Mr. DEAS THOMSON to move, That a message be transmitted to the Legislative Assembly, forwarding a copy of the report of the select committee on Australian Federation, and of the resolution thereon, adopted by the Council, requesting a conference with that House, with a view of inviting their concurrence therein, and in a joint address to the Governor-General, requesting that his Excellency will be pleased to adopt the necessary measures for giving effect to the same.

GENERAL BUSINESS—ORDERS OF THE DAY.

Compulsory Vaccination Bill, second reading.
Deserted Wives and Children Bill, to be considered in committee.
Enlargement of the Council of St. Paul's College Bill, adoption of the report.
Mrs. Mann's Trust Bill, adoption of the report.

CONTINGENT NOTICE OF MOTION.

Dr. DOUGLASS to move (contingent upon the bill to render vaccination compulsory throughout the colony having been read a second time), that the bill be referred to a select committee to consist of the following members, viz.:—Mr. a'Beckett, Mr. Justice Dickinson, the Solicitor-General, Mr. Mitchell, Sir Alfred Stephen, Mr. Deas Thomson, and the mover.

QUESTION.

Mr. WANT to ask the Honorable the Solicitor-General, When the arrangements for the representation of the Government in this House are likely to be completed?

LECTURE.—Mr. Bonnie delivered an interesting lecture at the hall of the School of Arts, last evening, on "Civilisation." The lecturer commenced with a survey of the rapid progress of the civilised world, in education and general enlightenment during the last century; and referred to the abolition of the slave trade as a marked feature in human progress. He glanced at the history of America, its rapid rise, and the development of many valuable institutions; and in reference to this colony, dwelt with much force on its past attainments and future prospects. The attendance was small, and the lecture terminated about 9 o'clock.

BANK LIABILITIES AND ASSETS.

GENERAL ABSTRACT of the Sworn Returns, rendered pursuant to the Act of Council, 4 Victoria, No. 13, of the average Assets and Liabilities, and of the Capital and Profits, of the undermentioned Banks of the Colony of New South Wales, for the Quarter ended 30th September, 1857.

BANKS.	LIABILITIES. Notes in Circulation.	Bills in Circulation.	Balances due to other Banks.	Deposits.	Total Liabilities.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
New South Wales	734,624 0 0	8,700 0 3	130,812 4 11	2,047,588 14 2	2,911,224 19 4
Commercial	199,510 3 0	10 18 4	3,126 0 7	809,472 13 4	1,012,119 14 3
Australasia	98,160 13 9	11,397 17 2	75 2 8	565,866 16 5	675,503 10 0
Union of Australia	153,831 18 6	12,069 14 7	......	678,535 16 4	843,440 9 3
Australian Joint Stock	116,067 16 10	31,032 1 0	9,330 2 4	606,408 13 9	762,877 13 11
London Chartered	16,089 1 7	3,545 8 6	......	51,803 5 0	71,436 13 1
English, Scottish & Australian	38,993 13 10	1,236 11 2	......	148,533 9 5	188,763 14 5
Oriental	57,300 0 0	4,120 15 4	305,974 7 4	366,568 18 5	733,964 1 1
TOTALS	1,404,607 7 6	72,113 6 4	448,839 17 10	5,274,800 3 10	7,200,350 15 6

BANKS.	ASSETS. Coin.	Bullion.	Landed Property.	Notes and Bills of other Banks.	Balances due from other Banks.	Notes and Bills Discounted, and all other Debts due to the Banks.	Total Assets.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
New South Wales	666,707 18 7	169,857 6 6	31,611 1 11	38,399 1 8	114,148 7 7	2,578,495 4 5	3,589,220 12 8
Commercial	397,448 4 9	2,340 13 3	16,000 0 0	3,086 16 0	134,368 0 3	779,146 19 3	1,332,307 12 4
Australasia	131,404 4 6	3,133 3 10	24,213 2 4	7,045 1 5	......	598,517 9 4	764,403 0 5
Union of Australia	171,230 2 11	4,341 14 9	13,801 0 4	6,440 19 0	1,339 9 0	680,064 13 2	836,013 15 2
Australian Joint Stock	199,177 13 7	975 3 5	25,361 4 8	7,367 13 8	24,716 11 11	*777,734 8 0	1,035,761 1 3
London Chartered	32,048 19 10	......	26,081 9 4	......	......	132,879 13 5	191,013 11 7
English, Scottish & Australian	71,591 13 1	......	15,420 0 10	488 4 7	769 4 7	408,875 0 11	492,135 4 0
Oriental	141,619 2 3	5,379 10 10	15,052 11 0	1,280 0 0	298,100 10 9	348,778 0 0	805,183 0 10
TOTALS	1,841,307 19 6	185,926 17 6	178,441 6 5	64,524 16 4	573,542 4 0	6,304,511 4 6	9,086,056 18 3

BANKS.	CAPITAL AND PROFITS. Capital paid up.	Rate per Annum of last Dividend.	Amount of Dividend.	Amount of Reserved Profits after paying Dividend.
	£ s. d.		£ s. d.	£ s. d.
New South Wales	500,000 0 0	20 ⅌ cent.	50,000 0 0	140,000 0 0
Commercial	237,604 0 0	12 ⅌ cent.	14,259 0 0	40,952 9 8
Australasia	900,000 0 0	6 ⅌ cent.†	90,000 0 0	401,777 17 5
Union of Australia	820,000 0 0	20 ⅌ cent.	82,000 0 0	289,138 1 9
Australian Joint Stock	250,000 0 0	10 ⅌ cent.	12,500 0 0	19,360 8 1 / 4,992 10 10§
London Chartered	700,000 0 0	5 ⅌ cent. on £675,000	16,875 0 0	6,103 6 1
English, Scottish & Australian	500,000 0 0	5 ⅌ cent.	12,500 0 0	4,015 8 8
Oriental	1,260,000 0 0	10 ⅌ cent.‡	88,200 0 0	269,062 3 6
TOTALS	5,167,604 0 0		366,334 0 0	1,166,401 5 0

* Including £28,500 worth of Government Debentures.
† And bonus of 58s. per share, equal to 20 ⅌ cent. ⅌ annum.
‡ And bonus of 2 ⅌ cent.
§ Amount of rebate of interest.

R. JONES, Treasurer.

The Treasury, New South Wales, Sydney,
9th November, 1857.

LAND CIRCULAR.

SINCE our circular in October, we are not able to announce any great improvement on the sales of real property. On the contrary, there still prevails on the part of large capitalists a decided disinclination to invest, except at rates of return for their money far in excess of that yielded by any other investment. While, for instance, Bank securities have had an upward tendency, and sell at a premium which reduces the rate of interest received to eight per cent. and even under, and while purchasers have been found for Government debentures yielding only 5 per cent., yet parties seeking investments in real property are not ratisfied with less than 12 per cent. on first-class, and 15 to 20 per cent. on second-class house property. We are at a loss to account for this, for at present we see no great reason to apprehend any much greater decline in the rents of good houses, and certainly the cost of building is not going down. There is, however, but little first-class city property in the market at present, owners preferring to hold rather than sell at present rates.

Suburban lands, in eligible positions and on easy terms, are still sought after by small capitalists, and meet with ready sale. On this head we may point to our sale of allotments at Rochester, on the 31st ultimo, when the prices were quite equal to any that have ever been obtained for similar lands.

Since our last report, we quote the following sales:—

12 allotments on the Kingston Estate, 398 feet frontage.

160 acres of land, without improvements, Haslam's Creek, on the Parramatta Road.

2 allotments, Canonbury, near the junction of the Cogee and Waverly Roads.

31 allotments, Rochester, adjoining Gross Farm, portion of the Bligh Estate.

2 allotments, town of Wollongong, fronting Smith-street.

10 allotments, town of Broulee.

1 allotment, Raymond-terrace, fronting Sturgeon-street.

½ acre allotment, Cogee, fronting Arden-street.

3 allotments, South Sydney, fronting Alma-street, on lease for 99 years.

MORT and CO

LOWER MURRUMBIDGEE.
[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

OCTOBER 31, 1857.—AN ASSIZE TOWN WANTED.—If any further reasons were required to prove the necessity for the appointment of some place nearer to this part of the colony than Goulburn, as an assize town, the report which appeared in the *Herald* of the trial of Patrick Walsh, at the late Goulburn Assizes, for the murder of William Graham, at Balranald, would furnish quite sufficient evidence to convince any person that such a step on the part of the Government is urgently required. In the report alluded to, we find that the prisoner was conveyed 430 miles from the spot where the dreadful act was committed, to Goulburn, the nearest assize town, and consequently during so long a journey, who can doubt but that there must have been some chance of the prisoner escaping from justice, as we do not unfrequently hear of criminals in this colony running away from the police escort, and getting out of the reach of all pursuit. Had not the late Chief Constable, who was a witness on the trial, resigned his situation about the time of the murder, this district would have been deprived of the services of the chief of the police during about six weeks—an event surely not to be wished for, and an occurrence which could never have been foreseen when such an officer was first appointed to the Balranald district. Furthermore, the only doctor in an immensely large circuit of country was taken away from his patients to attend these distant assizes, and whilst on his return home was most unfortunately drowned. The expense to the country consequent on paying witnesses for travelling so many miles is quite a secondary consideration, compared with the inconvenience individuals are put to and the number of criminals who annually escape from justice, owing to the dislike people have to travel so far to prosecute. The Government state that another assize town cannot be appointed, because the judges would not have time to attend it; and we lately saw an instance of the civil cases at a country assizes being left unfinished because the judges could not stay away sufficiently long from Sydney to go through the list. Now surely if there is more work to be done than the present number of judges can perform, the colony is sufficiently rich to pay another learned gentleman to sit on the bench and help to clear away the present arrears of business, as well as to attend assizes in the remote parts of the colony. It is certainly not presumptuous of any locality, paying taxes towards the general revenue, to ask that justice should be brought within a reasonable distance of it, and no person who speaks fairly can have the conscience to say that an assize town 430 miles away can be called at a reasonable distance.

BODY FOUND.—On the 16th ultimo, the dead body of a man was found in the Murrumbidgee, just below the Balranald township. The body was first noticed by a man who was fishing, who saw it stuck in a fallen tree, with the head and hands under water. It was completely destitute of clothes; the hands were eaten, and the face so destroyed that it was totally impossible to recognise the features, or to say who the deceased was; but from its being the body of a large man, it was supposed to the corpse of Roach, the unfortunate man who was drowned in attempting to cross the river at Kiela, on the 20th of August last. The body was so horribly decomposed that it was dreadful to approach it; but the police, under the direction of the Bench clerk, made a grave and interred the body close to the spot where it was discovered.

POLICE.—The police have lately been employed in looking out for unlicensed hawkers and dealers in sly grog, and have met with some amount of success in their expeditions up the Lachlan in search of such parties. Recently, one individual was taken to Balranald charged with hawking without a license, but some explanation being given which accounted for the circumstance in a satisfactory manner, he was only ordered to take out a license. Mr. Charles Thatcher, of Gundagai, a general dealer, was not so fortunate, for being charged with a similar offence, and only producing a Wagga Wagga license, he was fined in the sum of £10.

SNAKES.—These venomous reptiles are very numerous this year, and it is now hardly safe to walk amongst long grass without keeping a good look out. A few days ago I saw a snake seven feet long, killed not far from a hut—it was black on the back, and had a beautiful salmon-coloured belly marked in rings. I imagined it was venomous, like the common black snake, but was assured by some blacks that such was not the case.

THE WEATHER, &c.—Ever since the new moon there has been a constant succession of fine growing showers, which have retarded the shearing, but helped to fatten the cattle. The Murrumbidgee is now higher than it has been before for the year, and appears likely to overflow the banks in a very short time.

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

Tuesday Evening.

BUSINESS has been very quiet to-day, the merchants, bankers, and others being fully occupied in writing their letters per City of Sydney. The non-arrival of the Columbian with the English mail has caused much inconvenience and annoyance, and tends to increase the feeling of dissatisfaction which has lately been expressed in the continued non-fulfilment of the contract by the European and Australian Steam Packet Company.

A sale of town lots of land at Parramatta, will be held this day at the Government Land Sales Office, Colonial Treasury, Macquarie-street, to-morrow (Wednesday), at 11 o'clock.

We give in another part of the *Herald* a table showing the amount of liabilities and assets of the several Banks within the colony of New South Wales, for the quarter ended the 30th of September, 1857.

The *Edinburgh Review*, in speaking of the Social Progress of Ireland, make the following remarks:—"The effects are visible in the comparative scarcity of those ill-tilled patches of exhausted land, which formerly scarred the face of the country, and marked the features of the cottier system; in the gradual development of extensive farms, supplied with the requisites of scientific cultivation; in a vast breadth of land recently opened to tillage; and in a general appearance of rural opulence in Ireland. They have wrought a complete revolution in Irish agriculture; have transferred the soil from pauper cottiers to real farmers; have caused an evident improvement in every species of husbandry; have brought capital in large quantities to a hopeful field for investment; have planted in the land a numerous small proprietary; and have settled the true conditions of Irish prosperity. A few figures will demonstrate these results. In the year 1841, the farms in Ireland, exceeding thirty acres in area, were in the proportion of seven to the hundred; at the close of 1855 they had increased to more than 26 per cent., and occupied upwards of three-fourths of the country. In the year 1841 there were about six and a quarter millions of acres out of cultivation; in the year 1855, only 4,890,000. In 1847, 727,000 acres of land were under a green crop; in 1855 the number had nearly doubled. In 1841 the live stock of Ireland was valued at £19,400,000; in 1855, at the same rates, it had reached thirty-three millions and a half. The average circulation of all the banks of Ireland was, in 1850, four millions and a half: at the close of 1855 it had almost increased a third. Lastly, while the Irish excise duties of 1850 amounted to £1,400,000, those of 1856 were £2,600,000. It may, we think be stated that so rapid and happy an economical revolution, so quick a transition from a sinking and perilous to a hopeful and flourishing landed system, is without a parallel in history. The foundations of Irish prosperity have at lenght been laid in reformed modes of owning and occupying the soil; and there can be no doubt but that they will support a superstructure of general welfare."

FAT STOCK.—Mr. F. R. Cole, on Tuesday last, sold for Mr. Henry Beatson of Penrith, to Messrs. A. Beatson and D. Griffin of Wollongong, fifty head of most splendid fat cattle, the like of which has not been disposed of in this district for many years. One of them in particular is worthy of remark, for its immense size and fine proportions. This beast may be seen gratuitously during this week in the stables at the back of Davis's Harp Inn, Wollongong. When killed, it is calculated that this bovine monster will weigh upwards of 15 cwt.—*Illawarra Mercury.*

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1495190

THE UNDERSIGNED have in Store, for SALE at market rates, invoices of
Martell's brandy — Oilmen's stores
Hennessy's ditto — Salad oil
U. V. Company's ditto — Castor oils
Port wine, in hogsheads and quarter-casks — Dundee goods
Ships' blocks
Tennent's ale, in bulk and glass — Galvanised iron, 24-gauge, 6 and 7 feet
Ditto porter, ditto ditto — Boots and shoes
Glassware — Printing ink,
Crown glass — Cotton wick, and
Sundry other goods.
HOW, WALKER, and CO., Circular Quay.

FOR SALE by the undersigned—
Chatham Island potatoes (picked) 8s. per cwt.
Fine plump feed oats, 7s. per bushel
Meal (ground from the best maize)
Fine fresh chaff, 2 per cwt.
WALKER and SON, York-street.

FOR SALE, a Waterman's SKIFF. H. W. HAMILTON 80 Harrington-street.

AT PARTRIDGE'S GALVANIZED IRON WORKS. Galvanized corrugated tinned iron, from 4 to 8 feet long, Morewood and Co.'s, straight and curved, requiring no rafters
Slip jointed ½-round gutters
Ditto ditto, octagon gutters
Down piping, all sizes
Rain water heads and shoes
Gutter and pipe angles
Galvanized iron buckets
Ditto ditto baths
Ditto ditto cowls
Ditto ditto tiles, 28 gauge
Black iron tiles, very cheap.
All fixings complete for the above articles. Estimates given for fixing the above articles if required. Experienced workmen sent to any part. Adjoining Australian Brewery, Bathurst street East.

FOR SALE, ex Francis, from Launceston, at Moore's Wharf, 1200 5-feet paling, and 500 posts and rails. Apply to Captain BROWN, on board; or to JAMES MALCOLM and CO.

W. H. ROLFE'S TIMBER YARD, Circular Quay.—The best, largest, and cheapest assortment of foreign and colonial timber of all descriptions—white and pitch pine tongued and grooved flooring boards—clear pineboards, all thicknesses—cedar all thicknesses—Oregon and Baltic scantling—Baltic red deals—colonial and other hard woods—laths, palings, weatherboards, battens, shingles, skirting boards, architraves, mouldings, &c.—panel and sash doors, French doors, and glazed sashes, in every variety. Country orders promptly executed at the lowest market rates.

NOW LANDING, Inch Pitch Pine, T. and G., and Weatherboards, planed. Circular Quay, W. H. ROLFE.

10,000 SUPERIOR Swiss Paving SLABS, for halls, verandahs, kitchens, &c., 17 x 17, 19 x 9, 22 x 22, at 1s. 3d per foot surface. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

60,000 FEET ½-inch WHITE PINE, planed one side, very cheap. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

100,000 FEET splendid Baltic G. and T. Boards, 6 inches wide, 1¼, 1, and ¾ inch thick. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

30,000 BEST Bangor SLATES, Pine and Hardwood Battens. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

30,000 FEET PITCH PINE, planed on one side, for stair-treads, &c., 1, 1½, and 2 inches. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

40,000 FEET Shelving BOARDS, planed both sides. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

100,000 HOBART TOWN and Forest Oak Shingles. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

550 SUPERIOR AMERICAN OARS, from 10 to 22 feet. Also, Venetian Blinds, very cheap. BROOMFIELD and WHITAKER, Albion Wharf.

50,000 FEET 1¼ inch G. and T. Pitch Pine, very cheap. GOODLET and CO., Erskine-street, and 6, Parramatta-street.

25,000 FEET 2, 1½, 1¼, 1, and ¾ inch Clear Pine, cheap Victoria Saw Mills, Erskine-street, and 6, Parramatta-street.

75,000 SHINGLES, Hard Battens, 6 and 5 feet Palings, 3 and 4 feet Hard and Soft Laths, Galvanised Tiles, Patent Clay Tiles, Weatherboards, Plaster of Paris, in 1 cwt. cases, at 4s. each. GOODLET and CO., Erskine-street, and 6, Parramatta-street.

2000 DOORS, Glazed Windows, Mouldings, &c. GOODLET and CO., Erskine-street, and 6, Parramatta-street.

50,000 FEET Hard and Soft Joists, Scantling, &c. GOODLET and CO., Erskine-street, and 6, Parramatta-street.

SCOTT and JOLLY are prepared to supply from their Steam Saw Mills, Cabramatta, and Brisbane Water, Colonial Hardwood of every description, in any quantity. Colonial Hardwood Depôt. SCOTT and JOLLY'S Wharf, Bathurst-street.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH MATERIAL.—An invoice for SALE. R. A. DAVIS, 39, Swanston-street, Melbourne.

PERUVIAN GUANO for SALE. Apply to THACKER, DANIEL, and CO., corner of George and Jamison-streets.

SYDNEY FLOUR, guaranteed fresh, pure, and extra fine on SALE by RUNDLE, DANGAR, and CO.

TARPAULINS and WRAPPERS for SALE. Apply to Mr. FORD, HERALD Office.

NEWCASTLE and WOLLONGONG COALS, delivered in Sydney at 33s., and at the Wharf, Parramatta, at 40s. per ton. Phoenix Wharf.

CAMPBELLTON WHISKY, in Cask and Case, on SALE. MASON, BROTHERS, Circular Quay.

SODA WATER and LEMONADE BOTTLES.—For SALE, a small parcel of the best make of bottles in convenient packages of two gross, suitable for shipment or for up-country trade. GEORGE A. LLOYD and CO.

COMPOSITE MOULD CANDLES.—Manufactured by the A. S. W. Company, Dixon-street, Sydney.—The A. S. W. Company's Composite Mould Candles burn without smoke or smell, and as long as Stearine or Sperm Candles, and give as good a light. The price is within one penny per pound of common mould candles. Each six candles are wrapped up separately, with the Company's name on the wrapper. To be had of all respectable grocers. Australian Stearine Works, Dixon-street, Sydney.

BUTTER, BUTTER, BUTTER, down again; good Dutch only 10d. per pound.
Butter, butter, butter, cheaper than ever; superior Camden, only 1s. per pound.
Butter, butter, butter; best Wollongong, only 1s. 3d. pound.
HANKS and COMPANY, 319, George-street, opposite the Market.

ON SALE, just received, an Invoice of very superior Jewellery, consisting of brooches, bracelets, and lockets, in the most superb designs. HAEGE and PRELL, Circular Quay.

QUARTZ-CRUSHING MACHINERY.—The undersigned having supplied for the colony of Victoria, several Quartz Crushing Machines, of various descriptions and sizes, beg to inform parties requiring such machinery, that they can be supplied at moderate rates with any description to be worked by water, horse, or steam power. P. N. RUSSELL and CO., Sydney Foundry, and Sussex-street Engine Works.
N. B.—Plans and specifications, with all information, supplied free of charge.

AUSTRALIAN AGRICULTURAL COMPANY'S STOCK.—For SALE, A. A. Co.'s BULLS.—Half, three-quarters, and pure bred Durham bulls, from eighteen months to three years old, delivered at Warrah, Liverpool Plains, at prices ranging from £12 to £35 per head.
A. A. Co.'s Heifers. Twenty three-quarters and pure bred heifers, deliverable at Gloucester, Port Stephens; price, £25 per head.
A. A. Co.'s Rams.—600 rams, unshorn, for SALE at Warrah, Liverpool Plains, at prices ranging from £2 to £4 per head.
TO LET, Black Camp Creek, containing 10,400 acres of land, 14 miles from Stroud and 8 miles from Dungog, with all the buildings and improvements—a shingled cottage, huts, stables, three large paddocks, stockyards, &c.; a good station for a dairy or horses. Rent, £100 per annum; optional for 3, 5, or 7 years.
Apply to ARTHUR HODGSON, 152, George-street, Sydney.

BRINDLEY PARK GAMMON.—RAMS.—The undersigned begs to give notice to the public and his customers, that owing to the large demand made upon his stud this year, he has now no available Rams for sale, but will be prepared to receive applications from 1st January next from intending purchasers for next year's requirements. Some notion having got abroad that the quality of the Brindley Park sheep has been deteriorated, the undersigned takes advantage of this opportunity to state that such is not the case, and begs to adduce the following extract from a letter lately received by him from England, in proof of his assertion.
"With regard to our wool you will be gratified to see the prices we have obtained at the late sales, viz.:—6 bales, at 2s. 7½d.; 15 at 2s. 7½d.; 6 at 2s. 8½d.; 6 at 2s. 11½d., and 9 at 3s. 0½d. per lb. I had a conversation with Mr. Simes, the great wool-broker, who says, that our wool is always in good demand on account of its adaptability to all purposes."
The undersigned would feel obliged by intending purchasers favouring him with their applications at as early a date as possible to prevent the disappointment that occurred to many this year. EDWARD MARLAY.

TO SMALL CAPITALISTS.—Several safe and eligible Investments in Mortgage, at a good rate of interest, ranging in amount from £100 to £700, may be made on reference to the mortgage file of the undersigned, JAMES T. GROCOTT and CO., Mortgage and Land Sales Offices, 55, King-street, next Woolley's Gateway.

FOR SALE, Farms, at Bexley; Allotments Grose Farm, Newtown, Petersham, Camperdown, Glebe, Burwood, Parramatta; Houses suitable for all classes. Terms liberal. Assistance towards building, if required. JOHN GARSED, Commercial-buildings, opposite the Exchange.

A COTTAGE, FOR SALE, at Hunter's Hill, a nice six-roomed Cottage, with good orchard, and 18 acres of land, with frontage to the Parramatta River. Apply to J. D. LANKESTER, 235, George-street.

WATER-SIDE ALLOTMENTS, near the Waterview Bay Dry Dock, for Sale, cheap, and on easy terms. Apply to BOWDEN and THRELKELD, 211, George-street.

TO HOTEL-KEEPERS, or Parties in search of a First-class Hotel.—PURKIS and LAMBERT have been instructed to offer for sale by Private Contract one of the best Hotels in Sydney, known as the Britannia Hotel, late Osmond's, Pitt street. The good-will, House, bar-fittings, the whole of the splendid household furniture, linen, plate, billiard-table, &c. The hotel is now in full trade, and to a man with means there is a certain fortune to be made. The proprietor will grant a lease of the premises at a moderate rental—the furniture, &c., to be taken at a valuation. For particulars apply at the Mart.
The whole will be sold off by auction on the 1st December, if not previously disposed of by private contract.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MARTYN and SCHRODER'S Horse and Carriage Bazaar, 131, Pitt-street, Sydney.—Regular Sale days, TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS, at 11 o'clock.
All parties sending horses or other stock, carriages, &c., are particularly requested to forward written instructions previous to sale, stating brands, age, qualifications, &c., and amount of reserve, or otherwise a sale will be effected to the highest bidder.
N.B.—No responsibility whatever incurred by accident in trying or breaking-in horses.

WEDNESDAY'S Horse Sale, at 11 o'clock.
To be sold by auction, by
MR. S. WOOLLER, George-street, opposite the Police Office, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
6 excellent cart horses, just arrived from the country, subject to trial
4 superior saddle horses
2 good gig horses, warranted
A mixed lot of town horses and drays
Carts, omnibuses, breaks, spring-carts
Trucks, water-carts, &c.

The Stock-in-Trade of a Grocer.
Gas-fittings, Counters, Shelving, Scales, Cannisters, &c.
MR. H. A. GRAVES has received instructions to sell by auction, on THURSDAY, the 12th November, at 11 o'clock, at No. 95, Lower George-street, corner of Queen's-place, without reserve.
The whole of the stock-in-trade of a grocer; also, gas-fittings, three counters, shelving, scales and weights, cannisters, and other sundries.

Rimmel's Perfumery, Rimmel's Perfumery.
10 Cases, just landed.
☞ THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock.
MURIEL and MILLER will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock precisely,
SC & Co. 1 to 10,
Ten cases of Rimmel's perfumery, consisting of—
Stoppered bottled extracts jockey club, essence bouquet
Hedyosmia, guard, opera, napoleon, l'empereur, musk
Rondeletia spring flowers, new mown hay
Verbena, eau de Cologne, lavender, roses
Crystalized creams, hair oil, pomades, soap
Cosmetiques, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.
N.B.—The above is a first-rate assortment of goods, and well worthy the attention of the trade.

Preliminary Notice.
Wines and Spirits, Draught and Bottled Beer.
MURIEL and MILLER have been instructed by the importers to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely.
Several large parcels of the above, ex late arrivals; full particulars of which will appear in to-morrow's issue.

On Account of Whom it May Concern.
Salvage Goods picked up from the Wreck of the Catherine Adamson.
RAT in Diamond.
§13§ 1 Case Printed Dresses
VB over L.
§516§ 1 Case Linings
No mark 1 Case Stays
1 Case Moleskin Trowsers
1 Bale Calico
1 Bale Damask Table-cloths
2 Cases [illegible]
1 Case Saddlery
1 Cask Vinegar.

MURIEL and MILLER have received instructions from Captain Stewart, to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 10 o'clock precisely,
The above goods, all damaged by sea water, picked up from the wreck of the ship Catherine Adamson, unless claimed by the consignees prior to sale.
Terms, cash.

On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Light of the Age, from London.
43 Casks Byass' Ale and Porter.
Slightly Damaged.
MURIEL and MILLER will sell by public auction, at the Stores of Messrs. M. and L. Brodziak, Wynyard-lane, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
43 casks Byass' bottled ale and porter, each 4 dozen, all more or less damaged.
Terms, cash.

☞ On THURSDAY, the 12th, at 12 o'clock.
Opium, Opium, Opium.
Just landed.
MURIEL and MILLER will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, No. 232, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely,
175 lbs. of the finest opium, in convenient lots, ever offered for public sale.
Terms, liberal.

Black Silk Hats
Ditto Satin ditto
Drab Merino ditto
Ditto ditto ditto, green under
Drab Naples ditto
Ditto, ventilating crowns
Ladies' Riding Hats
Ditto ditto ditto, with feathers
Ditto ditto ditto, with lace
Boys' and Youths' Silk Hats
Ditto ditto Rustics
Men's Black Felt ditto
Ditto Super ditto, white and drab
Infants' Soft Felt
Ditto ditto, trimmed.
All New Goods, landed from the Vimeira.
To Hatters, Outfitters, Drapers, &c.
On FRIDAY, the 13th instant, at half-past 10 sharp.
MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above day,
11 cases of the above goods, all the new shapes and latest improvements.
Terms at sale.

20 Bales Damaged Prints.
On account of whom it may concern.
Damaged by sea water.
Ex John Bunyan, from Liverpool.
To Drapers, Storekeepers, Dealers, and the Trade.
On FRIDAY the 13th instant, at 10 o'clock sharp.
MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on the above day, the following goods, on account of whom it may concern.
HW in diamond,
101—50 pieces white ground prints, slightly damaged
102—50 ditto ditto, ditto
107—50 ditto ditto, ditto
108—50 ditto covered ground, ditto
109—51 ditto ditto, ditto
118—50 ditto striped, ditto
119—51 ditto brillionets, ditto
104—50 ditto white ground prints, much damaged
106—50 ditto ditto, ditto
112—50 ditto buff and blues, ditto
114—50 ditto madder stripes, ditto
116—50 ditto pad buffs, ditto
10—50 ditto white ground, more or less damaged
103—50 ditto ditto, ditto
105—50 ditto ditto, ditto
110—50 ditto buffs and blues, ditto
111—50 ditto ditto, ditto
113—50 ditto ditto, ditto
115—50 ditto madder stripes, ditto
117—50 ditto stripes and white grounds, ditto.
20 bales.
Terms, cash.

To Drapers, Outfitters, and Tailors.
The only bona fide opportunity of sorting your stocks for Christmas.
SALE at Mr. B. S. Haigh's, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th, and FRIDAY, the 13th November instant, commencing each day at 11 o'clock.
The stock is well assorted with all first-class goods, and will be ready for inspection one day before the sale.
CHAS. MOORE and CO.

Unreserved Sale by Auction of first-class Outfitting, Drapery, Tents, &c.
To Drapers, Outfitters, and the trade.
Without the slightest reserve.
MESSRS. CHAS. MOORE and CO. have received instructions to inform the trade that they will submit to public competition, on THURSDAY the 12th, and FRIDAY, the 13th of November, at 11 o'clock each day,
The whole of the stock of Mr. B. S Haigh, on the premises, Pitt-street, near the Theatre.
This sale will afford the trade and storekeepers generally an opportunity which rarely occurs, of thoroughly assorting their stocks with first-class goods; the judgment and experience of Mr. H. in keeping what is wanted being well known to the trade.
The stock consists of
MADE-UP CLOTHING.
Gents' light fancy doe trousers
Ditto dark ditto ditto
Ditto black ditto ditto
Ditto drill and duck ditto
Ditto mole ditto
Ditto fancy vests
Ditto black satin ditto
Ditto ditto cloth ditto
Ditto embroidered ditto
Ditto marcella ditto
Ditto fancy silk ditto
Ditto lavender ditto
Ditto black frock coats
Ditto riding ditto
Ditto ditto dress ditto
Ditto shooting ditto
Ditto walking ditto
Ditto overcoats
Ditto white sacs
Ditto grass cloth ditto
Ditto china silk ditto
Ditto alpaca ditto
Ditto coloured ditto ditto
Ditto lustre ditto
White shirts
Regatta ditto
Blue serge ditto
Scarlet twill ditto
Beaufort ties
Printed corahs
Fancy bands
Braces, belts
GOLDDIGGERS' OUTFITTINGS.
Canvas tents
Calico ditto
Waterproof ditto
Tent canvas
Ditto duck
American ditto
Coloured blankets
Guernsey shirts
Jumpers
With every style to suit the N. S. Wales and Victoria diggings.
HATS.
Fine Panama hats
Black silk ditto
Ditto ditto super ditto
Felt hats
Cabbage tree ditto
Manila and Leghorn ditto
Cloth caps.
DRAPERY.
Grey calico
White ditto
Sheetings
Rough browns
Hollands
Linen ticks
Cotton ditto
Huckabacks
Towellings
Table linen
Flannels
Blankets
Quilts, &c., &c.
Prints
Delaines
Balzarines
Coburgs
Alpacas
Hosiery
Haberdashery
Shop fixtures and gas fittings
Household furniture, &c., &c.
N.B.—Mr. B. S. Haigh retires from business for the present, not being willing to give an increased rent for the premises.
Terms, liberal, as usual.

Continuation of TUESDAY'S Usual Drapery Sale.
THIS DAY, Wednesday, 11th instant.
Straw Bonnets
Gloves
Millinery
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
8 cases, as under—
Girls' and maids' improved straw bonnets
Women's ditto ditto
Ditto improved lutons
Ditto rentons
Fancy straw diamond satin
Bedford satin
Women's, girls', and maids' tuscans
Ditto ditto ditto rice
Ditto ditto ditto dunstables
Ditto feather edge
Ditto patent straw
Muslin caps
Dress ditto
Velvet ribbons
Pearl silk gloves
Coloured ditto ditto
Ditto open ditto
Black and coloured taffeta
Indiarubber braces
Ariel neckties
Pink sarsnet ribbon
Check lenoes
Black cashans
Gauze ribbons, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Continuation of TUESDAY'S usual Drapery Sale.
THIS DAY, Wednesday, 11th November.
To Drapers
To Storekeepers
To Shippers and others.
58 Bales and Cases Drapery.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Fifty-eight packages drapery goods, comprising
Coloured lenos
Silk water parasols
White lenos
Lilac prints
5-4 fancies
Linen sheeting
72-inch grey calicoes
Drills
Moleskins
Hurrocks' longcloth
Cotton ticks
Men's merino shirts
Quilts
Barege shawls
Roll linings
Silesias
Oil baize
Lawn and muslins
Men's and boys' cotton braces
Blouses
Millers' drab mole trousers
Fancy vestings
Alpaca coats
Neckties
Leghorn hats
Panama hats
Straw bonnets
Black Paris hats
Cloth and velvet caps
Kid gloves
Bedford cord trousers
Cambric handkerchiefs
Gents' white shirts
Coutille stays
Broad cloths
Doeskins
Children's clothing
Woolpacks
Three-bushel bags
Damasks
Reel cottons, &c.
Terms at sale.

Continuation of TUESDAY'S Usual Drapery Sale.
THIS DAY.
Printed Bandanas
Beaufort Cravats
Coutille Stays.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
2 cases printed bandanas
2 cases black beaufort ties
3 cases women's white coutille stays.
Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, Wednesday, 11th instant.
Continuation of Drapery Sale.
Notice to Drapers and others.
CHATTO and HUGHES will continue their sale of Drapery (commenced yesterday), at their Sale-rooms, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

Continuation of TUESDAY'S Usual Drapery Sale.
THIS DAY, Wednesday.
Drapery Stock.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock.
The stock, &c., of a draper, comprising
Ribbons
Chemisettes
Collars
Edgings
Neckties
Bandannas
Flowers
Silks
Infants' long cloaks
Children's dresses
Frocks
Braces
Belts
Shirts
Stays
Hair nets
White shirts
Regatta shirts
Plaid and tweed vests
Doe vests
Trousers
Jackets
Coats
Gloves
Parasols
Ladies' underclothing
Hosiery
Trimmings, &c.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 13th instant.
Saddlery.
To Saddlers
To Storekeepers, &c.
10 Cases Saddlery.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
10 cases best saddlery, including
Gents' best hogskin saddles
Ladies' superior side saddles
Bridles
Martingales
Whips, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 13th instant.
New Paperhangings, Just Landed.
To Builders
To Paperhangers
To Decorators, and others.
12 Cases very Superior Room Papers.
CHATTO and HUGHES have received instructions from the importer, R. R. Griffith, Esq., to sell by auction, at their Sale Rooms, 243, George-street, on FRIDAY, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
12 cases new paperhangings, just landed, and including every variety.
Terms at sale.

Damaged Hair and Cloth Brushes.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Catherine Adamson.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS WEDNESDAY, 11th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock,
1 case containing
14 dozen hair brushes
7½ ditto cloth ditto
3½ ditto handled ditto.
Terms, cash.

Prime Fresh Oats.
Ex Boanerges.
Hunter River Flour.
To Corndealers, Bakers, and others.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, at half-past 10 o'clock, without reserve,
Ex Boanerges,
55 sacks prime Angus oats, kiln dried and double screened
19 bags Hunter River flour, each 200
50 bags ditto ditto ditto, each 100.
Terms at sale.

Saddlery
Ironmongery, &c.
To Saddlers, Ironmongers, and others.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, the 11th, at 11 o'clock,
Ladies' allover hogskin side-saddles, embroidered safes and pockets
Gents' allover ditto riding saddles, with metal rings, and D's
Weymouth and Pelham bridles
Waggoners and jockey whips.
IRONMONGERY.
Backbands and traces
Dung and potatoe forks
Sad irons
Brass pillar and chamber candlesticks
Table cutlery
Shot, assorted sizes
Muskets
Double and single guns
Percussion caps
Falling and broad axes
Grindstones
Pit and cross-cut saws
Frame ditto
Galvanised ridge cap
Ditto wire, assorted gauges
Wire fencing, and standards
Iron fencing wire, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Damaged Tin Plates
Ditto Iron Stretchers.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Zemindar.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS WEDNESDAY, 11th instant,
EDK in oblong—21 boxes tin plates, much damaged
14 ditto ditto, slightly ditto
SKL in oblong—7 iron stretchers, much damaged
6 ditto ditto, slightly ditto.
Terms, cash.

Foster's Spades
Ditto Handled Shovels
Long ditto ditto.
To Ironmongers, Country Buyers, and Others.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
20 dozen Foster's spades, 1 to 4
20 ditto long-handled shovels
60 ditto D handled ditto.
Without reserve. To close an account.
Terms at sale.

Damaged Saddlery,
Ironmongeries, Nails, &c.
On account of whom it may concern.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, the 11th, at half-past 10 o'clock,
The following goods, damaged by the floods, in the A. S. N. Company's Stores, at Morpeth—
L P in square over 805.
6 colonial pattern saddles
9 ditto clothes lines
10 dozen cut brads
24 ditto tin locks
5½ ditto taper saw files
12½ ditto small tooth combs
2 kegs, 1½ inch nut nails
1 ditto 2 inch ditto
4 ditto 3 inch ditto
16 ditto white lead, each 28 lbs.
Terms, cash.

China and Glassware.
To China, Glass, and Earthenware Dealers and others.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
China, dinner, tea, and breakfast services
Wine and champagne glasses
Claret and liqueur ditto
½-pint and 1-5 quart tumblers
Glass cream jugs and sugar basins
Crystal glass cut decanters, assorted patterns, &c.
Terms at sale.

Damaged Foster's Spades.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Moses Wheeler, Callaghan, from London.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell at the Sydney Auction Rooms, THIS DAY, the 11th, at half-past 10 o'clock,
IL over G—16 dozen Foster's spades, much damaged
4 ditto ditto ditto, slightly ditto.
Terms, cash.

Damaged Tinware, Tools, &c.
On account of whom it may concern.
Ex Merrington.
FRITH and PAYTEN will sell, at the Sydney Auction Rooms, on WEDNESDAY, the 11th instant, at half-past 10 o'clock, (damaged by sea water,)
F over AH, 259 over 948—
2 casks, containing
8 dozen tinned milk dishes
2 ditto strainers
7 gross C.S shell gimlets, assorted, to ½
1 ditto ditto, 6 9, ditto
5 ditto twisted ditto
3 ditto, 3 16 and ½ birch headed spike ditto
2 ditto 5-16 and 3-8, ditto ditto
GM over 215—
1 bale, containing
1 dozen best B.Y. socket grap hooks
3 ditto bag ditto.
Terms, cash.

WEDNESDAY, 11th November.
To Cutlers, Ironmongers, and others.
Superior Sheffield Pocket and Table Cutlery
Elegant Electro plated Ware
Sheffield made Scissors.
Just Landed, ex Boanerges.
PURKIS and LAMBERT have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
1 cask—
Best Sheffield-made scissors, assorted
Ditto pocket cutlery, ditto
Ditto table ditto, ditto
Ditto carvers, game ditto, stag ditto
Ditto gilt scissors, razors
1 cask—
Cupboard locks, 3½ inch
Sets brass till locks, 2½ inch
Brass double hand cupboard locks
9-inch five ward draw locks
Six dozen sheepshears
Table snuffers
Brass knockers
Snuffer trays
Boxwood rules, assorted.
ELEGANT PLATED WARE, Plated on Copper.
Sets electro-plated in G. S. dish covers
Sets of 11 inch ditto, gadroon mounts, plated in copper
Sets of warmers to ditto, with loose plates
Electro table tea and dessert spoons
Salt, mustard, and gravy ditto
Table and dessert forks
Toast racks, egg and toast racks
Electro cruets, best kind
Ditto teapots, 4, 5, and 6 gill
Ditto coffee pots, 5 and 6 gill
Ditto creams, liqueur frames.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY.
4 Cases Mahogany Dressing Glasses.
16 x 12
14 x 10
12 x 9
18 x 14.
Also 1 Case Roll Band Side Combs.
PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
1 case roll band side combs, assorted
Also 4 cases, just landed, as under—
Mahogany moulded tray glasses, 16 x 12
Ditto plain ditto ditto, 14 x 10
Ditto ditto ditto ditto, 12 x 9
Ditto box glasses, 16 x 12
Ditto plain tray ditto, 12 x 9
Ditto box glasses, 14 x 10
Ditto moulded trays, 14 x 10
Ditto plain trays, 10 x 8
Ditto ditto ditto, 16 x 12
Ditto moulded and box, 18 x 14.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY.
5 and 6 feet Cross-cut Saws.
PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
100 cross-cut saws, 5 feet 6 inches, and 6 feet.
Terms, cash.

THURSDAY, 12th November, 1857.
To Grocers, Storekeepers, and others.
Ceylon Coffee.
PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, 262, George street, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 12 o'clock,
[illegible]
Terms, cash.

THURSDAY, 12th November.
To Grocers, Dealers, and Others.
Stock-in-Trade of a Grocer retiring from Business.
PURKIS and LAMBERT will sell by auction, at their Mart, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Without reserve,
20 cases pint pickles
10 ditto ½ lb. jams, Volckman's
10 ditto ½ lb. and 1 lb. mustards, Coleman's
5 ditto blue, each 56 lbs.
4 ditto marmalade, each 5 dozen
10 ditto pint salad oil
15 ditto 1 lb. salmon
5 ditto sardines
20 ditto lobsters
10 half chests congou teas
20 chests ditto ditto
20 ditto hysonskin ditto
100 boxes souchong
50 ditto scented caper and orange pekoe
50 dozen Bryant and Davies' stout.
Terms at sale.

SATURDAY, 14th November.
Sale at the Dockyard.
Saddlery, Clothing, Accoutrements
Hair Beds, Swords, &c.
PURKIS and LAMBERT have received instructions from the Colonial Storekeeper to sell by auction, at the Dock Yard, Lower George-street, on SATURDAY, the 14th instant, at 11 o'clock,
A quantity of clothing
Saddlery, accoutrements, dregs of oil
Hair beds, forage caps
Swords and sundries, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

MONDAY, 1st December.
To the Working Class, Speculators, Parties Building, and others.
Unprecedented and attractive sale of the O'Connell Trust Estate
The remaining and choice unsold lots of a portion of the Riley Estate.
Small deposit; long credit.
PURKIS and LAMBERT have been favoured with instructions from the Trustees of the above estate, to sell by auction, at their Mart, on MONDAY, the 1st December, at 11 o'clock,
The remaining unsold portion, comprising allotments in the various streets as under:—
LIVERPOOL-STREET.
Allotments 20 feet frontage by 85 feet, more or less, deep.
GOULBURN-STREET.
Allotments, having from 20 feet frontage to 29 feet more or less, by a depth of from 120 to 131 feet more or less, with frontage to a lane at the rear, leading into Riley-street.
CROWN-STREET.
Allotments, having from 22 feet frontage, to 25 feet 6 inches more or less, by about 126 feet deep to a lane at the back, leading into Campbell-street.
SHORT-STREET.
Allotment, having 40 feet frontage, by 51 feet 6 inches depth.
NEW BOTANY ROAD.
Allotment, 32 feet frontage, by a depth of 48 to 54 feet more or less. This is a choice lot, being close to the South Head Road.
RILEY-STREET.
Allotments having 20 feet frontage, more or less, by a depth of 90 feet back to a road, 20 feet wide, running through to Foveaux and Albion streets.
FOVEAUX STREET.
Allotments having 20 feet frontage, more or less, by a depth of 90 feet, more or less, to a lane in the rear.
ALBION-STREET.
Allotments having 38 feet to 62 feet frontage, by depths varying from 43 feet to 63 feet.
Allotments at the back of Albion-street. On this block there is a fine stone quarry.
☞ Plans are now on view at the Mart, and lithographic plans are in preparation. Intending purchasers are solicited to inspect the plans at the Mart, where all information can be obtained.
☞ The Auctioneers solicit attention to the above valuable properties, as being peculiarly advantageous to persons of small means wishing to build houses for themselves and get rid of enormous rents, the terms being so easy as to bring these valuable building sites within the scope of every industrious man's means.
Terms—25 per cent. deposit; the residue to remain at interest for a term of years.

THURSDAY, 12th November.
To Admirers of the Fine Arts.
Sale of High Class Paintings.
PURKIS and LAMBERT are favoured with instructions from a gentleman who is leaving the colony, to sell by auction, at their Upper Rooms, at the Mart, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock,
His splendid collection of oil paintings, both of the ancient and modern English school.
The greater part of this collection have been exhibited at the Royal Academy, National Exhibition of Art, the Great Exhibition, Sydenham, and other academies in London.
The auctioneers particularly call attention to
A beautiful landscape, by Gainsboro'
Dancing Party, by Watteau
Skirmishing on the Road, by Wouvermanns.
Also, some beautiful specimens of Herring, Peel, Morris, Jackers, Boddington, Dujardin, Gillard, Cordie de Fleury, Lewis Underhill, Bromley.
The above collection will be on view on Saturday next, and are worthy the attention of admirers of good paintings.
They will be positively sold to the highest bidder.
Terms, cash.

Two Verandah Houses, in Elizabeth-street, a little to the Southward of Liverpool-street, the second and third Houses on the North side of Doctor Williams' residence.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th of November, at 11 o'clock,
Two cottage residences (under one roof) with verandah in front, situated as above, erected of stone and brick, one containing four rooms and kitchen; the other two rooms and kitchen, a large yard, and cart entrance on the south side, leading from Elizabeth-street. The two will be sold in one lot.
Plans will be on view at the Mart, on Monday, 2nd November.
Terms at sale.

Two Three-storied Houses,
One Two-storied Ditto, and
One Cottage, all situated in Bay-street, Woolloomooloo.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on THURSDAY, the 12th of November, at eleven o'clock,
That valuable block of buildings situated in Bay-street, between Forbes and Bourke streets, immediately opposite the Steam Saw Mills of Mr. Hayes, and well-known in the neighbourhood as Harman's Buildings.
LOT I.
A neat verandah cottage, occupied by the owner, being No. 1, in Bay-street, containing two rooms in front, two behind, a large kitchen and workshop in the yard. The cottage and kitchen are of brick, well-furnished, and in good condition.
LOT II.
Will comprise the two three-storied houses adjoining lot 1. They are substantially built of brick, stuccoed and painted on the outside, and well-finished within. The two houses have equal accommodation. On the ground floor is a hall, back and front parlour, kitchen attached. On the first floor are two bedrooms and a drawing-room, opening into a balcony through French windows. On the second floor are two good bedrooms the front windows overlooking the waters of the bay. The windows on the two first stories have Venetian blinds fitted to them. The ceilings in the principal rooms have good cornices, and very handsome centre pieces. The joiner's work is well executed, and is in keeping with all the other parts of the buildings. The roofs are slated and furnished with rain water spouting, connected with good drainage below the surface.
LOT III.
A two-storied house adjoining lot 2, finished in the same style but with one large bedroom in the attic story, instead of two square bedrooms as in lot 2. A back entrance from Charles-street and Little Bourke-street to all the houses.
A plan on view at the Mart.
Title, satisfactory.
Terms at sale.
☞ Intending purchasers are invited to inspect the premises by applying at No. 1, prior to the sale.

Townsend's Sarsaparilla.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, on FRIDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
20 cases Townsend's sarsaparilla, each 2 dozen.
Terms at sale.

Fancy Soaps, ex Wave of Life.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, on FRIDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
5 cases of West of England fancy soaps, ex Wave of Life.
Terms at sale.

FRIDAY, 13th instant.
Price and Co.'s Perfumery, Toilet Powder, Fancy Soaps, Pomades, Dressing Combs, Back Combs, &c., &c.
To Perfumers, Hairdressers, Chemists, Fancy Dealers, and others.
Unreserved Sale of Perfumery, Brushware, Combs, Soaps, &c.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD will sell by auction, at the City Mart, 211, George-street, on FRIDAY next, the 13th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Ex Wave of Life.
G.FD.4. over 1—An invoice of perfumery, &c., as under:
Scented violet powder
Old brown Windsor soap
Almond soap
Real palm ditto
Toilet perfumes
Vegetable extracts
Rondeletia
Toilet vinegar
Balsamic oil
Extract of rosemary
Lavender water
Bloom of roses
Almond extract
Peruvian hair dye
Tooth powder
Queen Adelaide perfume
Cold cream
Delcroix's cosmetiques
Pomade fixature
Milk of roses
Bandoline
Bear's grease
Powder boxes
Tooth brushes
Cloth ditto
Hat ditto
Shaving ditto
Shell dressing combs
Dressing combs with handles
Mock shell braid combs
Ladies' temple combs, &c., &c.
All in good condition, and just landed ex Wave of Life.
Terms at sale.

The Blue Bell Public-House, at the corner of Erskine and Sussex streets, near the H. R. Steam Company's Wharf, the Phoenix Wharf, from which the Parramatta, the Manly Beach, and Dry Dock Steamers ply several times a day, and the Wollongong, Kiama, and other coasting steamers regularly load and discharge their cargoes. The Victoria Wharf adjoins the Phoenix, and has a very large and distinct trade with sailing vessels, constantly discharging their cargoes of timber, grain, potatoes, butter, pigs, calves, and other produce, from the various rivers and ports on the coast, so that this locality is the very centre of all the business of this description which is carried on in the city, and the constant resort of the numerous traders and agents connected with the same interested in the arrival and departure of the steamers and vessels at all hours, both day and night.
The Blue Bell Tavern, from its favoured position, accommodation, and trade, is too well known to require any eulogy from the auctioneers.
BOWDEN and THRELKELD have, therefore, simply to announce that they have been instructed to sell by auction, at the City Mart, on THURSDAY, the 19th day of November next, at 11 o'clock,
The licensed public-house known as the Blue Bell, situated as above described, erected of stone and brick, two stories high above the basement, with a large frontage to Sussex and Erskine streets.
In the Basement Story is a large, light, and dry kitchen, a servant's room, coal cellar, and two spacious wine cellars.
On the ground floor is the taproom, at the corner of the street—the principal dining-room adjoining. A large hall leads from Erskine-street, on the right hand of which are two parlours, the front one fitted with cupboards. All the rooms on this floor are large and very lofty.
On the first floor will be found a fine drawing-room and five bedrooms, all 10 feet high
The yard is large, and flagged from the cart entrance in Sussex-street to the end of the main building. The stable accommodation is sufficient for several horses. In the yard is also a wash-house, with a copper fixed.
Water and gas laid on to the premises.
The bar fittings, counters, spirit fountain, beer engine and pipes, will go with the house. The license to July next, can be transferred to the purchaser in the usual way.
In front of the house is a very comfortable verandah, extending on both sides.
The purchaser of these premises could at once enter upon a business which need not be second to any of the kind in the colony, if properly managed.
A plan of the premises to be seen at the Mart, but persons wishing to purchase such a property are particularly invited to inspect the whole prior to the sale.
Title satisfactory.
Terms at sale.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1495191

SALES BY AUCTION.

First Class Saddle Horses.

BURT and CO. are instructed by W. W. Whyte, Esq., Newcastle, to sell by auction, THIS DAY (Wednesday) at 11 o'clock,
HARLEQUIN, a handsome bay stallion, 5 years old; bred by Messrs. Wyndham, of Dalwood, and got by Ackbor out of Laura, and sister to Lunelle and Laurestina.
NIMROD, a bay gelding, 5 years old, broken to saddle and harness, up to weight in saddle, and a thoroughly steady, useful horse, either to ride or drive.
FUGITIVE, a handsome well bred bay gelding; a very perfect saddle horse.

WEDNESDAY'S Horse Sale.

BURT and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, THIS DAY, Wednesday, at 11 o'clock,
A handsome chesnut saddle cob
A stylish bay ditto
A few capital hacks
A number of useful young horses, suitable for harness work
A variety of other horses, and
The bay stallion "Harlequin."

Young Horses, in the Cattle Market.

BURT and CO. are instructed by Mr. Sylvester Byrne, of Campbelltown, to sell by auction, at the Cattle Market Yards, on FRIDAY next, the 13th instant, at 2 o'clock,
About 30 fine able young colts, mares, and fillies, just arrived from the south country. They are all in prime condition, and very suitable for the present demands.

First-class Young Horses.

BURT and CO. are instructed by Mr. George Brown, of Jerry's Plains, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt and Castlereagh streets, on MONDAY NEXT, the 16th instant, at 11 o'clock,
14 very fine well-bred young horses, suited for first-class hackneys and chargers. They are in fine condition, have been selected with great care, and are thoroughly broken.

W. G. LAMBERT, Sen., Licensed Auctioneer.—Horse and Carriage Bazaar, York-street, opposite Goold's Hotel.
Sale days.—MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock.
Stock or vehicles intended for sale received with instructions in writing.
Mr. SYDNEY LAMBERT, of this establishment, attends the Cattle Market every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 11 o'clock, to sell horses, stock, or produce by auction.
Private stables for livery, and large roomy loose boxes.
Cash advanced on stock for immediate sale.

MR. W. G. LAMBERT, Senr. will sell by auction, at his Horse Bazaar and Carriage Repository, York-street, THIS DAY, the 11th November, at 11 o'clock,
Black horse, 7 years, good draught
Chesnut ditto, 5 years, 15 hands, in gig or saddle
Chesnut draught horse, 7 years, good at plough
Bay mare, 15 hands 2 in., superior draught or plough
Black horse, 15 hands, good in saddle or draught
Bay mare, good at plough
Chesnut horse, with dray and harness. Trial allowed
A very superior well bred gelding, first-rate in saddle or harness, paces excellent. Trial given
Strong, superior, and well-built gig, by John Kearey, Sydney
Splendid dog-cart
Saddles, bridles, and sundries.

Cheese, Butter, &c., &c.

MR. J. M. HUGHES is instructed to sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 10 o'clock, at the Barley Mow Yard, Park-street,
About 5 cwt. cheese, 2 kegs butter; also, ale and porter casks.
No reserve.

Gold Lever Watch, Wearing Apparel, Double-barrel Gun, &c.

THE MESSRS. MOORE will sell by auction, at the Mart, Labour Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock
Superior gold lever watch
6 trunks gentlemen's wearing apparel
London-made double-barrel gun, case, and fitting, complete
American clocks, oil paintings, gig harness, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

Household Furniture and Effects.

THE MESSRS. MOORE have received instructions to sell by auction, on the premises, 437, Pitt-street, three doors from Liverpool-street, on THURSDAY the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the household furniture and effects, comprising
Horsehair sofa and chairs
Cheffonier, chests drawers
Iron and wood bedsteads, feather beds
Hair mattresses and other bedding
Loo and dining tables
Washstands and chamber services
Dressing tables, iron stretchers, meat safe, chimney and dressing glasses, carpets, fenders and fire-irons, engravings, crockery and glassware, kitchen utensils, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

The Balance of the Cargo of the Crystal Palace, from New York.
Continuation Sale, in consequence of the samples not being all landed in time for Monday's sale.
On FRIDAY, 13th November, at the Australian Auction Mart.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on FRIDAY, 13th November, at 11 o'clock,
The remaining portion of the cargo of Notions, &c., ex Crystal Palace, samples of which were not landed in time for Monday's sale, comprising
Large and small corn mills, with extra grinding plates
Double and single square hinge harrows
Wood horse rakes, diamond teeth
Hay rakes
Tray barrows
Store trucks
Sand scrapers
One-horse powers, complete
One and two horse power thrashers, with separators
Cross-cut saw arrangement
Hay cutters, various sizes
Corn shellers, single and double wheel
Vegetable cutters
Light express waggons
Heavy lumber ditto
Manure forks
Potato ditto
Saw mills and saws, complete
Wood seat spindle chairs
Baltimore wood seat ditto
Nurse rocking chairs
Baltimore extra seats
Ball astor round post gilt chairs
Windsor chairs
Cane-seated arm rocking chairs
Ball square post astor chairs
Ball round post cane-seated imitation rosewood chairs
Baltimore cane-seated chairs
Imitation rosewood cane-seated English cottage chairs
Large rockers
Square imitation mahogany chairs
Round post maple ditto
Oak dining ditto
Ditto office ditto
New York wood-seat ditto
Two and three-hooped painted buckets
Well buckets
17-inch washboards, wood and zinc
Three-string brooms, Nos. 5, 6, 7
Open willow baskets
Market baskets
Mouse-traps
Yankee rat-traps
Axe handles, Nos. 1 and 2
Pick handles
Clothes pins, whittle-headed
Jute mats
Candlewick
Clothes lines
Chandler's twine
Oars, 10 to 22 feet long
Capstan bars
Handspikes
Cotton lines
Round hickory mallets.
IRONMONGERY, &c.
Stoves of all kinds
Scales, weighing from 80 to 2000 lbs.
Underhill's handled axes
Long and short handled shovels
Manson's long handled round point shovels
American blued tacks, assorted
Lindsay's L. H. round point shovels
Ditto D. H. ditto ditto ditto
Ditto D. H. square ditto ditto
Ditto D. H. ditto ditto spades
Parker's hammers
Claw hatchets
Shingling hatchets
Hammond's A. R. hammers
Boring machines
Framing chisels
Corner chisels
Blued augers
Mortice machines, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Attractive and Extensive Sale of Oilmen's Stores, &c., &c.
New landing, ex Harvest Home.
Tea, Sugar, Coffee, &c., &c., &c.
WEDNESDAY, 11th November.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions from the importers to sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, THIS DAY, 11th November, at 11 o'clock,
Invoices of the above goods, from Robert Feast and Co., and other favourite houses, now landing, ex Harvest Home.
Consisting of
Coleman's No. 1 starch
Ditto No. 1 thumb blue
Ditto mustard, No. 1 fine, and super
Lescher's No. 1 rice starch
Refined table salt
Pearl sago
Scotch oatmeal
Carraway seeds
Barcelona nuts, in barrels
Walnuts
Soft shell almonds
Eleme figs in quarter boxes
Prunes
Currants
Feast's pint pickles
Bottled fruits
Wotherspoon's marmalade
Feast's salad oil, pints and half-pints
Batty's ditto ditto
Feast's pickled onions, pints
Ditto table vinegar, quarts
Arrowroot, in tins
Pint anchovies
Assorted sauces, pints
Gelatine, 1, 2, 3, and 4 oz. packets
Ground chicory
Homœopathic and dietetic cocoa
Dissard's sardines, ½ and ¼ lb.
Batty's Scotch salmon
Wright's 2 lb. oysters
Hogarth's 1-lb salmon
Hale's patent sperm candles
Kent hops
Burns' cutty pipes
Wax vestas
Grocers' twine and sugar bags
Bath bricks.
Ex other vessels,
Ceylon coffee
Hysonskin tea, twankay
Gunpowder tea
Young hyson
Fine colong, &c.
Mauritius sugar
Pampanga ditto, &c.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary.
Boots and Shoes.
Bostock's celebrated Manufacture.
Auction Sale MONDAY, 16th November.
To Boot and Shoemakers, Shippers, and Country Buyers.

MESSRS. W. DEAN and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on MONDAY, 16th November, at 11 o'clock,
132 trunks boots and shoes, all new goods, just landed, chiefly Bostock's.
Particulars in future advertisements.

In the Insolvent Estate of George James.
By order of F. W. Perry, Esq., Official Assignee.

MR. ANDREW ALLAN has received instructions from F. W. Perry, Esq., official assignee, in the above estate, to sell by auction, on the premises, No. 1, Park-street, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Boots and shoes
Shop fittings, furniture, &c.

To Grocers, Tobacconists, Wine and Spirit Merchants and others.

RICHARD PEEK has received instructions to sell by auction, at his Rooms, 214, George-street, THIS DAY, the 11th instant, at 11 o'clock,
23 cases No. 2 Manila cigars
[The above are a very fine sample, 5 years old, and well worth attention]
80 cases Whybrow's bottled fruits
20 ditto Feast's ditto ditto
30 ditto pint salmon
60 ditto mixed pickles
15 casks pearl barley
10 cases mustard
280 ditto pale brandy
120 ditto old tom
240 ditto geneva, JDKZ
100 ditto Byass' stout
60 casks Allsopp's ale
50 cases sherry, each 3 dozen.
Terms at sale.

Paddington
Waverley
Manly Beach
Middle Harbour
Norwood
Sydenham
Petersham
Burwood
Emu Plains.

MR. RICHARD PEEK has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, 214, George-street, on THURSDAY NEXT, the 12th instant, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The following very desirable properties, viz., at
PADDINGTON.—All that piece or parcel of ground, being unquestionably the very best spot in this flourishing hamlet, having a frontage of 44 feet to the South Head Road, and bounded on the east by William-street, which street divides it from the Paddington Hotel, where all the omnibuses stop. For business purposes there is perhaps scarcely a better spot even in Sydney, and its value is daily increasing.
WAVERLEY.—On the heights, near the residence of Mr. Vickery, a most delightful spot, which for beauty of scenery and healthiness is too well known to need any exordium from the auctioneer. On the one side may be seen the great Pacific, on the other Botany Bay, Port Jackson, and all the country this side of the Blue Mountains.
MANLY BEACH.—Six allotments, about two acres each, about five minutes' walk from the hotel, and so situated that it at once commands a view of the ocean, the harbour with its beautiful bays, and the country for a considerable distance around. Imagination could, in fact, scarcely picture a more truly beautiful or romantic situation for a residence. No place in the colony has advanced so rapidly as this favourite watering-place, and it is not too much to predict that in a very short time persons desirous of possessing property here will have to pay prices which would be many now be considered fabulous. Plan and full particulars may be seen at the auction rooms, and the auctioneer earnestly requests a personal inspection of the property prior to the day of sale.
MIDDLE HARBOUR.—16 Acres, a short distance from the Willoughby Falls, and having a large frontage to the water.
NORWOOD.—A few Allotments, to close an account, the value of this property is too well-known and appreciated to require any remark from the Auctioneer; he would say, go and see the place, and there is very little doubt you will come back and purchase.
SYDENHAM.—10 Allotments at Sydenham, near Elswick, the property of James Norton, Esq., having the double advantage of frontage to Parramatta Road, and being within five minutes' walk of the Petersham Railway Station.
FARMS NEAR EMU PLAINS.—Two Farms, near Emu Plains; one of 44 the other 42 acres, adjoining the very productive farms known as Cook's and Jamison's.
Terms at sale.

Important to the Trade, Shippers, Livery Stable-keepers Bakers, Potato Dealers, and Others.

WEDNESDAY'S Regular Produce Sale.
At the Produce Auction Mart, 76, Sussex-street.

MR. W. PRITCHARD will hold his regular Sale by Auction, of all kinds of Colonial Produce, THIS DAY, 11th November.
Order of Sale.
At 11 o'clock precisely, in the Yard.
4 tierces beef, without reserve
20 bales of old lucerne hay, ditto ditto
½ past 11, in the Sale Room.
20 bales prime green lucerne hay, new
25 ditto ditto, old ditto ditto
300 bushels ditto maize, fit for shipment, 60 lbs.
200 ditto ditto ditto, by measure
50 ditto ditto cracked maize, by weight
50 ditto ditto ditto ditto by measure
300 ditto very prime oats, suitable for feed or seed, by weight
50 ditto ditto Cape barley
150 ditto prime wheat
At half-past 11,
10 tons prime Chili flour, 100 lb. bags
5 ditto H. R. fine ditto
3 ditto Sydney ground ditto
4 ditto ditto ditto household ditto
2 ditto Windsor ditto
3 ditto H. R. seconds
300 bags fresh H. R. bran
100 ditto ditto sharps
100 ditto ditto pollard
5 tons New Zealand sound picked potatoes
5 ditto Chatham Island ditto ditto
20 sides prime bacon
8 casks prime M'Leay River pork.
13 kegs butter, suitable for pastrycooks, &c.
Terms at sale.

Damaged Flour.
Auction Sale, Flour Company's Wharf, 11th NOVEMBER.
On account of whom it may concern,
Ex Dunedin, Walker, master, from Adelaide.

MR. W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, at the Flour Co.'s Wharf, THIS DAY, the 11th November, at 12 o'clock,
On account of whomsoever concerned.
52 bags, 200 lbs. each, Adelaide fine flour
86 ditto ditto, ditto ditto, 2nds ditto.
More or less damaged by sea water.
Terms, cash.

Important Sale of Cottage, and Sixty-seven choice Allotments of Land, situated on the Rochester Estate, Bligh Terrace, Camperdown and Newtown Roads, on MONDAY next, the 16th November.

MR. W. PRITCHARD has received instructions from the proprietors to sell by auction on the different grounds, on MONDAY, 16th November, the undermentioned properties.
Order of Sale.
At 2 o'clock precisely, without reserve.
A three-roomed verandah cottage, brick built; with carpenter's workshops, brick ovens, and good well of water.
The above is pleasantly situated in University-street, on Grose Farm, adjoining Rochester, but better known as the Camperdown Estate, between the Parramatta and Newtown roads, with a capital view of the new College and University. The land is on 99 years' lease, subject to a ground rental of £5 per year.
Also,
27 choice freehold building allotments on the Rochester Estate, adjoining the above. Also,
16 corner freehold allotments.
At 3 o'clock,
12 freehold allotments on Bligh-terrace.
At half-past 3 o'clock,
A block of land, having a good frontage to the Camperdown Road, adjoining the Newtown Road; also,
20 freehold building allotments, adjoining Mr. Webber's wheelwright establishment, and R. M. Robey, Esq.'s property on the Newtown Road, opposite the Camperdown Road.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
Particulars can be obtained of any of the above properties, at the Produce Auction Mart, 76, Sussex-street.

Allotment facing the Newtown Inn.

BURGIS and BOWES will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, on THIS DAY, 11th instant, at 12 o'clock precisely,
An allotment of land, lot 6 of section 1, of the Belle Retiro Estate, having 33 feet frontage by 13- feet deep.
Title good. Terms at sale.
Plan on view.

Port Curtis.

BURGIS and BOWES will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 284, George street, on THIS DAY, 11th November, at 12 o'clock,
One allotment, in the Township of Gladstone, Port Curtis, centrically situated, and one of the best in that now flourishing locality.
TITLE.—A Grant, by purchase, from the Crown.
Terms at sale.

Two Allotments of Land, at the Village of Concord, near to Longbottom.

BURGIS and BOWES will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, THIS DAY, 11th November, at 12 o'clock precisely,
Two allotments of land, situated in the parish of Concord, within ten minutes' walk of the Burwood Station, adjoining the properties of W. T. Cape, and J. Lindon, Esqrs., and close to the Wesleyan chapel, near the Parramatta Road.
One of the above allotments has a frontage of 154 feet to Melbourne-street, by a side line of 180 feet to Concord-street; and the other allotment a frontage of 100 feet to Melbourne-street, by a depth of 325 feet.
Plan on view at the rooms.
Title—reference to Messrs. Milford and Croft, 19, King-street.
For particulars apply to Burgis and Bowes, 284, George-street.
Terms at sale.

Highly Valuable Building Allotments.

BURGIS and BOWES have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, THIS DAY, the 11th November, at 12 o'clock, without reserve,
25 choice building lots. These allotments are bounded on the north by the old Parramatta Road, on the south by the new line of Parramatta Road, and facing the University grounds, and close to the University; on the east by lot 4, the property of Robert Clements, Esq., and on the west by lot 10 the property of James Watkins, senior, Esq.
This property, than which none is better situated either for business or residence, situate as the land is, facing the magnificent grounds of the several Universities; a beautifully increasing prospect is ever before the eye, conferring the double advantage of a delightful view, added to the more substantial benefit of the uninterrupted enjoyment of the public grounds opposite; intended as a second Domain.
In a business point of view the site is almost unequalled, considering that all traffic out of the city must necessarily pass the road frontage as well as all coming to Sydney. Indeed, ere long this part of the Parramatta Road will be proclaimed as George-street South. The city is rapidly stretching in that direction, and the sale of this property and Bishopgate will very shortly cause the two places to meet, and thus become Sydney.
The title is a grant from the Crown direct to the owner, who having no desire of puffing, resorts to the present simple Government plan of selling at an upset price of £120 each lot, believing that land, if bona fide offered, will bring its reasonable value, leaving the assurance to all intending purchasers that they know the lowest selling price, and that their possession at whatever price will depend only on the fair principle of competition, by bona fide purchasers. Terms, 25 per cent. cash, and 6, 12, and 18 months' residue at £5 per cent.
Large plan on view at the Rooms.

28 Allotments at Newtown, having frontages of about 64 feet each by a depth of 184 feet, all fenced in, and next but one lot to St. Peter's Church—to be sold in one block of 6¼ Acres.

BURGIS and BOWES will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, THIS DAY, 11th November, at 12 o'clock,
28 superior building allotments, having a large frontage to a Government road one chain wide, from Newtown to Cook's River, and bounded by the properties of Messrs. Wilson, Steel, and Roberts.
The timber on the ground is worth £150.
It seldom happens that so large a block of land, near Sydney, is offered in one lot; parties should inspect the property, when they will at once see its excellent position for building purposes.
Large plan on view.
Title, first-rate.
Terms, very liberal.

Very Valuable City Property.
Surry Hills.

BURGIS and BOWES will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, THIS DAY, 11th November, at 12 o'clock precisely,
A large block of land, adjoining the properties of the Hon. the Speaker, Messrs. Uther, Mathews, Boyd, and others, having about 200 feet more or less frontage to Union-street, commonly known as Uther's-lane, Surry Hills, within the City of Sydney, with a depth of 59 feet more or less, on which is erected a two-story house, containing five rooms, verandah, and entrance hall, built of weatherboard, and lined and plastered throughout, foundation of stone (now let to a tenant).
Also, a stone and brick dwelling of three rooms and kitchen adjoining, which could be thoroughly refitted and replaced at a trifling cost.
Also a new wooden cottage, containing two rooms and a kitchen, now let to a good tenant.
There is a never-failing supply of water to these premises; the whole of the property is enclosed by a paling fence, and subdivided.
The above property is within ten minutes' walk from the city, and omnibuses pass close to the property continually. They are fit for family residences, or mechanics, and persons seeking a good investment in looking to large profits on their outlay will do well to attend this sale.
Title unexceptionable.
Terms at sale.
For further particulars apply to Messrs. MILFORD and CROFT, 19, King-street; or BURGIS and BOWES, 284, George-street.

42 Acres of good Land, Middle Harbour, county of Cumberland, close to Mr. Bates' magnificent Orchard.

BURGIS and BOWES will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, on THIS DAY, 11th November, at 12 o'clock,
All that piece or parcel of land, containing by admeasurement 42 acres, more or less, situate at Middle Harbour, in the county of Cumberland, bounded by the well-known properties of Messrs. R. J. Want, Malcolm, and Elyard.
This property is almost opposite the prolific orangery of Mr. Bates, and adjoins the delightful spot commonly known as Green Point.
It abounds with water and plenty of good timber.
To any one requiring a snug farm, this is a desirable investment.
For further particulars apply to the auctioneers; or Messrs. MILFORD and CROFT, 19, King-street.
Large Plan on view.
Title unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

37 Splendid Farms on the Hawkesbury River, close to Richmond, 12 having a deep water frontage to the River, and near some of the finest Agricultural Farms in New South Wales.

BURGIS and BOWES will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 284, George-street, WEDNESDAY, the 18th November, at 12 o'clock, without reserve,
37 farms, bounded on the north by the Grose River, on the south by G. J. Stephen's 560 acres, in front by the Hawkesbury River, at the rear by Government land, and nearly opposite the fine farms of Yellowmundy.
12 of these farms front the Hawkesbury, and 15 the Grose River, with abundance of pure water, two large creeks—one, Manson's Creek, supplied from the Hawkesbury—run through the whole extent of the estate, never known to be dry, with various branches leading from the main creek.
Several of the farms fronting the Hawkesbury and Grose have been partly under cultivation and fenced in. The estate is lightly timbered, both land and timber being of excellent quality. The first piles of the Richmond bridge have now been driven, and this structure will be shortly completed. The importance and value of this bridge to the inhabitants of this district can scarcely be estimated, the traffic will be easy and much increased, and the value of property will be added to at least 50 per cent.
The auctioneers particularly call the attention of the inhabitants of the district who reside near these farms to this sale; and as numbers of the community are now looking out for investments in the country, this chance should not be lost sight of. A better position or a more luxuriant district for the production of wheat, corn, vegetables, and fruit could not be found.
These farms are only a few miles from Windsor, and they are in the immediate neighbourhood of Richmond, to which it is expected the railway from Sydney will in a few months extend.
Boats of large tonnage and steamers can leave any wharf in Sydney and proceed direct by water to Windsor, and thence in smaller vessels alongside these farms. The distance from Windsor to the property is very short by land and water.
As it is a well-known fact that for many years past there has been a great desire to obtain property in the neighbourhood of Windsor and Richmond, this sale will give numbers of individuals a first-class chance. Agricultural pursuits have been most profitably followed, and large fortunes realised in the above district.

CONTENTS OF FARMS.

No.	a.	r.	p.	No.	a.	r.	p.	No.	a.	r.	p.	No.	a.	r.	p.
1.	70	0	0	2.	30	2	10	3.	70	2	10	4.	31	2	10
5.	71	2	10	6.	36	0	16	7.	71	1	16	8.	42	0	36
9.	72	0	16	10.	46	0	10	11.	75	0	15	12.	46	3	20
13.	76	0	16	14.	47	2	10	15.	75	2	10	16.	51	0	36
17.	73	3	0	18.	58	1	10	19.	71	2	10	20.	61	0	30
21.	24	0	4	22.	28	2	8	23.	29	3	10	24.	31	0	33
25.	32	0	26	26.	33	0	18	27.	34	0	36	28.	35	0	33
29.	36	3	9	30.	42	3	22	31.	40	2	16	32.	57	0	25
33.	27	3	24	34.	26	0	18	35.	27	1	32	36.	20	3	2
37.	21	3	26												

Large plan and lithographs on view.
Title unquestionable.
Terms, very liberal, at sale.

Sale by Auction of License and Furniture.

MR. W. NEWELL has received instructions to sell by public auction, on the premises known as the Red Bull Inn, Parramatta-street, TO-MORROW, Thursday, November 12th, at 11 o'clock,
The stock-in-trade, license, bar fixtures, measures, kegs, and a lot of sundries belonging to the trade. Also, all the household furniture, consisting of bedsteads, beds, sofas, tables, chairs, chest drawers, couches, looking glasses, pictures, glass and crockeryware, and a great quantity of sundries and kitchen utensils. Also, a large cooking apparatus—one of P. N. Russell and Co's.
This sale will be a bona fide sale, for cash, and no reserve.

To Merchants, Importers, Warehousemen, Drapers, Hosiers Milliners, Clothiers, Tailors, and the Trade generally.

115 Packages of Drapery, Clothing, and Fancy Goods.
Ex La Hogue
Ex Wave of Life.

Two Days of Sale—WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, November 11th and 12th.

MERRINGTON and CO. have received instructions from the importers to sell by public auction, at their rooms, 273 (late 128), Pitt-street, THIS DAY and THURSDAY next, November 11th and 12th, at 11 o'clock,
A choice assortment of new goods, ex the above vessels, and just landed,
Silk mantles
French flowers
Parasols
Worked muslin collars and habit shirts
Satin figured aprons
Black satins
Fancy Gros de Naples
Barege shawls
Gossamer falls
Gauze handkerchiefs
Black lace
Black crape collars
Mosquito net
Dimity
Thread gloves
Dezal and Beaufort cravats
White linen drill
Fancy linen ditto
Cambric handkerchiefs
Satin ribbons
Oil baize
72-inch brown sheeting
36-inch medium shirtings
33-inch white calico
Brown holland
Summer quilts
Counterpanes
Hoyle's prints
Oil floor-cloth
Straw hats
Tuscan hats
Leghorn ditto
Brazil ditto
Panama ditto
Ladies' underclothing
lunnels
Shirts, washed and boxed
Alpaca coats and waistcoats
Doeskin trousers
Tweed trousers. Also,
10 cases moleskin trousers
Blue serge shirts
Scotch twill ditto.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

Well-assorted Stock of a Fashionable Bonnet, Millinery, and Baby Linen Establishment in Pitt-street. Also, the Fixtures, Counters, Glass Cases, Show-stands, &c., &c.

Day of Sale, WEDNESDAY, November 11th.

MERRINGTON and CO. will sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 273 (late 128), Pitt-street, THIS WEDNESDAY, November 11th, at 11 o'clock, by the instructions of Mr. J. T. Jones,
The whole of his well-selected stock of millinery, bonnets, baby linen, worked muslin goods, perfumery, &c., &c., without any reserve, as he is retiring from the town trade, consisting of
STRAW GOODS.
Coloured straw bonnets
White Luton ditto
White and coloured trimmed ditto
Brown straw, ditto
Rice straw, ditto
Rice chip, ditto
Ditto, curtained and trimmed
Coloured straw hats
Children's leghorn hats
Ditto tuscan ditto.
MILLINERY.
Rich trimmed bonnets
White wedding ditto
Black crape ditto
Dress caps
Demi dress caps
French flowers
Bonnet wreaths
Blonds
Edge blond quilting
Fancy trimmed hats
Feathers
Feather head-dresses
Roses
Mourning flowers
Widows' caps
Sundries
Persians
Gossamer, gauze, and falls
Children's dresses
Ditto stays
Ladies' underclothing
Bonnet ribbons
Cap ribbons
Hair watchguards
Habit shirts
Tarlatan muslin
Straw beading
Perfumery
Violet powders
Wool polkas
Babies' long robes
Ditto short dresses
Ladies' macintoshes
Jewellery
Hoods
Ladies' summer hoods
Trimmed felt hats
Children's ditto
Cambric pocket handkerchiefs
Fancy boxes
Trimmings.
Terms, liberal, at sale.

Superior Assortment.
Iron Bedsteads.
Comprising one of the most extensive and varied assortments ever offered for public competition.
To Furniture Dealers, Upholsterers, Ironmongers, Shippers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell at the Bank Auction Rooms, on THURSDAY, November 12th, 1857, at 11 o'clock precisely,
The following assortment of iron bedsteads, comprising
Patent solid iron stump bedsteads, 6 x 3, 6 x 4
Ditto ditto ditto half-tester, 6.6 x 3, 4, and 4.6, cane colour, blue, and green
Ditto ditto ditto children's cribs, tent tops, cane colour, 4.6 x 3 3
Solid iron tent bedsteads, 6 6 x 4.6, japanned brass rollers and castors
Ditto papier maché, 6.6 x 4 6
Ditto iron tent top bedsteads, cane colour, 6 6 x 3.4
Japanned patent tent bedsteads, tent tops, brass knob and castors, cane colour, blue, and green
Improved patent tube four-post bedsteads, 6.6 x 4.6
Terms at sale.

Forty-eight Packages Earthenware, comprising a First-rate Assortment.
To Earthenware Dealers, Storekeepers, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Bank Auction Rooms, on FRIDAY next, November 13th, 1857, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Forty-eight packages earthenware, comprising
Breakfast bowls and saucers, flowing blue, mulberry dove
Breakfast sets, drab, turquoise, white and gold line
Plates, blue antique, 10, 8, 7-inch
Dishes and bakers, to match
Covered dishes, gravies
Willow plates and dishes
Jugs, metal covers, turquoise and Alhambra
Blue marble and turquoise jugs and printed
Dinner services Neutler, flowing green, scroll and madras, gilt handles
Toilet services, gold lines, enamelled, unique flowing green, Chantilly
Toy tea and dinner sets.
Terms at sale.

MORT and CO.'S SALE YARDS.
Collingwood Railway Station, Liverpool.

MORT and CO. beg to notify that they have established Sale Yards, for stock of every description, at COLLINGWOOD RAILWAY STATION, LIVERPOOL; and having made the most complete arrangements to secure good paddocks, plentiful supply of water, and convenient yards, with commodious slaughter-houses adjoining, every facility will be afforded for the most advantageous disposal of stock committed to their care.
Parties desirous of availing of these sale yards are requested to give at least two clear days' notice before arrival of the stock, in order to afford time for advertising.
₊ All stock intended for the Collingwood Yards, arriving by the Northern or Western Roads, will have ample accommodation afforded them at Rooty Hill, (where there are secure yards and an abundant supply of grass and water,) on application to Mr. R. M. DAWSON.
☞ The trains travel five times daily to and fro between Collingwood and Sydney.
Rates of agistment.
Sheep, 12s. per thousand per diem
Cattle, 1d. per head, ditto
Horses, 3d. per head, ditto

SALE THIS DAY, 11th NOVEMBER.

COUNTRY PROPERTIES.
2560 ACRES, King's Plains
640 ACRES, at Carpertee
500 ACRES, Warburndale Creek
100 ACRES, fronting Pell's Road, about 14 miles from Windsor.
The above valuable country properties will be sold by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.
MORT and CO.

100 ACRE FARM,
Fronting Pell's Road, about 14 miles from Windsor.
Title—Grant from the Crown

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 11th November,
All that piece of land situate in the County of Cook, containing 100 acres, being allotment No. 7, bounded on the east by a line north 42 chains, commencing at Elliott's south-west corner; on the north by a line west 25 chains; on the west by a line south 40 chains; on the south by a line east 20 chains, and the Tomah Road.
☞ This land is on the line of road to Bathurst, called Pell's Road, about 14 miles from Windsor, and is about half-way between Douglas Hill and Mount Tomah. A portion of the land is cleared.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

Valuable Freeholds in the
BATHURST DISTRICT.
Lot 1.—2560 Acres King's Plains.
Lot 2.—640 Acres at Carpertee
Lot 3.—500 Acres at Winburndale Creek.

MORT and CO. have received instructions from John Hosking, Esq., to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, THIS DAY, 11th November,
The following important and valuable freehold properties in the Bathurst district.
LOT 1.
2560 ACRES of fine healthy pastoral country, situate a King's Plains, known as Jamieson's grant, having a frontage of upwards of a mile to King's Plains Creek, independent of which water is to be had from several never-failing springs. There are many rich alluvial flats upon this property, rendering it at once fit for both pastoral and agricultural purposes.
LOT 2.
640 ACRES of valuable land at Carpertee, known as Jamieson's grant.
LOT 3.
500 ACRES on the WINBURNDALE CREEK, adjoining the property of Sir William Vernon, distant about nine miles from Bathurst, and bounded on one side by the Winburndale rivulet. From 40 to 50 acres of this land are enclosed and under cultivation, and the other improvements consist of a good slab hut, stock yards, &c.
₊ Gold has been procured on several parts of this property, and an extensive tract of Government land adjoins it.
☞ The above properties are worthy the attention of parties desirous to secure farms and homesteads in one of the best districts in the colony.
Title, unquestionable.
Terms at sale.

SHARES.

UNION BANK OF AUSTRALASIA.
AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK.
AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S DEBENTURES.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY, 12th November,
28 SHARES in the AUSTRALIAN JOINT STOCK BANK (£10 paid up)
4 SHARES in the UNION BANK OF AUSTRALIA
6 DEBENTURES of £100 each in the AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, bearing 7 per cent, per annum interest. These debentures are payable in September, 1859.
Terms at sale.

150 HEAD FAT CATTLE.
MORT and CO.'S SALE-YARDS, Collingwood, Liverpool.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Sale-yards, Collingwood, Liverpool, on FRIDAY, 13th November, at 12 o'clock,
150 HEAD PRIME FAT CATTLE—in lots to suit purchasers.
Terms at sale.

PRIME FAT WETHERS.
MORT AND CO.'S SALE YARDS,
Collingwood Railway Station, Liverpool.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Saleyards, Collingwood, Liverpool, on FRIDAY, 13th November, at 12 o'clock,
1120 FAT WETHERS, in lots to suit purchasers.
☞ The above are from the well-known Collaroy flocks, and, perhaps, for size and weight are the finest sheep that have come to market this season.
Terms at sale.

POSITIVE SALE.
WILLIAM-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

Three Valuable Building Sites, immediately at the corner of Forbes-street, fronting the north side of William-street.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, TUESDAY, 17th November,
Three choice building allotments at the corner of WILLIAM and FORBES STREETS.
Lot 1 has frontages of 20 feet to William-street, and 110 feet to Forbes-street
Lots 2 and 3 have each a frontage of 20 feet to William-street, with a depth of 110 feet.
☞ The above allotments are opposite the new stone-built houses lately erected by Messrs. Venables and Montgomery. They are in a position that cannot be equalled in the city for building purposes.
Special attention is directed to the corner allotment at the junction of Forbes-street, which street, it must be remembered, is the only good road for the traffic to Woolloomooloo Bay.
A plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

Weekly Produce Sale.
Wool, Tallow, Sheepskins, Hides, &c.

MORT and Co. will sell by public auction, at the Produce Stores, Circular Quay, on THURSDAY, 12th November, at 11 o'clock precisely,
Bales wool
Casks tallow
Sheepskins
Hides
Horns, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.

Bathurst Cheese.

MORT and CO. will sell by public auction, at the Produce Stores, Circular Quay, on THURSDAY, 12th November, at ½ to 11 o'clock precisely,
134 prime Bathurst cheeses, in lots to suit purchasers.
Terms, cash.

THE WELCOME INN,
Generally known as the Valley Inn,
BATHURST AND PENRITH ROADS.
Title—perfect.

MORT and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 25th November,
THE WELCOME INN (generally known as the Valley Inn) with fifty acres of land, situate at Fitzgerald's Valley, and having an extensive frontage to Bathurst and Penrith Roads, distant from Penrith about nine miles. The house is built of stone, with a shingle roof, and has lately been put into thorough repair.
☞ The above is a well-known and popular inn on the road, doing a first-rate business. The premises will be sold subject to a lease to Mr. Alexander James, having about seven years to run, at an annual rent of £80 per annum.
Terms at sale.

BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEE.

The BURWOOD INN and BURWOOD COTTAGE, on the Parramatta Road, about six miles from Sydney.

MORT and CO. have received instructions from the Mortgagee, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock on TUESDAY, 17th November,
The BURWOOD INN, formerly known as "The Gold Diggers' Arms," on the Parramatta Road, containing seven rooms, kitchen, servants' room, store and cellar; also, six-stall stable, &c., &c. With the inn will be sold 3 acres 2 roods and 14 perches of land, on a portion of which the inn is built. It has a frontage of about 54 feet to the Parramatta Road, with a depth of about 877 feet, extending down Cheltenham-street. This land is subdivided into two paddocks, one of which has a growing crop of oats and the other is cleared and partly stumped.
₊ The Burwood Inn is a well built brick verandah house, in a good state of repair. The situation is one which will always command a good business, and the Inn has always been a favourite house of call for the travellers and carriers on the road. It is at present let to Mr. James Sinclair.
BURWOOD COTTAGE, situate about 100 yards from the above-described premises, and about three-quarters of a mile from the Burwood Railway Station.
☞ This cottage is built of brick, and contains 4 rooms, with neat flower garden, vegetable garden, yard, with piggery, sheds, &c.
The above occupies a piece of land having about 54 feet frontage to the Parramatta Road, with a depth of about 198 feet. Burwood Cottage is at present occupied by Mr. Lucas.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

Butchers! Butchers! Butchers!

MR. FULLAGAR will sell, at his Yards, on THURSDAY next, at 12 o'clock,
150 head of prime fat cattle, in lots to suit purchasers.
Western Road, November 9th.

Horses.

MR. FULLAGAR will sell, at his Yards, on THURSDAY next, at 12 o'clock,
A pair of stylish tandem horses, good in any harness or saddle; also,
A dogcart, with everything complete.

Parramatta.
For Sale by Auction, a very nice Property.
MONDAY, 16th November.

MR. J. F. STAFF will submit to public competition,
A new stone-built cottage, with a kitchen, garden, and every other comfort and convenience. Frontage to Duck-lane, 41 feet 6 inches; depth, 85 feet 6 inches. Well fenced. Also,
A building allotment adjoining the above, 39 feet 6 inches frontage to Duck-lane, and 85 feet 6 inches depth. Excellent ground; well fenced.
The above properties are adjoining the premises of Mrs. Bobart, Dr. Bassett, and other respectable neighbours, and will be sold at 11 o'clock, on the premises.

Preliminary.
Highly Important Sale of a most valuable Freehold Estate, upon the Parramatta River.

MR. JOHN TAYLOR has been favoured with instructions from Mrs. Bowerman, to submit to public competition,
All that valuable estate known as MARION, situate upon the banks of the Parramatta River, immediately opposite the Newington Estate.
A plan of the property, shewing the various divisions and sub-divisions decided upon, will be exhibited at the Mart, Parramatta, in a few days, when an advertisement setting forth more particularly all necessary information will be published.

Twenty-four highly valuable Building Allotments for Sale, at Campbelltown, on TUESDAY, the 17th of November.

MR. JOHN SHEA has received instructions from Mr. Charles Morris to sell by public auction, at Campbell's Family Hotel, Campbelltown, on TUESDAY, the 17th of November,
Twenty four valuable building allotments, situated in the most central part of the main street, in the immediate neighbourhood of the Railway Terminus.
The situation of the above choice allotments renders it well worthy the attention of parties on the look-out for a business site or private residence.
Also, a house, containing six rooms, with kitchen and bakehouse detached, situate in the main street, adjoining the Commerce House, and fronting Campbell's Family Hotel.
This being about an half-acre corner allotment renders it the most valuable of any in the town.
A plan of the above on view at Campbell's Family Hotel.
Title satisfactory.
Terms at sale.
Sale to commence at 12 o'clock.

12 Tons of Lucerne Hay for Sale, at Campbelltown, on TUESDAY, November 17th.

MR. JOHN SHEA has received instructions to sell by public auction, on the ground, at Campbelltown, immediately after the Sale of the allotments,
About 12 tons of Lucerne hay, in stack.
Terms at sale.

CROWN LANDS' SALE. — At eleven o'clock THIS DAY, the eleventh day of NOVEMBER, the following Town Lots of Land will be offered for SALE by public auction, at the Land Sales' Room, Colonial Treasury, Macquarie-street, Sydney, at the upset price affixed to each lot respectively. (Deposit, 10 per cent.) Deed fee, £1 each lot.

COUNTY OF CUMBERLAND.

Lot.	Situation.	Allotment.	Section.	Area. A.	R.	P.	Upset price.
No.	Parish of St. John.	No.	No.	A.	R.	P.	acre
1	Town of Parramatta South, within	1	30	0	0	33	£50
2	Old Police Paddock, on and near	2	30	0	0	32	50
3	Western Road	3	30	0	0	32	50
4	Ditto ditto	4	30	0	0	32	50
5	Ditto ditto	5	30	0	0	32	50
6	Ditto ditto	6	30	0	0	32	50
7	Ditto ditto	7	30	0	1	18¼	50
8	Ditto ditto	8	30	0	0	39½	50
9	Ditto ditto	9	30	0	1	1	50
10	Ditto ditto	10	30	0	1	2¼	50
11	Ditto ditto	1	31	0	0	32	50
12	Ditto ditto	2	31	0	0	32	50
13	Ditto ditto	3	31	0	0	32	50
14	Ditto ditto	4	31	0	0	32	50
15	Ditto ditto	5	31	0	0	32	50
16	Ditto ditto	6	31	0	0	32	50
17	Ditto ditto	7	31	0	0	34½	50
18	Ditto ditto	8	31	0	1	3	50
19	Ditto ditto	9	31	0	0	32	50
20	Ditto ditto	10	31	0	0	32	50
21	Ditto ditto	11	31	0	0	32	50
22	Ditto ditto	12	31	0	0	32	50
23	Ditto ditto	13	31	0	0	32	50
24	Ditto ditto	14	31	0	0	32	50
25	Ditto ditto	1	33	0	0	25¼	50
26	Ditto ditto	2	33	0	0	39	50
27	Ditto ditto	3	33	0	0	32	50
28	Ditto ditto	4	33	0	0	32	50
29	Ditto ditto	5	33	0	0	32	50
30	Ditto ditto	6	33	0	0	31	50
31	Ditto ditto	7	33	0	0	32	50
32	Ditto ditto	8	33	0	0	32¼	50
33	Ditto ditto	9	33	0	0	31	50
34	Ditto ditto	1	36	0	2	8	50
35	Ditto ditto	2	36	0	2	6	50
36	Ditto ditto	3	36	0	2	10	50
37	Ditto ditto	4	36	0	1	12¼	50
38	Ditto ditto	5	36	0	0	37	50
39	Ditto ditto	6	36	0	0	32	50
40	Ditto ditto	7	36	0	0	32	50
41	Ditto ditto	8	36	0	0	32	50
42	Ditto ditto	9	36	0	0	32	50

Lithographic maps of these allotments can be obtained at the Surveyor-General's Office, Sydney, on payment of one shilling each.

R. JONES, Colonial Treasurer.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1495192

NORTHUMBERLAND BOROUGHS ELECTION.

DECLARATION OF THE POLL.

(From the Maitland Mercury of Yesterday.)

THE result of the polling in the election of a representative for the Northumberland Boroughs was officially declared on Saturday, at noon, from the hustings at East Maitland. A considerable number of persons (probably four hundred) assembled. A cheer was raised for Mr. Russell when he appeared, but a louder demonstration took place when Mr. Dickson, surrounded by a numerous escort, and followed by a band, playing, approached the spot.

At the time appointed the Returning Officer came forward, and announced that he was about to declare the state of the poll. Before he did so, he wished to compliment the electors of the boroughs for the good order preserved during the election, and to thank the police for the civility and attention they had displayed. It spoke well, he thought, for the Northumberland Boroughs that on the night of the election not a single man had been placed in the watch-house for misconduct. He would now give the state of the poll. For James Dickson, Esq., there were 495 votes; and for Bourn Russell, Esq., there were 460 votes. He therefore declared James Dickson, Esq., to be duly elected as representative for the Northumberland Boroughs, in the room of the late George Robert Nichols, Esq. (Loud cheers.)

Mr. DICKSON then addressed the electors, amidst renewed cheering. He said that on no previous occasion in the course of his life had he felt more difficulty in finding language adequate to express the feelings that overwhelmed him. They had elevated him to a position far higher than it had ever been his expectation or his ambition to attain. He never would have aimed at so exalted a position; and it was only in response to their call, and not from any vain ambition on his own part that he had come forward. (Cheers.) They had conferred an honour upon him higher than any earthly monarch could bestow. No title that the Queen of England could have conferred would have been so highly appreciated by him. He would ever esteem that honour highly, whatever might be the result now, one way or the other. It had long ago been his determination to take no office in the colony, whether that of magistrate or any other, until the people bestowed it upon him. (Cheers.) That had long been a dormant feeling and principle in his heart. But since he was no longer James Dickson, but the member for the Northumberland Boroughs, every honour that came before him for their sakes, he would grasp at; he would sink himself in their representative. (A voice: "You're not that member yet.") When he entered on this contest he determined that, whatever might be the result, he would do nothing that he would be ashamed of,—that not a single thing should be done with his consent that would bring the blush to his cheeks, and he felt assured that throughout the whole contest that principle had been uniformly acted upon. (Cheers.) He had not asked a man for his vote. He had determined from the first that, if elected, it should be by the will of the electors. It had been said that he had engaged all the lawyers and all the coaches to secure his return; but he had never authorised the expenditure of a single pound. Whatever had been done was due to the energy and efficient action of his committee and to the determination of the electors. The triumph that had been gained was of as glorious a character as the country had ever obtained. Honesty was the best policy in politics; and that principle now rode triumphant, and they were glorying in it. This triumph had given the liberal interest a standing in these boroughs that no opposition now could alter. Whatever contest might take place, a liberal member would be returned. The effects of it were not merely local; the whole country was looking on at the struggle. This was one of the most intelligent constituencies of the colony; and the fate of the Government depended to some extent on its decision. It depended on the voice of liberal and intelligent constituencies like this whether the present ministry should remain in office. (Cheers.) He would not pin his faith to any Government; but he believed that the present Government was the only one that would do justice to the country. Associated with it were all who had advocated liberal principles, those who upheld it were liberals; it was recognised as liberal; it was in fact the only liberal party. These were the feelings which led him to identify himself with the present Ministry; and he would sink many personal considerations before he would give one vote to bring back the old Parker administration. (Cheers.) He would no longer be the timid individual of days gone by: James Dickson and the member for the Northumberland Boroughs would be two different men. In the discharge of his duties as a representative, the highest consideration would be to serve, not the part of the constituency only that returned him, but the whole constituency. He would bear his testimony to the honourable and peaceable manner in which the election had been conducted. He felt proud of the constituency. The election had been conducted in a quiet manner, and he felt sure its termination would be creditable to any constituency, and might serve as an example to others. (A voice: "East Maitland's the pride of the district.") After a triumph they could afford to be liberal and charitable. He did not intend to say a word in opposition to the other candidate; but if, like an old whale in its dying struggles, he threatened to do injury with his tail, let them only sheer off, and give him play-room. (Laughter.) Old Jorrocks was not up to the present liberal advancement; liberal principles would now walk over the course. If the rejected candidate, the man condemned and led away to execution, should find fault with the decision of his judges—if he should move for a new trial,—they should give it to him, and freely. That scrutiny he talked of was all bunkum. (Cheers.) For every vote that he could knock off, he (Mr. Dickson) believed he could knock off five. He believed that a few votes on both sides might have been erroneously given, in mistake: no doubt such had been the case. As far as he had witnessed the proceedings, nothing could have been more fair than the manner in which the returning officer and his deputies had discharged their duty. The good order of the election had been a credit to all concerned; to the returning officer, to his deputies, to the constabulary, and to the electors themselves. He would not detain them longer. In the discharge of his duty in the House, he would bring to bear, in the discussion of what questions came before him, the intelligence and the practical experience which a residence of eighteen years in the colony would enable him to do. There was no interest in the colony with which he was not conversant; he was acquainted with every colonial industrial pursuit; and he must be a greater dunce than his opponent even considered him if he did not bring some intelligence to bear upon the consideration of questions concerning them. (Cheers.) He had never put himself forward as an out-and-out politician; but what ability he possessed would be devoted to the good of the district and of the country; to promote the good of the district through the general good of the colony, rather than from local wants. Municipal institutions would, no doubt, soon be established. Under their provisions the constituency would have power to provide for their own wants. To a large extent these wants would be removed from the attention of Government, and provision for them would be entrusted to themselves. But he would promise that whenever any elector required his assistance he would promise always to be accessible in Sydney or at the house, and would promote his interests to the best of his ability. He thanked the electors for their indulgence, and for the flattering reception they had given him in his canvass. The constituency would retain a place in his affections which no earthly power could ever obliterate. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)

Mr. RUSSELL then came forward: He said, it fell to his lot to have but little to say, except (a voice—"You ought to say something now; you said nothing last time") that it was due to them all, to the electors of all these boroughs, that he should return his hearty thanks for the fidelity (cheers) evinced towards him, for their unsolicited support. ("Oh! oh!" and cheers.) And more particularly were his thanks due to the honorable few who, in the face of intimidation. (Outcries of "no! no!) The men he alluded to were the noble few in that town, who, from their high feeling of honour, had voted for him in the face of overwhelming reproaches. ("No! no!) These were the men who were of value to a country; the men who valued the franchise more than money or anything else that a man could give them. He did not blame the inhabitants of that town. No doubt there was some slight prejudice there against him, which he might or might not deserve. He did not blame the inhabitants. Every man was entitled to exercise the rights given to him in the new constitution, and he did not blame him if he did; but if he failed—if he allowed himself to be influenced by the money so lavishly expended in this election. (Cheers and counter cheers.) He was ready to tell them that nothing in Maitland had ever been witnessed before like this, for bribery and corruption. (Groans and cheers, and a voice: "How about the tail of the whale?") He would come to that by and bye. Now, the inhabitants of Morpeth and West Maitland, as well as of that town, deserved his sincere and heartfelt thanks. He had been supported against all the money influence that had been brought to bear against him, in a way that he could never have anticipated. He had been told on the hustings there that he was too poor too poor to institute an inquiry. But his friends would do it for him. (Cheers and groans.) They had come forward already with double the amount that would be required. (A voice: "You had far better give the money to the hospital.") Now it was well know that nearly all the voters on his side in that town were voluntary voters. He had never been amongst them. He had never had a canvassing committee in that town. (Assertions to the contrary.) Individuals might have; he had not. And now, as to the bribery; his opponent said that what had been done was done by his committee, and not by himself. But who was it that found the money for the committee? They could not settle that there, however; it would have to be settled finally in another and a more proper place. (A voice: "We'll put Mr. Dickson in without one half-penny expense.) And now, to show how happy he felt on the result of the poll, and on the support they had given him, (Cheers and a laugh) he would tell them he never slept so well in his life as he did the last night. (A voice: "I'll bet you twopence you didn't sleep at all.") He felt by the overwhelming majority he obtained at West Maitland, where he was best known, that he had gained a victory. (Cheers and groans.) He stood in the position of a general who retreats for the purpose of securing success. (Cheers and counter cheers.) He had received the spontaneous support of two-thirds of the electors of West Maitland. A few scabby sheep were to be found in every camp (oh! oh! sensation) who would sell their own birth-right and take any brand. The number of paid agents employed against him, and the votes they obtained—the votes attendant upon them—was greater than the majority against him; and therefore it was a victory, and not a defeat. He felt that it was a victory, and a triumphant one. Whatever the result of the inquiry might be, he felt it to be one. He must say a few words about the whale's tail. He conceived that his opponent had just offered to this constituency the greatest insult ever offered to any constituency. (Hear, No! no!) It was this: he had said, "You have elected me, and now I'll make a pocket borough of you." (Hear, hear, no! no! sensation.) Were they independent electors? (Cries of hear, hear, and yes!) It was downright nonsense—such an idea of liberty! If that was liberty, he denied it altogether. Now, Mr. Dickson had made a sly personal attack upon him, and upon his calling. He had been at the death of many a whale before him. Why should Mr. Dickson bring up his private business—his profession? Had he (Mr. Russell) ever said a word about his? He would scorn such meanness. But Mr. Dickson lived in a glass house himself, and should be cautious what he said. There were circumstances known to him (Mr. Russell) which he could tell. (Cries of "Out with it," and confusion.) He didn't wish to touch on these delicate and private grounds, but he (Mr. Dickson) should have kept his tongue to himself. He would again repeat that his friends had been most indefatigable in their desire to secure his (Mr. Russell's) return, and he was not without hope of success. There were three grounds on which this election could be upset. He was not going to tell them there what these grounds were; but one was bribery. He would not digress into a long speech, nor say anything about politics, except this, that the ministry now in power denied the principle which Mr. Dickson supported them for. Mr. Cowper said that he was satisfied the colony could no longer be governed by party. And what did he mean? He meant that party was too capricious—a man might be a favourite to-day, and a foe the next. Till the colony had arrived at a matured state of partizanship, the Government could not be governed by party. He was happy to see that Mr. Cowper had come over to his opinion. (Cheers and laughter.) If Mr. Dickson pinned his faith to Mr. Cowper's sleeve, this showed he pinned his faith to his (Mr. Russell's) also. (A voice: You were a supporter of Dr. Douglass, a man eater.) There was one thing he would say candidly: it was this. It had been industriously circulated abroad that he had insulted the people from that hustings by calling them hell-hounds. (Voices: So you did!) He denied that he applied the word to the people of the town: it was to the men who were hounding him on the hustings, and in reply to Mr. Robert Wisdom, who was hounding him on, and who said he was too poor to institute an inquiry,—Mr. Robert Wisdom, the editor of the *Northern Times*. (Great sensation, and cries of "he's the pride of the colony!") He had no ill-feeling towards any man, and he hoped that as little existed toward himself. Though this election might end in his defeat—although he was sanguine it would not—an opportunity had been afforded to the electors of returning a townsman to represent them; and he regarded this as a victory. Whether it was Mr. Dickson or himself who succeeded, it was one step towards that political freedom they were all striving for, though they might be following different roads. He believed the inhabitants of the towns would soon see the necessity for protecting themselves and that there should be no town prejudice. (A voice: We have already done so in electing Mr. Dickson.) No one rejoiced more than he did that the difficulty was removed of returning a townsman. He did not care whether it was East Maitland, West Maitland, or Morpeth; they were all entitled to a representative; and until they had their fair share in the representation, they would not attain to the liberties and rights to which they were entitled as townsmen. In the new Electoral Bill that would be introduced, he hoped that an attempt would be made either by him or by Mr. Dickson, to give them that fair share in the representation which they required. He did not want to be egotistical, though he was compelled, after the voluntary hornpipe of his friend, and what, if reported, they would be able to read and would speak for itself. He (Mr. Dickson) represented this: If they elected him (Mr. Dickson) as their member, they would obtain the greatest of all good. Such an assertion—from a new chum in politics—he (Mr. Russell) would forgive. He would only repeat his sincere and heartfelt thanks to his friends, and rejoice that he had such friends. Never let them separate, and let them always adhere to the straightforward course. It was currently said that men who had come to them and offered their votes, which were rejected because they were bad, went and polled on the other side. He would conclude by again returning thanks. He retired amidst cheering.

Mr. Dickson then proposed a vote of thanks and three cheers to the Returning Officer and his deputies, for the manner in which they had conducted the election.

Mr. Russell said it gave him as much pleasure as did their support, to be able to second so deserving a motion. The returning officers had discharged their duty in the most upright manner: integrity had been the order of the day.

Loud cheers were then given by the assembly for the returning officer and his deputies.

Mr. Gorrick said that if he had pleased them by the manner in which he had done his duty, it was a double pleasure to him. He begged to return thanks on his own part and for those who had acted with him. His only object had been to do his duty—(a voice, You have done so)—and their vote was the highest compliment that could have been paid to himself and the gentlemen who had acted with him.

A succession of cheers then followed, including three for the Queen, and three for Mr. Wevkes, when the meeting began to disperse.

Mr. Dickson, however, was placed in a chair decorated with the colours worn by his side during the election, and was borne in triumph round the town in the midst of a strong body of his supporters. He then proceeded in a gig under the same escort, and with flags flying, to Morpeth, whence he returned during the afternoon, and made a "progress" as far as Campbell's Hill, addressing the people briefly at various stages of the journey, and finally from the windows of his own residence.

DONATIONS TO THE AUSTRALIAN MUSEUM, DURING OCTOBER, 1857.

A HALCYON sanctus, or sacred kingfisher, from Norfolk Island, and specimens of vetella limbosa; glancus; hyalma; megalopa, and cypris, from the Pacific Ocean. Presented by His Excellency the Governor-General.

A carved image, representing one of King Mchevis' female slaves, carrying a cava bowl, from the Northern Marquesas. A necklace of shells, from the same group. A carved image, from Tanna. A tabooing sceptre, used by the high chief, from the Bay of Tior, Northern Marquesas. Chief's armlets, from Gandalcanar. An obsidian spear-head, from Admiralty Island. A piece of carved work, representing a human figure with the head of a sea eagle &c. Carving of a shark's head, from New Hanover. A specimen of malachite; and a tooth of a babirousa; 10 land shells (Helix,) from New Hanover, and 16 marine shells. Also, a daguerreotype portrait of Mr. Brown. By Mr. John T. Brown, Collector of Curiosities.

A Jew lizard, from Ryde. By Master F. Blaxland.

A rock lizard. By John Carter, Esq.

A very large diamond snake (morelia argus), and a specimen of phasma japetus, both from Manly Beach. By Mr. Philip Cohen, Manly.

A remarkable radish root, grown in the form of a human hand. By Miss M. J. Coleson.

A dollar bird (eurystomus australis). By Master Arthur Cooper.

2 Australian snakes, of the genus dendrophis. By Mrs. J. B. Darvall.

A sarciophorus pectoralis, or black-breasted pewet. By Alfred Denison, Esq.

A flying fish (exocætus). By Mr. Patrick Donnelly.

3 autograph letters of the late Dr. Ludwig Leichhardt. By A. Flood, Esq., Newcastle.

A specimen of a crab of the genus calappa, from Woodlett's Island; 2 specimens of gypsum, from Ocean Island, and 2 fishhooks from Russell's Island. By Captain Firk, Post Boy, schooner.

A young wallaby, a young bandicoot (perameles nasuta), and a lizard allied to chlamydosaurus. By Mr. George Hudson.

A kitten (lusus naturæ). By Master H. C. L. Homer.

An amphibians, from Cook's River. By Mr. W. Meek.

A long necked tortoise (emys longicollis), with its eggs. By Master Manahanxing.

A rhipidura rufifrons, or rufous fronted fantail. By George Macleay, Esq.

A parmaphorus australis. By D. C. Macdonnell, Esq.

A pebble, from the Turon. By Mr. W. Moore.

The nest and eggs (3) of the black-tailed tree creeper (climacteris melanura). Also Milman's lines on the Apollo Belvidere; and description of the Venus di Medici. By the Hon. Sir A. Stephen, Knight.

A fossil, from the coal measures, near Maitland; specimen of sulphur and siliceous deposit from near Tarawera, New Zealand. By Professor Smith, M.D.

A chicken with 4 legs (lusus naturæ). Skull of phascogale penicillata. Eggs of cracticus destructor (4). Eggs of colluricincla harmonica (2). Eggs and nest of seisura inquieta. About 140 specimens of coleoptera, of the genera onthophagus, emus, brachinus, &c., from Chatworth, New South Wales. By Mr. M. Stephenson.

A specimen of cannel coal, from Russell's mines, Stoney Creek, West Maitland. Also, a gordius. By H. C. Russell, Esq.

A female cuculus inornatus. Egg of xema jamesoni; 2 asterias; 2 eggs of rails; 25 shells from Wide Bay and Port Curtis. By Master W. Watt.

A cystocola exilis, and a scolopax australis, from Cook's River. By Mr. Eli Waller.

5 nests and eggs of Australian birds. By Mr. F. G. West.

A specimen of gold and quartz. By Miss Martha Wall.

Skin of rallus pectoralis, from Ryde. By Rev. G. E. Turner.

Specimens of crustacea, from Cabbage-tree Reef, of the general alphæus, dromia, hippolyte, grapsus, &c. By the Secretary.

THE SURFACE DIGGINGS AT MAJOR'S CREEK.

(From Goulburn Herald.)

THE OLD CREEK is again showing evident signs of prosperity. The last month's rain sadly interfered with the different workings, particularly the sluicing. This week's fine weather has caused some gold to be sold. The stores were all well filled on Saturday evening, which is a sure sign of prosperity. I cannot give you the names of any party in particular, but all until the late rains were doing a very fair stroke, say from £4 to £10 per week.

THE NEW RUSH.—Quite a pretty little excitement was caused by Joe, the dairyman's boy, finding gold, in the road on the Long Flat, close to the Racecourse, in payable quantities. The news and a few pennyweights of gold were brought into the creek on Thursday. A few started the same day. Most of them procured gold in payable quantities, but Friday was the day for the rush. Something like 80 or 100 were prospecting, and many struck it. Amongst the most fortunate are Joe himself, Backhouse, Fitzgerald, Coles, Morris, and O'Brien's boys. Those struck and marked out their claims, and some of them rocked out over one ounce the same day. This may be called a new gold-field, although it is only a quarter of a mile from the old creek. It is situated on the western fall of the range, and finally falls into the Back Creek. It is table-land digging, and will, no doubt, end in some deeper sinking and more permanent ground being found than the present. Water will be scarce, but the stuff will pay to cart in most claims. The present claims are on a mound running down from the range. There are several other likely looking hills or mounds all round, and, no doubt, will be found quite as good when prospected. The present digging is only from the grass to eighteen inches deep, some two feet. The best is about a foot deep; this is fine surfacing. I think the place will get a good trial; the diggers generally have a good opinion of it; it is Government land.

GOLD.—We have inspected some specimens of gold from Reedy Creek, taken from a spot contiguous to the deep sinking shaft to which we have lately referred, in the possession of Mr. Strachan, of this town. The gold, which is of extremely pure quality, weighed twenty-three ounces nine pennyweights, and was the result of the labours of six men during the space of a week. The diggings varied from three to seven feet in depth, and it is stated that the precious ore is thickly scattered over the adjacent ground.—*Bathurst Free Press.*

THE MAIL CONTRACTS.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—In your leading article of this day's issue, you have in the most unjustifiable and malicious manner connected my name with the Albury mail contract, and as you at all times indulge your spleen, particularly when aimed at the Cowper Ministry, I must not be thin-skinned, and will be content to bear a part of your vituperation.

As an editor of a journal, and an inquiry about to be instituted, it would have been better had you been silent upon the matter, and more particularly as you have written now only from ex parte statements.

But to let the public judge, I will state what actually did occur. "Messrs. Garry and Sheahan tendered for the conveyance of these mails, asking me as their agent to look after their tender, and to be one of their sureties; and from the confidence I had in them, consented willingly to do so; but from some unaccountable influence behind the scenes, a tender for some hundreds of pounds higher was recommended by the Postmaster-General, and Mr. Cowper seeing this, very naturally enquired whether Messrs. Garry and Sheahan were responsible, or not, to carry out what they had tendered for, or what could justify so improper a preference."

Now, what all this had to do with the votes of my father as an independent member of the Legislative Assembly, I am at a loss to know; and can therefore only attribute your illnatured insinuations to a covert motive to indulge in an attack upon the present Government.

How you came to designate the particular tender as the "Egan tender," can only be attributed to a refinement of malice, to serve some party purpose, and to me is as contemptible as your article in this day's issue must be to yourself and the public.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

JOHN P. EGAN.

THE JUDGES AND THE EMPIRE.

To the Editor of the Sydney Morning Herald.

SIR,—A very ill-natured leading article, redeemed by no good quality that I can discover, appears in this morning's *Empire*, on the subject of the Judges. The writer is wrong as to most of his facts, and unjust in all his conclusions; as the following short statement will show. Let him ponder over and digest it at leisure. He will be neither the less spiteful, nor the more accurate, for the correction; but the rod should be administered notwithstanding.

First. He says that a blunder was committed in the Judges' Salary Act; and that it was neither rectified, nor discovered, by the "hypercritics" of the Legislative Council. Sir, no blunder was committed in that Act:—none certainly in the *Bill*. It conferred a certain salary, from the first day of January "next"—having passed the Assembly in November, and the Council early in last December. But, either from delay in presenting the measure to the Governor, or from his Excellency's delay in considering it, the Act did not receive the Royal assent until the 2nd or 3rd January. The mistake was instantly observed:—but the measure having then become law, how was the Legislative Council (I should like to know) to rectify the inadvertency?

So that the scribe has indulged his spleen, at the expense on his part of two gross misrepresentations. He then observes, that the payment of the increased salaries before 1858 was (because of that mistake) illegal. The gentleman however has here committed a blunder, more injurious to his party than falsehood. He admits that the additional salaries were *intended* to take effect, (a fact which no one could doubt), from the beginning of 1857. Where then was the impropriety which he insinuates, on the part of the late Ministry, or others, in acting on the intention of the Legislature? Would it have been honest to take advantage of a mere mistake of that nature? But the economical members of the Assembly, it seems, are not so scrupulous. They simply, according to this writer, abstained from opposing the recent vote in the Assembly, because they did not feel "*called upon*" to take that advantage. It is actually deemed necessary to apologise for his friends, that they did not on that occasion disgrace themselves by a low quibble.

The *Empire's* second topic is the "Return of New Trials" ordered by the Supreme Court, laid before the Assembly on the motion of Mr. Forster. The writer complains that only one of the Judges complied with the desire of the House, that the "*reasons*" of the several New Trials should be stated. But the unlucky man has again committed a blunder. He himself cites the words of Mr. Forster's motion; and thereby furnishes his own refutation. It runs (as to this point) thus:—"the reasons, *if on record*, succinctly stated, why in each case the New Trial was granted." The answer to the *Empire's* charge, therefore, is obvious. The learned gentleman who desired the Return, which the House to gratify him ordered, was too kindly disposed to the Judges, whom he has under his especial protection, to expect *them* to supply that document. He knew very well, that the Return would necessarily be furnished by their Officers; who perhaps might know, but who probably would not, the reasons which he wished to ascertain—doubtless for the most friendly purposes. Mr. Forster, therefore, asked for these reasons only *if on record*. And, as the reasons never are on record, the Officer had of course none to supply.

The "*Order*" consequently was strictly complied with. One of the Judges, indeed, not noticing its terms, may have furnished the additional particulars; but he was assuredly not asked to do so. The other Judges, perhaps, had not sufficient time to undertake, or the necessary materials to accomplish, the task. Or they may have thought it prudent, knowing Mr. Forster's literary attainments and accuracy, to construe the terms of his motion as they found them; and not presume to amend a direction, evidently framed with great care, and which, therefore, they might naturally conclude was perfect. Under such circumstances, it is really cruel in the *Empire* to invoke upon these unfortunates, all unconscious of offence, the wrath of his avenging Gods. The Assembly (so writes the scribe) will "not fail, some day or other, to show the Judges that the Representatives of the People are not to be slighted with impunity." Alas! it is too plain what is meant by these fearful words. But let us charitably hope that, before the denunciation be actually accomplished, a day of grace may be given; that the Oracle will graciously be pleased, ere the axe falls, to say what he meant by his mandate; that this meaning may then, in mercy, be communicated to the accused; and that they may be permitted (on their knees, of course,) to correct their past deficiencies—and make, if possible, their peace.

I am, &c.,

A LAW STUDENT.

7th November.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. THOMAS GARDINER, are invited to attend the funeral of his deceased wife, ELIZABETH; to move from his residence, Jacques' Wharf, Sussex-street, THIS (Wednesday) AFTERNOON, at a quarter to 3 o'clock. JAMES CURTIS, undertaker, Hunter-street.

FUNERAL.—The Friends of Mr. CHARLES PEARCE are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, the procession to move from his late residence, Cooper-street, Surry Hills, on THURSDAY AFTERNOON, at three o'clock precisely. RICHARD HANSLOW, undertaker, No. 778, George-street South.

JOHN WARD having appropriated moneys due to me, my Customers and the Public are respectfully cautioned not to pay him anything on my account, as he left my service this day. WM. J. LEER, butcher, 10, South Head Road. Sydney, November 11th.

DEAFNESS and DEFECTIVE VISION.—The Organic Vibrator, an extraordinary powerful, small newly-invented instrument for deafness, entirely different from all others, to surpass anything of the kind that has been produced, being of the same colour as the skin, is not perceptible. It enables deaf persons to hear distinctly at church and public assemblies. The unpleasant sensation of singing noises in the ear is entirely removed, and it affords all the assistance that can possibly be desired.

THE EYESIGHT.—INVALUABLE NEWLY-INVENTED SPECTACLES.—Mr. De LISSA, the branch firm of S. and B. Solomons, of Piccadilly, London, opticians to the Royal Family. The optical improvements made by this firm, by their valuable tinted glasses, enable persons of advanced age to read with ease, and to distinguish the most minute object. Their glasses have this advantage over spectacles in common use—the vision is strengthened and preserved, and the eye kept at its required temperature.

SYDENHAM GLASSES for the waistcoat pocket of extraordinary power.

☞ Mr. DE LISSA, optician and aurist, 253, George-street, 2 doors from King-street. At home from 10 till 6. N.B.—Consulting and Show-rooms on the first floor.

TESTIMONIAL PLATE!—THOMAS E. RUDD begs to inform his friends and the public, that the Testimonial Emu Vase (pronounced by competent judges to be the most exquisite piece of work yet turned out in the colonies) is now finished, and on exhibition at his establishment, 199, George street.

TO MY OLD FRIENDS and the PUBLIC.—A report having been circulated that I had retired from business, I beg to state I have done nothing of the kind, but continue to supply a first-rate article, full weight, and prompt delivery. H. R. WHITTELL.—N.B. The best Newcastle coal always on hand, screened, and each bag weighed. Bathurst-street Coal Yard, right hand side.

NEW FASHIONABLE MILLINERY.—Mrs. SPEERS has just added to the show-room some very choice millinery bonnets, already containing a great variety, such as crinoline, horsehair, and other fashionable material, suitable for the season, also dress caps, morning bonnets, &c., &c. An early inspection from her friends and the ladies of Sydney, she trusts will ensure their favors. 169, George-street, three doors from Hunter-street.

WEBB'S, 41, King-street.—Just opened, several cases of Crinoline, Bugle, Rice, and whole Straw Bonnets.

WEBB'S, 41, King-street.—Just opened, a case of Leghorn Hats and Bonnets—the latest designs.

WEBB'S, 41, King-street.—Just opened, a case of French Millinery, of the most choice description.

WEBB'S, 41, King-street.—Just opened, several cartoons of very choice French Flowers, of every description.

WEBB'S, 41, King-street.—Just opened, several cartoons of Mourning and Wedding Flowers.

WEBB'S, 41, King-street.—Every description of Fancy and Leghorn Bonnets Cleaned and Altered.

OUTFITS, OUTFITS.—Just opened, one case of very superior Underclothing. Mrs. SHARP'S, 80, South Head Road.

JUST OPENED, 20 dozen of children's Frocks, 1s. 9d. each, also 1 case of very choice goods, in white and coloured jean pelisses. Mrs. SHARP'S, 80, South Head Road.

JUST OPENED, a lot of children's Sun Bonnets, at 1s. 11d. Mrs. SHARP'S, 80, South Head Road.

SUMMER HATS, SUMMER HATS.—Just opened, seven cases of white felt, merino, and cashmere Hats, very cheap, at E. J. SCRIVENER'S, 226 and 228, New Buildings, George-street.

BEE-HIVE BOOT and SHOE WAREHOUSE, 115, South Head Road.—The undersigned, in returning thanks for past favour, begs to inform his friends and the public that he has disposed of his interest in the above business to his eldest son, who will in future conduct it on his own account. J. M. ILLIDGE, Sen. Sydney, 9th November.

BEE-HIVE BOOT and SHOE WAREHOUSE, 115, South Head Road.—The undersigned begs to inform his friends and the public that he has purchased the above business of his father, and now commences the world on his own account. He trusts that his conduct while in the management for the last two or three years has been such as to win the good opinion of those who have so kindly patronised him, and hopes that he shall yet secure by upright dealing the confidence and support of a large connection. J. M. ILLIDGE, Jun. Sydney, 9th November.

GOOD NEWS for Private Families and Old Bachelors!—250 boxes, 25 lbs. each, Price's Patent Candles, sound and good, 1s. 2½d. per lb., by the box. WILLIAM ALLEN and CO., Sydney Tea Mart, 317, George-street.

BABY JUMPERS! Baby Jumpers!—Fine exercise for your children!—Better than nursing.—Just received, ex Vimeira, one case of superior Baby Jumpers, at reduced prices, at T. LUSTY'S, 443, Wilshire-buildings, George-street South.

TO CRICKETERS.—Clapshaw's Patent Registered Wickets, in cases, at T. LUSTY'S, 443, Wilshire-buildings.

SYDNEY IRON BEDSTEAD WAREHOUSE.—On SALE,

Tubular and solid post iron bedsteads (all sizes)
Palliasses, hair, cocoa-fibre, flock, and flax mattresses
Swing cots, children's cribs, bolsters, pillows, &c.
Kent's patent portable mangles, corn crackers
Corn shellers, single and double boring machines
Collins' genuine axes, pick and axe handles, brooms
American cast steel shovels, tubs in nests, buckets
Wood and zinc wash-boards, churns, hydraulic presses
Cooking stoves, seed planters, door mats
Flour pails, brass hoop cedar buckets, chairs.

T. GRIFFITHS, 415, George-street, corner of Bathurst-street.

SPLENDID POLISHED CEDAR Cornice Poles, with fittings, complete, cheap. ARTLETT, William-street, Sydney end. Best Horsehair Mattresses, cocoanut fibre and flax ditto, at the lowest prices.

TO COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, DRAPERS, &c.—The remaining Portion of an open Stock of Drapery, &c., selling off by the undersigned, who are retiring from the colonial branch of their business. EDE, BROTHERS, and CO., 36, Wynyard-lane.

BUILDING MATERIALS, Wholesale and Retail.—Colonial hardwood, deals, pine, cement, post and rails, palings, laths, shingles, slates, doors and sashes, and every description of building and wheelwrights' materials always on hand, at moderate prices, in quantities to suit purchasers, at THOMAS MATTHEWS and CO.'S, Travers' Wharf, next to Brodie and Craigs', Barker-street, Bathurst-street.

WAKE UP, CABBIES.—If you want to Rent a Carriage, apply to HOLT and M'CORMACK, 267 and 269, Castlereagh-street.

THE UNDERSIGNED have on SALE,
A superior lot of timber—ash, oak, hickory, and light wood, lance wood, and ash shafts
Gig and dogcart lamps
Springs, scroll irons, and axles
⅜ and ½-inch silver beads, and all sorts of plated carriage furniture.

HOLT and M'CORMACK, 267 and 269, Castlereagh-street.

FOR SALE, at HOLT and M'CORMACK'S Coach Factory, 267 and 269, Castlereagh-street, a few very superior articles, comprising carriages, gigs, dogcarts, sociables, spring carts, &c.

COPPER-FASTENED GIG for SALE, now lying off the Circular Quay. Apply to J. J. N. CLARK, Bon Accord store.

EX LIGHT OF THE AGE.—Dey, Payne, and Co.'s No. 3 Ale; XXX Stout. J. J. N. CLARK, Bon Accord Stores, Circular Quay.

MILK PUNCH.—ANDREWS' celebrated. Apply 35, Victoria-street, Woolloomooloo. Established 1834.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT and PILLS.—Impurities of the blood are often developed in fearful eruptions, ulcers, tumors, scrofulous sores, boils, and other external affections. For all these distressing and dangerous complaints Holloway's ointment is literally a healing balsam. It neutralizes the "materies morbi," or seeds of disease in the exterior secretions, and dispels the inflammation. Nature does the rest. The experience of every human being who has tested the efficacy of the ointment is the same. It has never failed. When the internal organs are alone affected, as in liver complaint, dyspepsia, and irregularities of the bowels, a few doses of the pills afford certain and permanent relief. Sold at the establishment of Professor Holloway, 244, Strand (near Temple Bar), London, and 80, Maiden-lane, New York; also, by all respectable druggists and dealers in medicines throughout the civilised world, and in all parts of Australia, at the following prices:—1s. 3d., 3s. 3d., and 5s. each pot. ☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes. N.B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each pot.

WATSON'S Unparalleled Worm Powders. Price 1s. each; may be had wholesale and retail, at the Drug Stores, 440, Brickfield-hill, and of all respectable storekeepers throughout the colony.

SPRING CART, and Harness, nearly new, for SALE, at FERRIS' Stores, Pitt-street, near Theatre.

HANKS and COMPANY'S Wholesale Grocery and provision stores, No. 7, Wynyard-street, Wynyard-square.—Storekeepers, settlers, and the trade, supplied at the lowest marketable rates of the day, thereby effecting for the ready-money buyer a very considerable saving. Parties at a distance will do well to remit. The same attention guaranteed as though a personal inspection took place. A trial is solicited to prove our assertion.

A. A. CO.'S best screened Coals; Firewood, in short billets. E. J. BLAXLAND, Albion Wharf.

LIME.—BLAXLAND'S superior kiln-burnt screened Lime may be now had in any quantity, for cash, at the following reduced prices:—

At the kilns, Newington, at ...	1s. 4d. per bushel.	
At the Lodge, Parramatta Road,	1s. 6d.	ditto.
Mr. J. Good, Cornstalk Inn, Parramatta	1s. 6d.	ditto.
Delivered on the river or harbour,	1s. 6d.	ditto.
At the Albion Wharf, Sydney ...	1s. 4d.	ditto.

Unless the bags are returned, a charge of 8d. each will be made. The superiority of this lime is manifest by the increasing demand, with a full saving of 2d. per bushel to purchasers by its freedom from sand (the sand becoming vitrified by being burnt in close kilns; also, of water and labour, from its being slacked and screened fit for immediate use.

COUNTRY Buyers of Furniture, Bedding, Bedsteads, &c., are invited to inspect the stock now on hand at Wm. DEAN'S Cabinet Warerooms, Market-street. Experienced packers.

☞ Note the address:—DEAN'S Furniture Warehouse, Old City Theatre, Market-street.

TO BUILDERS and others.—200 colonial doors and sashes for SALE, and all kinds of joiners' work executed on the shortest notice, and staircases made for the trade. Handrails prepared and fixed to stairs. Apply to THOMAS BAKER, at Mr. J. Booth's Timber Yard, Balmain, or Erskine-street, Sydney. An Apprentice wanted, in or out of doors.

COALS. COALS. COALS.—Best Newcastle Coals, at J. SHOOBERT'S, Maitland Wharf, Sussex-street.

TINWARE.—Storekeepers and shippers requiring the above, can be supplied in any quantity, cheap, at FOY'S manufactory, Hamilton-lane, Hunter-street, Sydney. N.B.—Country orders carefully packed.

BRICKS, BRICKS, BRICKS.—40,000 well-burned Newtown Bricks, the balance of a kiln, to be sold to pay an advance. Terms, cash. £3 12s. 6d. per 1000. J. T. GROCOTT and CO., 55, King-street.

FOR SALE, Timber and Firewood, now lying upon 500 acres of land, near Homebush, Parramatta Road. The land affords excellent grass and also well adapted for cultivation. The above will be let in one lot or 100 acres each. Parties can have a lease for a term of years. Apply Mr. E. BOWEN, 29, Bathurst-street, near Kent-street.

FOR SALE, an excellent Milch Cow with her calf, three days old, very quiet. Enquire 192, Sussex-street, two doors south of Liverpool-street.

200 FEMALE CATTLE.—For SALE, by Private Bargain, (200) Two Hundred Head Female Cattle, six months old to aged, from the well-known Weranga herd, formerly the property of John Crowder, Esq., one of the best judges of cattle in the colony. It is scarcely necessary to add that the cattle are all remarkably quiet, and all the young stock are the progeny of pure-bred Durham bulls. These cattle will be ready for delivery on station early in March, 1858. Early application is necessary to Messrs. BENJAMIN BUCHANAN and CO., 21, Macquarie-place, Sydney; or to J. HOOKE, Weranga.

TO BE DISPOSED OF, an old established Business in the tin and ironmongery line. Apply to Mr. JOSEPH SUTTON, Lower George-street. None but principals need apply.

TWO-ROOM COTTAGE for SALE. Price £40. Situate opposite Wesleyan Chapel, Pitt-street, Redfern. Apply, Mr. BEVERLEY SMITH, Devonshire-street, Sydney.

TO BE SOLD by private contract the undermentioned Freehold Property, situate about three minutes' walk from the Burwood Railway Station:—A Five-roomed VERANDAH HOUSE, quite newly built, with a kitchen, and flower garden fenced in with palisadings in front; good water, &c.

Inquire for particulars at Mr. BERGER'S, Burwood Station; or at the Hamburgh Hotel, 40, King-street, Sydney.

VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY for PRIVATE SALE.—Four valuable allotments, having a frontage of 126 feet 7 inches to Macquarie-street, with same frontage to Circular Quay. They have excellent stone upon them for building purposes, which must be of great acquisition to a purchaser, as the cost of building must thereby be very considerably decreased, and they are in such position that the mercantile community cannot but place the highest possible value upon them for business purposes, because of their proximity to the shipping.

The price is extremely low, as the owner is to leave the colony immediately, and the terms are such as to meet the means of any persons disposed to purchase.

For particulars apply to MURIEL and MILLER, 232, George-street.

A BARGAIN.—To LET, an old-established Public-house, with yard and stabling, doing a good trade. No bonus. Fixtures, &c., to be taken at valuation. Apply to Mr. PENNY, chemist and druggist, Parramatta-street.

A LARGE SHOP, suitable for offices, or a wholesale business, and Stable TO LET. 5, Bridge-street.

A ROOM TO LET, No. 16, Clarence-street, Church Hill.

APARTMENTS Furnished, or Board and Residence, for two or three gentlemen. For terms apply Mr. SMITH, chemist, William-street.

APARTMENTS, with Board, whole or partial, at 95, Macquarie-street.

APARTMENTS TO LET in all parts of Sydney. CHARLES H. LONG, Hunter-st., over Wilcox's.

APARTMENTS, with Board, for single gentlemen, with a private family. Apply 53, King-street.

APARTMENTS to LET, Furnished or Unfurnished, No. 35, Harrington-street, near Church-hill.

APARTMENTS TO LET, Furnished or Unfurnished, 77, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

A LADY and GENTLEMAN, or Two Gentlemen, can be accommodated with respectable Board and Residence, on reasonable terms. Apply to Mrs. HENFREY, 196, George-street.

A LADY and GENTLEMAN without encumbrance, or Two Gentlemen, can be accommodated with board and residence in a respectable family on the North Shore, close to the ferry. Apply at Mr. DAVY'S, bootmaker, Blue's Point.

BOARD AND RESIDENCE, at Miss WHITE'S, 66, Macquarie-street, opposite the Domain Gate.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, at No. 1, College Buildings, Jamison-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, or Furnished Apartments, may be had at No. 5, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

BOARD and RESIDENCE at Mrs. ATKINSON'S, 18, Cumberland-street, in an extremely healthy situation.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for Families and Gentlemen. Bedford House, 208, Elizabeth-street. Mrs. SIMPSON.

BOARD and RESIDENCE.—Gentlemen requiring the above will find a cheerful and comfortable home in a family at Woolloomooloo. The house is detached and delightfully situated in a large garden. Address F. G., Mr. BUTLER'S, draper, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

COMMERCIAL CHAMBERS, opposite the Exchange, Pitt-street.—Offices to LET.

CHAMBERS.—TO LET, as chambers, the House in Elizabeth-street, near the Supreme Court House, Sydney, with the exception of two rooms reserved as offices by Mr. Dillon, to whom apply, on the premises, No. 60.

CORNER SHOP to LET, in a good situation. Apply at Foresters' Arms, Glebe.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, 55, Elizabeth-street North.

GENTEEL BOARD and RESIDENCE for One or Two Single Gentlemen, in Shepherd's Paddock, near the University. For particulars enquire at the White Swan, Newtown Road.

HOUSES to LET.—Five rooms, 12s; three rooms, 9s. Mr. THOMAS, grocer, Bay-street.

NOTICE TO WORKING MEN and Small Capitalists.—First-rate Building Allotments to LET, at Upper Paddington, for 99 years, from one shilling per week ground rent. For particulars apply to J. KINGSTON, No. 1, William and Victoria streets; or to Mr. J. W. ELLIS, Point Piper Road.

KINGSTON ESTATE, Newtown.—Several of the best Allotments will be LET on easy terms, on building leases. Apply to TEMPLETON and JONES, solicitors, 221, George-street.

ON THE SEA SIDE.—Comfortable quarters for two Gentlemen of quiet habits. Spacious verandahs; vessels of all kinds passing; within five minutes walk of the Circular Quay, and quite private. Enquire at the "Iron Cottages," Lower Fort-street, back of Flavelle's houses.

PUBLIC-HOUSE TO BE LET.—The Inn at Carlisle Gully, New England, situate between Armidale and Tamworth, on the great Northern Road, and 18 miles from the Rocky River gold-fields. The improvements are very extensive and complete, all in good repair, consisting of detached kitchen, dry-store, granary, six-stall stable (floored and lofted), all quite new; gighouse, stockyard, good garden substantially railed, and inside the garden is a small cottage of two rooms, used as a schoolroom or nursery. Small lucerne paddock, cultivation paddock of 20 acres, large grass paddock of about 200 acres, all substantially fenced, and well watered. The proprietor has held a publican's license for eight years, and during that time the house has done a first-rate trade, and from the central position of this inn it must always command a good business, in fact this property is so well known that it requires no comment; but any person with common industry must make a fortune. The Inn will be let with or without the furniture. Early application is necessary; none but respectable parties will be treated with. There will also be LET the Blacksmith's Forge, a full set of good tools, and a large stock of useful iron; the forge and tools will be let separate. Apply to W. STITT, Carlisle Gully.

PUBLIC HOUSES to LET. For particulars apply to CHARLES H. LONG, Hunter-st., over Wilcox's.

PARTIAL Board and Residence for Single Gentlemen, at Pyrmont. Apply WEBB'S, 41, King-street.

PRIVATE BOARD and LODGING for two single Gentlemen; every convenience and comfort afforded. Situated near the Circular Quay. Address A. Q. Z., HERALD Office.

RAINBOW TAVERN, Pitt and King streets.—To LET, the above establishment, with the expensive fittings in whole or in part. As a guarantee what a business man can make in this establishment speaks for itself, particularly when the undersigned informs the public that a few weeks ago he offered Mr. Jacob Myers the sum of £5000 for his remaining interest in the lease of the Rainbow Tavern, also stock to be paid for in cash at market price, which was refused on account of its not being near its value. For particulars apply to ALFRED TOOGOOD, Pitt and King streets.

STORAGE for 250 Tons of Free Goods. J. J. N. CLARK, Circular Quay.

TO BE LET or SOLD, that commodious Family Residence, at Miller's Point, now in the occupation of the Lord Bishop of Sydney. Purchasers will be treated with upon very liberal terms. Apply to H. K. JAMES.

TO LET, a double-bedded Room—use of Sitting-room, at 157, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

TO LET, Cottage; 7 rooms. Particulars, apply to Mr. MADER, stationer, George-street.

TO LET, the House in Hunter-street now in the occupation of Mr. Wilcox; also, the Store known as Beames and Keele's, in Hunter-street, between George and Pitt streets. Apply to JOSEPH SIMMONS, junior, Britannia Hotel, Pitt-street.

TO LET, in the most business part of George-street, the half of a Shop, with large room above, suitable for any fancy business. Apply to Mr. THOMSON, 368, Brickfield-hill.

TO LET, on Woolloomooloo Hill, a House of nine rooms. Apply, by letter, to Mr. MITCHELL, Darling Point.

TO LET, Two Cottages, Chelsea-street, Surry Hills. Apply on the premises, to CHARLES DRAKE.

TO LET, at Redfern, House, six rooms—16s. Apply Mr. LEE, St. Arnaud House, Pitt-street, Redfern.

TO LET, in Liverpool-street, Shop and Dwelling, and vacant Ground. W. REDMAN, solicitor, York-st.

TO LET, a Commodious Shop in Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo. Also, a comfortable Cottage, in Duke-street. Apply to Messrs. WEAVER and KEMP, architects, 42, Pitt-street.

TO LET, that large business House, No. 1, Park-street, first door from George-street, lately occupied by Mr. Allen, grocer, containing a large double shop, six rooms, and detached kitchen; gas and water laid on; back entrance, yard, and sheds if necessary, with extensive cellarage, suitable for a wine merchant. Apply at Dr. MOFFITT'S, 15, Castlereagh-street North, before 10 a.m. or after 6 p.m.

TO LET, an excellent Dwelling-house, containing eight lofty rooms, overlooking Port Jackson; watercloset up stairs; servants' offices on basement, and water laid on. Apply to Mr. PELHAM, on the premises, 3, Mylne-buildings, Cumberland-street North.

TO LET, the Newington Slip, situated on the Parramatta River, laid down on an improved plan, and capable of taking up vessels of 100 tons. Terms, liberal, with many advantages. E. J. BLAXLAND, Albion Wharf.

TO LET, at Newington, Parramatta Road, Two very good Grass Paddocks, one 75 and the other 100 acres, cleared, fenced in with substantial fence, with the use of a good drafting yard and small paddock; an abundant supply of water, and only eleven miles from Sydney. Apply NEWINGTON; or E. J. B., Albion Wharf, Sydney.

TO LET, at Newington, near Duck River, Six Cottages, two rooms each; rent moderate. Apply NEWINGTON.

TO LET, at Newington, on the Parramatta Road, 15 one-acre Allotments, for the term of 7 years, at £4 each per annum. Apply at NEWINGTON.

TO LET, a Shop, in York-street, next to Our Lyceum Theatre. Apply at Mr. RANDLE'S Office, High-street, Sydney.

TO LET, on the Parramatta Road, and a few minutes walk from the Sydney University—that newly-built stone house in the garden of Mr. J. B. JONES; it contains every convenience for a family residence. Apply on the premises.

TO LET, the Extensive Stores, with Dwelling-house attached, situated Lower George-street, lately occupied by the undersigned. MITCHELL and CO., Circular Quay.

TO LET, in Clarence-street, a Cottage, with immediate possession. Apply Mr. RANDLE'S Office, High-st.

TO LET, a Cottage within two minutes' walk of the Newtown Railway Station. Apply at Mr. RANDLE'S Office, High-street, Sydney.

TO LET, Three Houses in Wynyard-square, situate near Messrs. Spyer and Co.'s, and now ready for occupation. Apply to SAMUEL DAVIS, Exhibition Hotel, corner of Pitt and Market streets.

TO LET, those first-class Premises, situate in New Pitt-street, near the Exchange, at present occupied by Messrs. Sichel and Co.; they can be taken as a whole, but being particularly eligible for subdivision, may be let as separate tenancies, for offices of public companies, or to private individuals, the proprietor being willing to make alterations to suit the convenience of permanent tenants. Possession to be had on the 1st January next. For further particulars apply to JOHN RITCHIE, 57, Pitt-street.

TO BE LET, and may be entered immediately, in a populous neighbourhood, situate at the corner of Castlereagh and Goulburn streets, a good and roomy premises, adapted for any extensive business, comprising a large store or shop, with cellarage, parlour, spacious upper rooms, kitchen, stabling, yard, well enclosed, water, and every convenience for a family: secure back entrance to the whole. Apply on the premises, or to Mr. PLOMER, at his residence adjoining. Terms, moderate.

TO LET, No. 7, Forbes-street, next door to Papelli-terrace, containing five rooms; kitchen, large yard, and water laid on. Rent 24s. per week. Apply next door, to Mr. EDWARDS, grocer, &c.

TO LET, and for SALE, Houses of every description and various localities; also Allotments of Land in the suburbs, &c. Apply to J. D. LANKESTER, 235, George-street, down the gateway.

TO LET, a Public-house, in one of the leading thoroughfares of the southern end of the city, doing a lucrative business, at the low rent of £150 per annum; the present lease having 4½ years to run.

The house consists of nine rooms, including a handsomely fitted bar, with every requisite. The whole or a portion of the furniture may be taken at a valuation, at the option of the purchaser.

The above affords an opportunity for any industrious person with a small capital deriving a comfortable competence. For full particulars apply to F. R. RISHWORTH, auctioneer, No. 290, George-street, next Australian Joint Stock Bank.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS.—A Front Parlour and one or two Bedrooms, with water and use of kitchen. 54, Prince-street.

WILLIAM-STREET, WOOLLOOMOOLOO.—To LET, at a moderate rental, a Shop, situated in the best part of William-street. The improvements consist of a shop front, large stores, a stable, &c., which will become the bona fide property of the incoming tenant for the sum of £150. Further particulars of BURGIS and BOWES, 284, George-street.

SYDNEY MORNING HERALD.—CASH TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

Two lines	One shilling.
Four ditto	Two shillings.
Six ditto	Three shillings.
Eight ditto	Four shillings.

And 3d. (three-pence) per line for every additional line to each insertion.

SUBSCRIPTION—£4 per annum in advance.

*** All advertisements under six lines will be charged 2s. to advertiser's account, if booked.

SYDNEY: Printed and published by JOHN FAIRFAX AND SONS, at the Office of the "Sydney Morning Herald," Pitt and Hunter streets, Wednesday, November 11, 1857.